YOUR ADVERTISEMENT
—IN—
The Post-Dispatch
Reaches MORE People in St. Louis and Suburbs Than Through Any Other 2 Papers Combined.
TRY IT.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

The Sunday Post-Dispatch Guarantees to Advertisers a city circulation twice as large, and Daily 3 times as large as the Republic.
CITY CIRCULATION.

PRICE, FIVE CENTS.
BY CARRIER, FIFTEEN CENTS A WEEK.

ST. LOUIS, FRIDAY EVENING, MAY 1, 1891.—TEN PAGES.

VOL. 42.—NO. 185.

MAY DAY IN EUROPE

Troops Under Arms Prevent an Anarchist Outbreak in Paris.

THREE HUNDRED "DANGEROUS CHARACTERS" IMPRISONED.

A Very Quiet Day in London—Orderly Meetings and Marchings the Rule in the Chief Industrial Centers—Threatened Trouble in Barcelona and Marseilles—The Day's Events.

PARIS, May 1.—The city of Paris on this day, anxiously looked forward to in many quarters, presents its usual smiling aspect with the exception that there is a stir somewhat more lively than usual in the quarters which are inhabited by the artisans, laborers and miner classes of employes. The weather at this hour (9 a. m.) is unsettled, and all the usual traffic is running smoothly and without any outward signs that this state of affairs will be disturbed during the course of the day.

Troops of cavalry throughout the past night steadily patrolled the Socialist quarters, the clanking of sabers and the clang of the iron-shod hoofs of the troopers' horses giving the streets of those districts that peculiar air and flavor which was so familiar to Parisians during the period which immediately followed the suppression of the commune. Paris, in fact, seemed to be in an active state of siege, for in addition to the cavalry and police patrols, the many infantry regiments now garrisoned in this city were held under arms, with rifles loaded, throughout the night, and they are still in readiness at a moment's notice to occupy the strategic positions previously assigned to them.

ANARCHISTS UNDER ARREST.

The police are not idle, even if the troops are being mainly relied upon to quell any possible disturbance. Acting upon the theory that an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure, the police yesterday evening arrested about 300 Anarchists, Socialists and other persons coming under the category of "dangerous characters." These men will be held as prisoners until all signs of danger have passed, in order to prevent them from inciting riots or in any other way taking steps which might lead to a disturbance of the peace. The police have also made several arrests of persons shouting "Vive la revolution!" and "Vive la anarchie!" The presence of several suspected emissaries of Boulanger was detected in Paris last night, and the police have been keeping a close watch on them. The circulars calling on the soldiers to side with the revolution on May 1 have been traced to the Anarchist League, several members of which have been arrested. The circulars seem to have made no impression on the military, whose fidelity there is no cause to suspect. The French Cabinet is in session, watching the progress of events, and the usual guard at the Chamber of Deputies has been considerably strengthened to meet any offensive action on the part of the mob. M. Constans is represented as confident that his energetic action has prevented any attempt at insurrection, though no doubt is entertained that the Anarchist wing of the Socialists meditated an outbreak, which, they hoped, would end in revolution. The Government became aware of their plans in time to be prepared.

NO SIGNS OF REVOLUTION.

In order to ascertain, if possible, how much of fact there was behind the innumerable and conflicting rumors of the past week anent the May Day observances of the Louvriers of Paris, a press representative last night at a late hour strolled through those sections of the city in which are usually found the lurking places of social revolt. Externally he nowhere found anything to indicate the probability of trouble, as a consequence of the proposed meetings and other celebrations of the day. It is said, however, that the head of the great Paris police force inclines to the opinion that the chief mischief, if mischief is to be done, will be committed by those who have for months, in an unostentatious way, been conspiring to take advantage of the first overt act on the part of either mob or military to precipitate the much-heralded social revolution. There is, in this opinion, a suggestion that the amour propre of the police had been shocked by M. Constans' somewhat pronounced enunciation of his purpose to place his reliance on the army should imminent danger confront the State. Of course it is not to be forgotten that the place is Paris, and that the Minister of the Interior is M. Constans—a man who has never been accused of hesitating to look revolutionary Paris in the eye, or of fearing to clamp about its wrists, should occasion arise, the manacles of military repression. Neither can the fact be overlooked that the militant groups of the revolutionary party have been and are even at this moment open and persistent in their appeals to the troops of the Paris garrison to change the order of delivery of their fire should a contest between the soldiers and workmen unhappily take place to-day. The utterances of such extremists as Pere Bernard, and the fierce fulminations of the rabid "Jeunes and anti-Patriote" league, too have certainly exercised a depressing influence upon the Bourgeoise of the city. This fact is, however, neither new or strange; for although the middle-class Parisian has always proven himself to be in foreign wars, or in resisting invasion of his beloved country, a good soldier, whether serving under the monarchy, the empire or the republic, his thoughts by day and his dreams by night for many generations have been of an awful proletariat and an ensanguined banner. In the presence of this uncanny apparition he has shown himself nervous and timid to a degree.

THE SOCIALIST LEADER.

While the War Minister is directing attention to the tremendous military force now concentrated in and about Paris, and while the more belligerent journalists and leaders of the labor movement are assuring the people that assaults by the troops will be promptly and desperately resisted, it may not be without interest to hear what M. Vaillant has to say on the subject. Vaillant is a French Socialistic leader and represents the Pere la Chaise District in the Municipal Council of Paris. He is an earnest, courageous and able advocate of the theories of his party, a man wise in counsel and cool in the presence of great emergencies. M. Vaillant does not look for any serious trouble to-day. According to his view there will be great, but orderly meetings of workingmen held in the capital and elsewhere throughout the country. At these meetings the Government will be petitioned to assist in bringing about the speedy establishment of an eight-hour working day. In addition to this M. Vaillant says very plain statements will be made of the evils which afflict the producing classes, accompanied by vigorous demands for their abolition, but, he thinks, nothing more. When reference was made to the extraordinary reinforcement of the garrison of Paris he smiled and remarked that on May Day of last year it was estimated that not less than 67,000 soldiers were watching the events in which five times that number of wage earners were participating. "Yet," continued the socialistic councillor, "not one human being on the European continent was killed as a result of the May Day demonstrations." He was decided in his belief that neither in Paris or in the provinces of France would there be anything approaching a social revolution.

A BOMB EXPLODED.

1 p. m.—It is now raining here. All was quiet until about noon when there was a scene of great excitement in the vicinity of the Rue Berry. The cause of the tumult was a loud explosion which broke windows all around the locality mentioned. The streets, happily, were deserted at the time of the explosion. Consequently nobody was injured. No one seems to be able to explain the motive for this explosion, which is said to have been caused by a bomb or by dynamite cartridges. With this exception reports received at the Prefecture of Police from all other parts of Paris indicate that the day is passing quietly. The courtyard of the Chateau D'Eau Barracks is filled with cavalry waiting for the word to mount and sally forth upon disturbers of the peace. The stores along the boulevards are open and all is serene in the main thoroughfares. The Fauburg St. Antoine is quiet; there are no barricades anywhere raising their threatening fronts, nor does the gleam of a single revolutionary gun-barrel or bayonet flash in the Belleville Quarter or from the Heights of Montmartre.

INVOKING GOVERNMENT AID.

The crisis, if it ever existed so far as the May day demonstrations in Paris are concerned, would seem to have been safely passed. M. Floquet, President of the Chamber of Deputies, early in the day formally received a deputation of representatives of the Possibilits, made up in great part of members of the Marxist coalition and the Broussiert sectionaries. The deputation presented a memorial from the federal-socialistic organizations praying for the aid of the government in their efforts to secure an eight-hour working day and the general amelioration of the condition of the working classes. M. Floquet listened attentively and pledged the support of the Chamber to all reasonable measures of industrial and social reform. Later the President of the Chamber received a deputation of railway employes aad assured them that they might rely upon the sympathy and assistance of his colleagues and himself in their efforts to secure a reduction of the hours of labor.

ALL QUIET IN LONDON.

NO APPREHENSION OF TROUBLE—A HOLIDAY WITH ORDERLY PROCESSIONS.

LONDON, May 1.—The people of America will to-day, in all human probability, hear much more from the alarmist than of the Anarchist, so far as London is concerned. This opinion is expressed as the result of close observation, made by the representatives of the press of the attitude of organized labor in the British capital, an observation closely followed up for weeks until the present moment, when the various trades associations, every man dressed in his best, are quietly marching to their different rendezvous. If anything more than the quiet, self-contained bearing of the marching workingmen was necessary to warrant this prediction, it can easily be discovered in Oxford street, High Holborn, Regent street or the Strand. In those marts of trade the shops are all wide open, and men run briskly about their manifold affairs. Volumes could say no more for the prospects of a peaceful day than does the simple fact that the money changer is in his accustomed seat.

ONE YEAR AGO

It is not, however, too much to say that when May Day one year ago dawned, London, or at least that portion of its population variously and vaguely spoken of as the "law and order class," the "business interests," and the "substantial citizens," arose from restless slumbers to confront the issues of a doubtful time. A Tory administration, by no means too well intrenched in the affections of the people, was in power, trying by a singular and almost pathetic admixture of braggadocia and sycophancy to either terrorize or placate organized British labor, a thing of which it had little understanding, and for which it felt no real sympathy, for weeks, and up to the issuance of the last editions of the London evening papers of April 30, 1890, the conservative press of the country had been playing on the fears of its fox-hunting, well fed, but timid clientele, while its Liberal contemporaries had been assiduously coddling that fierce British radical sentiment of which it has been said that its revolutionary penultimate is found in an all-consuming desire on the part of the afflicted to "'eave a 'arf a brick" at the head of some one of Her Majesty's conservators for the peace. Harangues had been made by professional labor agitators and modest pleas for the maintenance of peace of the realm had been entered by snug philanthropists and people with money in the funds. So many evil things had been done and so many good things left undone, so much breath had been expended and so very little said; yet always with such a sounding of cymbals, whacking of tom-toms and flourishing of stink-pots, that some very conservative and ordinarily calm persons thought that the sunset of May day, 1890, might mark the close of a day very eventful in English history. Yet, what, as a matter of fact, happened after the whole Anglo-Saxon world had been aroused to the presumed gravity of the situation? Why, nothing; or next to nothing. A straggling procession of some 2,500 honest and inoffensive workmen were passing along the Thames embankment when those congenial spirits, the London "toughs" and the London "bobbies," came together and indulged in a slight exchange of the compliments of the season. It was a spectacle that amused the spectators, while resulting in only the most trifling damage to the thick skulls of the participants. That was all. No military demonstration; not even a glimpse of that gruesome thing, the bearskin of the recalcitrant British grenadier. On the morning of May 2, 1890, notwithstanding the meeting of Hyde Park discontented labor, the shopkeepers felt moderately certain that the monarchy was safe and, consequently, promptly fell back into the good old way of growling because its venerable head did not encourage their interests as they felt she should.

A VERY QUIET DAY.

This year there has been no feeling of anxiety or apprehension in connection with the observance of the great labor holiday; this, too, in spite of the facts that the events of the year in the workingman's world have been of a momentous character. The formidable dockyard strikes, the turmoil in the Scottish railways, the innumerable petty mining troubles and the recent upheaval among the Bradford spinners and weavers have all passed by, and yet the big city as a whole to-day looks for absolutely nothing in the shape of serious riot or disorder. There are, of course, croaking ravens, birds of ill omen, flying hither and thither with gloomy prophecies, but the great mass of the business people have come to the conclusion that such material social changes as are to come to England will come in a good old-fashioned, constitutional and eminently respectable British way, and not as the aftermath of the wage-earners' holiday.

Up to noon absolutely nothing has transpired to disturb in the slightest degree the peace of the city. Thousands of workingmen are voluntarily engaged in their usual vocations, while other thousands, with their wives and little ones, are making tremendous May-Day assaults upon the railway, tramway and steamboat officials in their efforts to get beyond London smoke and out where a glimpse can be had of the primrose and the cowslip. Meetings of labor organizations are being held in various parts of the city at which good-humored chaffing and fair speech-making divide the honors. There are no demonstrations by the troops and the policeman himself has, up to the present moment, enjoyed somewhat of a holiday. Drunken men are not plentiful and as the people are all bent on "moving on" of their own volition, the officers are quite unanimous in the noon reports of the condition of the metropolis.

IN CONTINENTAL CITIES.

PICNICKING IN GERMANY—NO DISTURBANCES IN ROME—AT OTHER CITIES.

BERLIN, May 1.—The weather is delightful, and the majority of the people are either peacefully at work or else preparing for a day of healthy holiday making in the shape of an out-of-town picnic. There seems to be no possibility of any disturbance. Reports received here from the provinces are of a similar character. Picnic parties seem to be the order of the day and no demonstrations of a turbulent character are anywhere reported. The Socialist papers in reference to May Day indicate that the Socialists will postpone the celebration of Labor Day until Sunday next.

THE DAY IN ITALY.

ROME, May 1.—May Day has opened very quietly in Rome. The shops were thrown open for business as usual, and the streets are filled with orderly holiday makers. There is at this hour no signs of disturbance in any part of the city. The news from the adjacent towns is to the general effect that the morning hours of the great labor day have passed without any disturbing incident having transpired.

A crowd composed of a thousand workingmen met this afternoon on the Piazza Savanarola in Florence. The police and military authorities, in anticipation of a disturbance, had occupied the piazza and its neighborhood with strong pickets of policemen and soldiers. During the progress of the meeting the speaker made a most violent and incendiary address, calling on the workmen present to plunder the houses of the wealthy classes. The police thereupon interfered, and after making a short, sharp and determined charge into the midst of the crowd arrested the man who was making these violent remarks. A tumult followed, and the workingmen began to handle the policemen roughly in an attempt to rescue the prisoner. Finally a squad of cavalry charged upon the rioters, causing the latter to rush in masses off the square. As the rioters retreated down the neighboring streets they broke the store windows right and left along the route of their flight. Several of those who were most prominent in the disturbance were arrested, and the stores throughout Florence have been closed, for it is feared that there may be further disturbances after nightfall.

IN AUSTRO-HUNGARY.

VIENNA, May 1.—In Vienna workingmen's meetings are held to-day, and this afternoon there was a demonstration by the white working population of Vienna in the Prater. The Hungarian Government has forbidden all demonstrations and processions to-day, and the police are vigilantly enforcing the order. State employes have been denied a holiday.

DISPERSED BY MILITARY.

MARSEILLES, May 1.—A socialistic demonstration took place here this morning. It was of a disorderly character and the Socialists taking part in it refused to disperse when ordered to do so by the local authorities. The result was that the services of the military were called for and they quickly scattered the Socialists, many of whom were arrested. Among the prisoners captured was M. Antide Boyer, the Socialist member of the Chamber of Deputies.

SERIOUS OUTLOOK AT BARCELONA.

MADRID, May 1.—This morning's telegrams from Barcelona represent affairs as in a very threatening condition. The workingmen generally are abstaining from work, and gathering, many of them armed, in the street. The Spanish men of war are in the harbor, and have landed a force of marines to assist in preserving order.

It is rumored here that Riva's and Palmer's shipyards at Bilbao have been burned to the ground. The fire is said to have been of incendiary origin. One arrest has been made, according to the report circulated.

MUSIC AND RED FLAGS.

LIEGE, May 1.—In this city and at Ghent the Anarchists marched in procession through the streets with music and red flags. The miners and street workers have quit work. Order prevails.

THROUGHOUT SWITZERLAND.

GENEVA, May 1.—In this city and throughout the entire manufacturing districts of Switzerland the people are at work and no trouble is apprehended.

QUIETLY PARADING.

LYONS, May 1.—The workingmen are quietly parading the streets and enjoying themselves. Several small meetings of extremists have been dispersed by the police.

TO LAY THE CORNER STONE.

Committee Appointed to Supervise the Ceremonies at the New City Hall.

A meeting of the committee appointed by Mayor Noonan to superintend the ceremonies incident to the laying of the corner stone of the new City Hall on May 14 was held this afternoon in the reading room of the Merchants' Exchange, Chairman Marcus Bernheimer, Geo. R. Mann, Thos. B. Rodgers, Geo. Bunnell and C. H. Sampson being present. It was decided to add thirty-five members to the committee, and the following gentlemen were selected: J. D. Vincent, C. C. Rainwater, B. Nugent, R. M. Scruggs, R. L. Henry, Aug. Gehner, E. S. Rowse, Festus J. Wade, William E. Schweppe, Gaius Paddock, Jonathan Rice, James Bannerman, Al Bevis, Ed Mallinkrodt, Chas Parsons, John D. Perry, B. D. Lee, S. M. Kennard, Given Campbell, E. O. Stanard, J. B. Desnoyes, Phil Brockman, C. C. Maffitt, Thos. K. Niedringhaus, Geo. D. Barnard, M. M. Buck, Jos. D. Bascome, John Scullin, C. H. Turner, Michael McEnnis, John C. Orrick, J. E. McKeighan and P. P. Connor. The committee adjourned to meet at the Mercantile Club on Tuesday, May 5, at 4 p. m.

THE END OF THE WORLD.

The Fearful Prediction of a Northfield (Minn.) Seer.

CHICAGO, Ill., May 1.—A special from St. Paul says: The world is coming to an end April 17, 1891, at least so says a German doctor of Northfield, Minn. The inhabitants are advised to make immediate preparations for the time. He is very emphatic in his statements. He also says earthquakes will prevail for about ten years prior to this time and that there will be many noons; storms will be fearful and will begin this summer, lasting without cessation until the time set for the earth's annihilation. He furthermore says that in three years the greatest and most bloody war in the world's history will begin and entire nations will be destroyed or overthrown. Millions of people will perish. All the European nations will be involved in this crisis, and he says that the Teutonic element will assert its supremacy over the less solid and more savage and unlearned nations of Europe.

Obituary.

SLATER, Mo., May 1.—M. C. Sandidge, Recorder of Deeds of Saline County, died at his home near Marshal last night, at 10 o'clock, of cancer of the stomach. The deceased was one of the best known officials of Central Missouri. He was elected to the office of Recorder for the fourth term two years ago, and had he lived to finish out his term of office he would have held it for sixteen consecutive years.

STRIKES ON TO-DAY.

Five Thousand Men Make the Eight-Hour Demand in New York.

UNSETTLED CONDITION OF AFFAIRS IN THE COAL MINING DISTRICTS.

Brazil Block Men Go Out—No General Strike Probable in Ohio, Pennsylvania and Illinois—Work Progressing in Many of the Fields—How May Day Was Observed in Labor Centers.

NEW YORK, May 1.—The threatened strike fixed for May 1 began in earnest this morning so far as the housesmiths are concerned, and with them all incidental trades are out. This morning it was stated that at least 5,000 men, representing different trades, are on strike. Clarendon Hall was taxed its utmost to accommodate the crowds of workmen who poured in from every street and avenue in the vicinity. At times there must have been at least 3,000 perspiring men jammed in the place. The meeting was presided over by Mr. George Warner, President of the Housesmiths' Union. Mr. Warner made a stirring appeal to those present to stand firmly together. Their demands were not only just and right, but were in keeping with the times. So far as the result of the strike was concerned Mr. Warner had no doubt, and without being in any way premature he was free to say that already victory was in sight. The main element which the men wanted was determination. There must be no faltering, they must go steadily ahead, shoulder to shoulder and as peacefully as possible.

The work of reviewing reports from the different shops was then entered upon, which set forth a state of affairs principally in the iron-working shops. These reports came from delegates who had visited the Empire Coin-works, the Union Coin-works and the Surrey Iron-works. At all these places, it was said, the demands of the men had been resisted.

When the announcement was made by one of the delegates that the firm of Cammure & Haas had signified their willingness to treat with a committee from the union, the hall fairly shook with cheers. The strikers appear to be more than usually determined to go into the fight. They seem to be well organized and the proceedings of the forenoon session showed clearly the fact that the organizers of the movement have been at work for some time. The meeting will probably last through the day and evening. Delegates keep coming and going all the time with reports.

AMONG THE MINERS.

THE STRIKE ON AT BRAZIL, IND.—IN OHIO AND OTHER STATES.

BRAZIL, Ind., May 1.—The miners' strike is on to-day and 1,800 block coal miners and 800 bituminous coal miners are in it. The eight-hour demand seems not to affect the miners of this district so much as other questions. One year ago the scale of prices was agreed upon to last until May 1, 1891, and the time having expired and no rate established they will come out until such time as an agreement can be reached. This relates to block coal miners exclusively.

Some days ago the operators in bituminous coal had a meeting at Terre Haute and agreed that a reduction in bituminous coal should be made, making a difference of 15 cents on the ton. The scale is 5 cents per ton less than mining block. If the operators adhere to the Terre Haute agreement it means a big and long continued strike among their employes. All will go out.

RAILROAD MINERS GO OUT.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 1.—This morning between 5,000 and 6,000 railroad miners of the Pittsburg district went out on a strike. Their old scale expired yesterday and they went out pending an adjustment of wages, their strike having nothing to do with the eight-hour question.

The miner's convention is now in session here. The proposition of the Operators' Committee to pay the old wages has been received, but no action taken as yet. The Miners' Conference Committee and the Operators' Committee will meet after the convention and probably an agreement will be reached and the men return to work.

Nearly the entire session this morning was given up to debate on the wage scale, and it was practically decided to adopt two scales, one to rule in the coal trade, the other to govern the lake trade. It has been decided to agree to a differential price of 9 cents between the Ohio and Pittsburg districts in favor of the former, but since that district is also in convention it is not known what will be done there.

The local convention will likely agree upon a scale this afternoon. It is probable that 89 cents per ton will be asked for local trade and 82 cents for lake trade.

IN THE OHIO COAL FIELDS.

COLUMBUS, O., May 1.—A special from Nelson Valley, one of the principal points in the Hocking coal regions, says: The miners are all idle to-day, but in an interview with a number of the leading miners I am informed that this does not mean a strike, as the 1st of May is Labor Day. The opinion of the majority of miners interviewed is that there will be no strike in the Hocking Valley and Straitsville districts. Delegates from all the mines are in Columbus to-day, and it is believed a satisfactory arrangement will be arrived at.

Moxahala reports no strike or trouble, with little prospect of either.

At Carbon Hill over 1,500 miners working at Sand Run, Longstreth and Monday mines quit work this morning, and declare that they will stay out until the price question is settled.

A special from Logan says no mines are running in the Hocking Valley except Straitsville miners, who are working in full force. A prominent miner stated to a reporter to-day that the operators in the Hocking Valley, especially those owning mines in Pennsylvania, were scheming to incite the miners of this district to strike in order to secure the bulk of coal contracts for their Pennsylvania mines.

The above is being pretty generally believed, and the miners are quietly waiting hoping to derive some benefit to their cause from the fight which they claim will surely come between the operators. The miners claim they will live up to their contracts made with the Hocking Valley operators at the Straitsville convention held last Monday.

A dispatch from Shawnee says: Messages received from President Nugent instruct the miners of this district to stay out, as no settlement had been arrived at with the operators. News was received here with great surprise, as it was generally believed there would be no strike in this valley.

Advices say that over 500 miners held a meeting this morning and notified the bank bosses that no one excepting the bank bosses would be allowed around the mines until the question of wages was settled.

A special from Trimble says: All the miners of Lucas District No. 9 are out to-day; they number about 1,100 men. So far as can be ascertained they demand an advance in the scale of machine mining to three-fifths of the rate given for pick mining. There is a division of opinion in regard to the eight-hour question. New Lexington and Gore, both small mining towns in the same field, report their men at work with no intention of going out at present.

IN THE PENNSYLVANIA MINES.

SCRANTON, Pa., May 1.—The anthracite miners of the Lackawanna District in this immediate vicinity have pretty generally discussed the advisability of any demonstration for to-day looking towards a demand for an increase of wages, and the general consensus of opinion seems to be unfavorable to a declaration of any character. The men recognize that the movement would be most inopportune, and the operators and officials expect no request whatever. Advices are to the effect that the collieries are working as usual, and everything is quiet to-day.

The proposed general strike of the Pennsylvania bituminous miners, which was announced for to-day, has been indefinitely declared off and the work will therefore continue as usual. The Huntingdon, Bedford and Cambria County miners were dependent on the action of the Clearfield region men and the latter, having decided that not enough money was in the treasury to justify a strike, it was abandoned. The men are thoroughly organized and their grievance may result in a shut down at any time.

IN THE ILLINOIS DISTRICTS.

DUQUOIN, Ill., May 1.—The coal miners throughout Southern Illinois have settled upon to-day for the beginning of the new scale, namely, eight hours work daily and weekly payments on Saturday night. They submitted their demands to the operators some time ago. The State law on the subject is with the strikers, and every mine in this section except one, which is working under the scale demanded by the miners, will close. The number of strikers is placed at 1,500, and with their families, make about 8,500 directly interested. A grand picnic and pow-wow was held in Locust Park, this city, to-day by the strikers, who say that unless their demands are acceded to they will hold out all summer.

IOWA MINERS SUSPEND WORK.

OTTUMWA, Io., May 1.—The miners of Southeastern Iowa laid down their tools last night, and say they will not take them up again until ordered to do so by the supreme officers of their union. They declare they are not on strike, but have merely suspended work.

NO STRIKE AT BELLEVILLE.

BELLEVILLE, Ill., May 1.—There will be no miners' strike in this coal district and there is apparently no disposition among the miners to join such a movement.

MAY DAY EVENTS.

NO TROUBLE AT CINCINNATI—COVINGTON CARPENTERS—LABOR NEWS.

CINCINNATI, O., May 1.—Every builder and contractor, as well as all the carpenters and other building trade workers in Cincinnati all join in congratulation that no strike is here to disturb business and cause general trouble and distress. Leaders of the workingmen say there is no prospect of trouble arising.

In Covington, Ky., all the carpenters have struck for a nine-hour day at $2.50 a day, and bricklayers and other workmen say that if non-union carpenters are employed they will stop. The builders declare they will not accede to the demand. The carpenters say their real purpose is to weed out the incompetent "saw and hatchet men" who are not carpenters, but can do some rough work and are willing to work for $1.50 a day.

THE PITTSBURG STRIKE.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 1.—The long threatened eight-hour strike in the building trades has been inaugurated. In all the figuring on the probable number of men participating in or affected and likely to be thrown idle by the strike there has been exaggerated. The leaders of the carpenters claim 3,000 men within the limits of the twelve-mile district. Of these, it is said, 1,000 will continue at work on contracts that must be completed, leaving at the outside not more than 2,000 men on strike to-day.

A general view of the situation at this hour (2 p. m.) shows that carpenters, bricklayers and stone-masons to the number of 3,000 are out on strike, with many planing-mill hands also idle. The different unions of the building trades are holding meetings and making careful estimates of the number of men out and the number found "blacksheeping." They report the latter as being very small. The number of men in the building trades known to be out are: Carpenters, 1,100; stonemasons, 700; bricklayers, 600 or 700. Several independent contractors have already granted the eight-hour demand and the men say it is only a question of a short time when the Builders' Association will be forced to come to terms. Perfect idleness is observed in all the large contracts in this city, it appearing that even the laborers have dropped their implements for the time.

Specials from Newcastle, Erie, Washington, McKeesport, Braddock and other Western Pennsylvania and near-by Ohio towns indicate a general strike among the carpenters, stonemasons and bricklayers.

TRADE TROUBLES IN MILWAUKEE.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., May 1.—To-day is the day set for the culmination of the disputes between the contractors and workmen in the building trades. The building business has been demoralized for a month, however, in anticipation of a strike, and to-day will make little change in the situation. In some of the trades the disputes over hours and wages has almost been lost sight of in the other dispute about working on buildings with non-union men of other trades. The strikers refuse to recognize the unions of contractors, and to-day is the day from which most of the trades date their demands for higher wages or shorter hours. The plumbers, after obtaining the adoption of the eight-hour system, are locked out because of the building league rule that forbids them to work with non-Union men of other trades. The carpenters have been drawn into the difficulty by the operation of the same rule, and so have many of the painters. Arbitration has been suggested to the Union carpenters by Organizer Kliver, of the Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, as a means of settling their differences with the contractors. Men interested on both sides say there is no chance for arbitration.

RIOT ON THE CLEVELAND DOCKS.

CLEVELAND, O., May 1.—For some time there has been more or less trouble on the lumber docks of Wood, Jenks & Co., between union and non-union "lumber shovers." The firm of Wood, Jenks & Co. declined to refuse non-union men employment, and no vessels have recently been unloaded because of the trouble that was certainly sure to follow. To-day at noon, however, it was decided to begin work again, and a squad of seventy policemen were sent to the docks to protect those men who desired to return to work. Before the police arrived at the docks, however, the strikers assaulted Ralph Gray, a partner in Wood, Jenks & Co.'s, N. Y. Fisher, President of the Fisher-Wilson Lumber Co., and a non-union man whose name is unknown. All were seriously injured by being hit on the head with clubs. Ambulances were called and the injured men taken to the hospital. There were half a dozen policemen on the docks at the time, and when they charged the strikers they were struck with brick bat and clubs. Meanwhile a squad of seventy officers marched upon the docks and the strikers retreated.

CHICAGO'S DEMONSTRATION.

CHICAGO, May 1.—Labor Day was celebrated in Chicago by a great parade of fifty labor organizations and a monster mass-meeting on the lake front. The demonstration was fully equal to those of former years. To-night the different unions will have entertainments at their halls.

A RELIGIOUS RIOT.

Greek Christians Attack the Jewish Quarter at Zante.

THE BESIEGERS FIRED UPON BY THE MILITARY.

Several of Their Number Killed and Wounded—Hebrew Residences Pillaged—Alarming Spread of Influenza in England—Bismarck's Bare Majority—The Paris Salon—Events in Europe.

ATHENS, May 1.—A dispatch from Zante, the capital of the Ionian Island of that name, brings news of a serious religious riot which has taken place there. To-day is observed by the Greek Christians as the Greek Good Friday, and part of the ceremonies of the day consisted of a procession of Christians, who marched through the principal streets. The processionists, however, were not contented with a peaceful demonstration. When they neared the quarter of Zante, which is known as the Hebrew quarter, the Christians practically besieged that section of the town. In order to guard against just such an occurrence, a cordon of soldiers had been drawn around the Hebrew quarter, and upon the refusal of the Christians to retire in peace the soldiers fired on them, killing and wounding several people. The Christians, the dispatch adds, are now pillaging the houses of the Hebrews at Zante and threaten to burn the Jewish quarter of the town. It is supposed that the disturbances at Zante have their origin in the disturbance which recently occurred at Corfu.

IN THE CHAMPS ELYSES.

INCIDENTS ATTENDING THE OPENING OF THE SALON—ALL PARIS OUT.

PARIS, May 1.—The Salon in the Champs Elyses is open. Yesterday was "varnishing day" and, as usual, all Paris turned out. Distinguished painters, sculptors, authors, composers, actors and politicians crowded the long galleries and squares alone, while the spring gowns and bonnets—many of them gotten up for this special occasion—of the ladies rivalled in bright colors the pictures on the walls and attracted as much attention.

Everybody admired the innovations of this year's salon, many of which were copied from or suggested by the Champ de Mars salon of last summer. But one picture is hung this year in the landing at the head of the grand stone staircase, where formerly pieces of pictures were displayed. Now, with this single exception, tapestries cover the stone walls of this entrance chamber. Thence you pass by a single door (there used to be three) into the usual great square room, the salon of honor. To the left of this room on entering are now two long galleries side by side instead of the half dozen small rooms of former days. These small rooms now lie between the salon of honor and the long corresponding salon at the northwest corner of the Palais de l'Industrie.

Two more long galleries are found in that portion of the building parallel to the Cours La Reine. Adjoining them in the Southwest corner of the Palais, is the most radical innovation borrowed bodily from the Champ de Mars rival. Here is a fine large, square room entirely devoid of pictures but comfortably, even elegantly furnished and brightened by a large window which looks out on the flower beds, the greensward and rows of freshly-leaved trees lying between the palais and the Seine. This is the salon drawing-room, which was crowded to suffocation all yesterday afternoon. Opening from it is a buffet, which is sure to be a boon this summer to many a weary visitor.

Still another room deserves mention, especially as it was greatly admired yesterday. At the head of the wooden staircase which leads up from the sculptures in the garden is now one great square salon (where last year were three or four small stuffy rooms) approached from the landing by an immense wide doorway. A vast canvas nearly covering the whole of the north side of this room greets the eye of the visitor as he enters from the stair landing. This innovation was pronounced most happy by everybody, for at this point in the old salon the two currents of visitors, one entering from the garden of sculpture and the other passing from one end to the other of the picture exhibition, used to become greatly entangled. Yesterday, notwithstanding the overcrowding there was no crush at this point and the rather weary people from below were encouraged to continue their sight seeing.

The fresh painting of all the walls in dark brick red and harmonious colors; the improved system of lighting and the neat white canvass in large squares which formed the ceilings were other improvements that met with great favor.

The well-known animal painter and affable secretary of the Society of French artists, M. De Vuillefroy, whose picture of Spanish peasants driving cattle over the mountains to a neighboring fair is one of the most admired canvasses in the salon, was congratulated on all hands for the success of his efforts in bringing these various innovations to a happy conclusion.

BISMARCK WINS.

HIS ELECTION TO THE REICHSTAG MADE CERTAIN—A CLOSE CONTEST.

BERLIN, May 1.—As the later returns of the Bye election at Geestemunde come in they show that the return of Prince Bismarck to the Reichstag is now certain, as it will be impossible for Herr Schwalfeld, his Socialist opponent, in the districts not yet heard from to overcome the present majority given to Prince Bismarck. Up to 11 o'clock this morning the returns had been received from seventy-six election districts. These show that in these districts Prince Bismarck has received 8,866 votes and Herr Schwalfeld 7,555.

INFLUENZA SPREADING.

MANY CASES IN LONDON—MILLS AND COLLIERIES SHORTHANDED.

LONDON, May 1.—Reports received here from all parts of England show the epidemic of influenza is still spreading. There are many cases of the disease in London.

Dispatches from the coal districts of Chesterfield, Derbyshire, state that one-half of the collieries there employed are suffering from influenza. In and about Leeds, Yorkshire, there thousands of cases of the disease, many of the mills in the Morely and the Churwell districts are short-handed owing to the disease which is attracting so much attention.

THE BARING MILLIONS.

It is reported that the late Mr. Thomas C. Baring, formerly of Baring Bros. & Co., who died on April 2, left the bulk of his fortune to his cousin, Baron Ravestoke (Edmund Charles Baring), of Baring Bros. & Co., in order to enable him to maintain with befitting dignity the peerage which was conferred upon him in 1885. Baron Ravestoke, after the Barings' financial crash, greatly reduced his living and other expenses.

LAND PURCHASE BILL.

In the House of Commons yesterday Wm. Henry Smith moved that precedence be given to the Irish land purchase bill over the orders of the day. Mr. Smith added, however, that the Government proposed to except from this motion Wednesday, May 6, so as to enable the House on that day to debate the women's suffrage bill, as the Government, he said, was pledged to give a day for the discussion of that measure. Sir Henry James, a Liberal, but opposed to Mr. Gladstone's home rule schemes, moved, as an amendment, that the Irish land purchase bill be taken up every day until it passed through the committee stage. This amendment was eventually carried by a vote of 218 to 219 amid loud opposition cheers. The majority included a number of Conservatives who are opposed to women suffrage.

ATTACKS THE PARNELLITES.

In a letter published to-day Cardinal Manning again attacks the Parnellites, classing their action as being suicidal and as being the greatest blow which Ireland's reviving hopes could receive.

ROYAL LABOR COMMISSION.

The first meeting of the Royal Labor Commission was convened to-day. The session was held in private, members of the press and the public being excluded.

GENERAL FOREIGN.

PROPOSED COMMERCIAL UNION—THE KAISER IN HIS CUPS—EVENTS ABROAD.

LONDON, May 1.—Switzerland proposes to come into the commercial arrangement between Austria and Germany. H. Hammer and M. Cramer Lix Freye, Swiss Deputies, are charged by the Federal Council to represent the Confederacies in a conference to take place in June at Vienna, between Austria, Germany and Switzerland relative to the measures to be taken by those countries for the defense of their commercial interests.

UNDER LEOPOLD'S AUSPICES.

HALIFAX, Nova Scotia, May 1.—The report that Lieut. Stairs was to go to Central Africa in the interest of the Imperial Government is incorrect. When asked by cablegram if this report were true, the explorer replied that his expedition to Africa next month was to be made at the request of the King of Belgium, and not for the English Government.

NO NEWS OF A DISASTER.

QUEENSTOWN, May 1.—Up to this hour, 2 p. m., no news has been received here of any steamship ashore at Kinsalee and the report published in London this morning that a trans-Atlantic line vessel sunk last night is not believed here. As Kinsalee is only thirty miles from this port it is hardly probable that a steamer could go ashore there and no intelligence of the accident reach here.

ARMS FOR CHILIAN REBELS.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., May 1.—The schooner Robert and Minnie, American, is reported to be anchored in Catalina Harbor with a cargo of arms and ammunition for the Chilian insurgents. The vessel is owned in San Francisco and sailed from that port April 22. It was stated at the time of the vessel's departure that she was bound for Eureka, on the northern coast of California. The vessel arrived in Catalina Harbor on Saturday last and has had no communication with the main land.

THE KAISER IN HIS CUPS.

BERLIN, May 1.—The drinking habits of the Kaiser have again become a topic of remark. At a recent dinner he toasted the Austrian military attache five times and the Italian military attache as often, each time emptying his glass. His remarks were incoherent and caused a painful impression.

EVENTS ABROAD IN BRIEF.

M. Sarcey, the distinguished writer, has married Mlle. Carbonari, who is thirty years his junior.

The Bishop of Manchester, preaching at a church opening at Colne, Lincolnshire, inveighed against the bringing of immoral [illegible] into England. He said society was rotten to the core and unless there was a reform national ruin would be the result.

Agrarian outrages are being resumed in Ireland. The burning of dwelling houses and mutilation of cattle are reported with increased frequency.

IT WAS CHANG'S WORK.

How Senator Blair Came to Be Rejected by China.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 1.—Chang, the last Chinese Minister to this country, is said to be responsible for the refusal of his Government to accept Mr. Blair as this country's Minister to China. Chang was at Washington five years and felt very much hurt by the action of Congress in passing the Chinese exclusion bill. He is now at home, and holds an important position in the Foreign Office, and when Mr. Blair was appointed American Minister to China, Chang telegraphed at once to the present Chinese Minister at Washington for Blair's record on the Chinese exclusion bill. The desired record, including the speeches on the Chinaman, was forwarded to Chang and laid by him before Li Hung Chang, the premier of the Chinese Empire. The result was that the American Government was notified that the appointment of Mr. Blair was not acceptable to the Chinese Government.

DEPARTMENT MATTERS.

A CUSTOMS REGULATION ENFORCED—QUARANTINE WITHDRAWN.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 1.—Assistant Secretary Spalding, in permitting the Collector of Customs at Chicago to allow the entry of goods imported by certain parties, which goods were not properly marked as required by sec. 6 of the act of Oct. 1 last, required him to enjoin upon importers the [illegible] compliance with the imperative requirements of sec. 6 of that act, which requires the marking of all imports of foreign manufacture in legible English words, so as to indicate the country of origin. The department, the Assistant Secretary says, has no power to extend or modify in any manner the law, and suggests that as the same was enacted and was promulgated nearly seven months ago, importers and shippers have had ample notice or warning of its requirements.

RELIEVED OF QUARANTINE.

The Secretary of Agriculture has just issued an order relieving Hudson County, N. J., from the quarantine on account of pleuro-pneumonia and other contagious diseases which has been maintained there since [illegible]. As Hudson County was the only [illegible] remaining in the State of New Jersey for a considerable time past, in which [illegible] from contagion existed, the effect of this order is to relieve the entire State of New Jersey from any quarantine on account of pleuro-pneumonia, and practically [illegible] State to be free from disease.

WORK ON THE MONTEREY.

At the navy yard here the [illegible] successfully placed on the [illegible] inch rifled gun for the [illegible] Monterey, launched Tuesday [illegible]. The first of these guns will [illegible] weeks.

The Louisville Parade.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., May 1.—Labor Day drew out probably the largest [illegible] here. The day was [illegible] made a general holiday [illegible] establishments is made [illegible] workingmen. P. J. O'Brien [illegible] Board of the American [illegible] who was expected to [illegible] address here and to [illegible] ters regarding the enforcement [illegible] mand for the eight-hour [illegible] on account of his wife's [illegible]

WILL GO TO WORK.

The Carpenters Accede to a Compromise on Their Demand.

FORTY CENTS GRANTED BUT APPRENTICESHIPS UNCHANGED.

An Immense Meeting To-Day at Central Turner Hall—Jerry Burns' Remarkable Speech Saves the Day—Architectural Iron Workers and Marble Setters Go On a Strike.

The conservative element in the Carpenters' and Joiners' Union this morning at the mass meeting at Central Turner Hall were victorious and to-morrow morning the men will return to their work.

It was concluded after a thorough canvas of the field that it would be impracticable to demand anything more at present than an increase in wages, as it was evident that the bosses would not, under any circumstances, concede a demand for a regulation of the apprenticeship system.

On Jan. 1 last the carpenters sent a demand to their bosses for 40 cents an hour after May 1. No answer was ever received in answer to the demand, and the men concluded that this silence meant that the bosses were determined to fight, and therefore it was decided to-day to meet at Central Turner Hall and listen to reports from the employes. These were submitted to the Carpenters' Council who figured them up and discovered that there were 263 bosses willing to pay the 40 cents, but very few who were in favor of signing a scale or allowing a change in the apprentice system.

There were some ten or fifteen bosses who refused to give the increase in wages, and the council will not divulge their names until to-morrow, when the men who cannot get the 40 cents will meet at the same place as to-day. Just how many men this will affect can hardly be estimated with any degree of accuracy, but the full facts will come out at to-morrow's meeting.

A LARGE TURNOUT.

The weather this morning was fine, the sun shining, but it was cool and pleasant. The various Carpenters' Unions came marching in, headed by their officers. There were no offensive banners floating in the air, and little cheering. The men seemed determined to act in a quiet and gentlemanly manner.

Union No. 4, with the 500 men in line, presented a strength that was surprising, and when they had lined up in front of the hall a loud cheer for eight hours and 40 cents was given. The other unions came along in quick succession, until the entire street from Market to Walnut was one mass of humanity, laughing, talking and pushing here and there.

It was a good-natured throng, and when some one got up in a second-story window and proclaimed the fact that there was not room in the hall for all the men, he was laughed at for his trouble.

The small boy, with his eight-hour badge, was on hand, and his calls for a purchaser were the loudest sounds heard on the street at the time.

The men in the hall above were patiently waiting to hear from the council, to whom had been given the reports from the respective bosses by whom they were employed.

IN THE HALL.

The men crowded into Central Turner Hall at a rapid rate and by 10:15 o'clock every seat was taken and there was not even standing room for a third of the carpenters who remained on the street. Some person made a motion to get the Exposition Hall and without receiving any indorsement of his suggestion rushed off to the telephone to see whether it could be secured.

The interim was occupied by jests and bantering. A man in the balcony demanded that another hall be rented, but his voice was drowned by loud calls of "Sit on him, sit on him."

There happened to be a man on the stand named Sullivan, who was called for, and when he came forward he said:

"I claim it is unnecessary that this body of men go on a strike, as a great majority of the bosses of this city are willing to concede our demand. Therefore, I hope that the men will vote my way. You know the rest."

This effort was followed by calls of "Aye, aye" and hisses.

Henry Blackmore, ex-President of Union No. 4, was called for and said that he did not see where this strike would turn out to be useless.

"Now," said he, "let us vote intelligently and not according to what may be said by some of the speakers. View the situation calmly and I believe you will conclude that all we came here for to-day was, if possible, to succeed in getting the bosses to give us 40 cents per hour for eight hours' work. All action in regard to official recognition of the union by the bosses up to this time has been unauthorized. Let us not make fools of ourselves to-day." [Cheers].

ALL MUST BE PRESENT.

Mr. Charles Dilke, a member of the council, appeared in the gallery and made the announcement that the body of which he was a member most probably would not be ready to report for some time, because a larger hall would have to be procured to hold those present.

A few minutes after this an announcement was read by Henry Blackmore from the council which said that the gymnasium directly under the hall in use would be ready for occupancy within a few minutes.

With loud calls of "Hurrah for the carpenters!" the men left the seats and went downstairs and into the street, where they stood around in groups quietly discussing the situation. At this time Tenth street presented a lively appearance. All the men were hopeful and the general opinion seemed to be that the hot-heads, should they attempt to rule, the meeting would be sat down upon rather severely.

Some talk concerning what was termed an arbitrary action of the Master Builders' Association was indulged in, but nothing approaching a determination to fight to the bitter end was talked. In fact it was as quiet and orderly a gathering as ever took place under the circumstances.

THE CONSERVATIVES VICTORIOUS.

At 11 o'clock the mass-meeting was called to order, and a temporary organization effected. This was done with a rush worthy of a political convention. Henry Blackmore, who had spoken in favor of conservative action, was made chairman, and H. Waltimote, who holds the same position in the council, secretary. There were no other nominations; in fact no time or chance was given to anyone to make the same.

The room was dark, crowded and poorly ventilated to accommodate such a crowd. The speaker could not be heard by one-half of the 4,000 to 5,000 people in the room.

The Secretary stepped forward and reported that 262 bosses had agreed to pay 40 cents, while there were only about ten who would make any fight against the demand.

"Shoot them," yelled some fellow right up near the speaker's stand. This was answered by hisses.

John L. Sullivan (not the prize-fighter), got the floor and declared that now was the time for the men to show their common sense by returning to work. He was answered by hisses from all over the hall, but proceeding he said the men could strike, but that they would gain nothing by doing so.

"Don't be fools!" he called out at the top of his voice. "Here there is a majority, in fact nine-tenths of the bosses, who are willing to give the wages. What more should we ask at the present time. Take things slow, gentlemen; we should not try to get everything at once. I move that the men return to work to-morrow morning." [Cries of "No! no!"]

AN EXCITING SCENE.

In a minute there was at least fifteen men all seeking recognition from the Chair, none succeeding. Yells, "Question" and "no, no!" made the old building tremble by concussion. Men climbed the posts and moved their hands frantically to the Chairman for recognition. Yells, calls of question, cat-calls and other noises that take in a croud were indulged in to the fullest extent. Several men made speeches and amendments poured in upon the chair with terrible rapidity, completely swamping him for the time being.

It seemed that a strike was imminent, despite the efforts of the more conservative men to have the matter settled by concessions from both sides. After wrangling and debating for some time the chair finally put the motion that the men return to work on Monday. The motion was translated by a German for the benefit of the Teutons present. Without consulting the chair the interpreter put the motion, which was carried among the Germans, making confusion worse confounded.

Men rushed to reach the platform, throwing others off in order to secure their places. Chairman Blackmore called for order, and his face became extremely red, from his efforts to make the men understand that the question had not been settled. For several minutes the meeting threatened to break up in a row. But there happened to be present one man, who, though small, had strong lungs and a ready tongue and thoroughly realized how the situation stood. His name was Jerry Burns and he is a member of Union No. 4.

A REMARKABLE SPEECH.

Jerry climbed one of the building supports, and standing on some gymnasium machinery, made a most remarkable speech, which undoubtedly saved the situation.

"Now, boys," he commenced, his clear, strong voice penetrating to every corner of the room: "We want to go to work to-morrow morning. [Cries of "No, we don't!"] The reason is self-evident. If we lay off to-day, Saturday and Sunday we will all get drunk, and Monday morning there will not be a boss living in St. Louis. [Cries of "That's right."] I am drunk now, but I've got sense enough left to realize that there is going to be trouble if we lay off these two more days. Drunken men will do anything. I know this from experience. Be men, and think of the concerns and people whose welfare are at stake upon the action we take. Pull your selves together and forget the past; let the bosses live. They have the same free-born rights which we inherit. For God's sake, boys, don't play the fool, but for once be wise. I therefore move that all previous questions be declared out of order, and that we return to work to-morrow morning."

The yell that shook the building upon the termination was something tremendous. The question was called for until Chairman Blackmore stepped forward and put it to a vote. Again the building shook from the cries that surely could have been heard many blocks away. A motion was then put and carried that the men who were locked out hold another meeting at the same place and time to-morrow.

Then an adjournment was taken, the men not seeming to realize that it was the speech of Jerry Burns, which saved the day. Chairman Blackmore was carried from the room on the men's shoulders, while Terry sauntered out all alone, a cigar taking the place of the usual pipe.

THE MASTER BUILDERS.

At the Mechanics' Exchange the master builders came in now and then, but did not stay long as a general thing. Some were surprised, they said, as they did not expect a strike of such a serious nature, even after all that has been published of the matter during the past week.

No meeting of the Master Builders' Association has been called, and from prospects none will take place, at least until to-morrow. The claim is still made that the Master Builders' Association has nothing to do with the Carpenters' Union and therefore refuse to open negotiations with the same.

There is considerable criticism being passed upon Custin E. Cook, who, it is claimed, has assumed to speak for the entire association, and say just what will and will not be done. This has made several members very angry, and there is imminent danger of a split, even thought the strife be settled almost immediately.

"The idea of one man speaking so confidently of what will be done," said Thomas J. Kelly. "He can express his own opinion, but cannot say what I am going to do. The situation depends upon the men and not the bosses, who are waiting to see what is wanted of them."

The general expressions from the builders ran in this line, it being the opinion that if it became necessary a meeting of the bosses will be called for to-morrow morning.

Marble Setters' Strike.

At an early hour this morning men began to assemble at 418 South Fourth street, the headquarters of the Trades and Labor Union. Two striking organizations held their meetings there to-day, the architectural iron-workers and chippers and the marble setters.

The marble setters held a meeting at 8 o'clock, which lasted until 10:30 a. m. There were forty-five members present, comprising all the marble setters in the city the men claim, with the exception of three or four. The marble setters are joined with the marble cutters in one Union under the name of the Association of Marble Cutters of the United States. In St. Louis the membership is about 100. The marble cutters have no grievances, and were not called out. The setters have been getting $2.75 a day for eight hours, and they demand $3 a day.

They notified the bosses some time ago of their demands and received verbal answers from some of the bosses agreeing to the raise. The men want written contracts, however, and refuse to work with non-union men. Although working eight hours, the bosses, they claim, refuse to recognize eight hours as a day's work, and only tolerate it. The men want eight hours to be recognized as a day's work.

THIS MORNING'S MEETING.

At the meeting this morning it was resolved to stay out until their demands were complied with. If it becomes necessary, they state the marble cutters will also be called out. A committee was appointed at the meeting this morning to call on the bosses, and another meeting will be held this evening to hear the report from the committee.

The Iron Workers Go Out.

The Architectural Iron Workers and Chippers met at 10 o'clock at Fourth and Valentine to the number of 250 men. They have been working ten hours a day and getting from $1.50 to $2.50. They demand eight hours and the following scale of wages:

Cast-Iron Department—Setters, 32½ cents per hour for eight hourss work; fitters, 27½ cents per hour for eight hours' work; chippers, 22½ cents per hour for eight hou.s' work; laborers, 18½ cents per hour for eight hours' work.

Wrought-Iron and Rail-Making Department—Setters, 32½ cents per hour for eight hours' work; railmakers 30 cents per hour for eight hours' work; machine hands, 25 cents per hour for eight hours' work; helpers, 18½ cents per hour for eight hours' work.

At the meeting to-day reports from the committees sent to call on the bosses were heard.

The Architectural Iron-Workers in St. Louis are employed by five firms. They are McMurray & Judge, Christopher & Simpson, Scherpe & Kokern, the Union Iron Co. and Pullis Brothers. Each firm answered, in substance, the Shop Committee's reported that it would give in if the others would. This is the statement of Edward Wilton, Secretary of the Iron-workers, after the meeting.

The session was conducted with closed doors.

From the manner of the Secretary, however, it would seem that he did not regard the answers as favorable. "We will stay out all summer" said he; "or else get our demands. There are about 800 men employed in all by these firms, and none of them can work unless we do. There are 260 of us. We will not bother with the bosses any more. If they have anything to communicate they can come to us. We will be in session every day here from 9 to 11 a. m."

Team Owners Successful.

The St. Louis Team Owners, 500 strong, were not at work to-day, but all but about thirty will be on duty again to-morrow as usual, their demands having been conceded by a great majority of the bosses.

The only employers who will hold out against the men are Fanning & Whalen, John A. Lynch and Daniel Dunigan. It is claimed by the men that these gentlemen will give in as soon as they discover they are alone in the fight.

The demands of the men were that they be paid $4 a day for day work and 2½ cents a load per block for hauling east of Grand avenue, while west of the same, going due west, 3½ cents per block will be charged. At last night's meeting of the union it was evident that the demands of the men would be conceded to-day, and this proved to be the case, with the exception of those mentioned.

The men are jubilant and claim that they have won a most signal victory and that they now have all they desire or can in justice ask. The strength of the union was a surprise to the employers and when they discovered that nearly every team owner in the city was a member of the Union there was nothing left for them to do but avert a strike. This was done and everything will be moving smoothly along to-morrow.

The Brewery Workers.

It developed this morning that the strike ordered by the Brewers' and Malsters' Union last night was not meant seriously, and the action was merely taken to give the employers the idea that they were not employing any union men, thereby allowing those who are supposed to be members of the same to continue in their present position. This was the explanation given by Secretary Charles F. Bechtold, who was seen in his office in the Central Turner Hall building this morning. He says that only two men quit and they did so because they knew they were going to be discharged. "But the strike cannot be put off long," he remarked. The men deserve better wages than they are getting, he asserts, and if necessary will strike to get the raise.

The Sheet-Iron Workers.

The tin, sheet-iron and cornice workers will hold a meeting to-morrow night, at Druids' Hall, Ninth and Market, to take action on the matter of striking. They have a membership of 400. They are working ten hours and get from $2 to $2.50 a day. They demand eight hours and minimum wages of $2.50 a day. They met last night at Central Turner Hall and the reports from the shop committees which had been appointed showed several small shops willing to accede to the men's demands. This was regarded as a favorable sign, although only about thirty or forty men are employed by the shops willing to give in. It was decided to wait until to-morrow night's meeting before ordering a strike.

East St. Louis Hod-Carriers to Strike.

The members of the East St. Louis Hod-Carriers' Association have requested a readjustment of wage rates, and it is reported that they will strike next Monday unless their demands are acceded to. They want eight hours' work per day at 35 cents an hour for carrying brick and 37½ cents for carrying mortar. At present they receive 30 cents per hour for work of either class. No strikes of any kind are reported to-day. Carpenters, bricklayers, stonemasons and laborers find plenty of work at good wages. Secretary Gray of the Carpenters' and Joiners' Union has issued a card saying that members of the union are well satisfied with work and wages, and have no intention of striking.

The Linemen.

The linemen are working to-day. The Electric Wiremen and Linemen's Union numbers about 500 members in St. Louis. They are working ten hours a day and receiving $2.50 a day.

Henry Miller, President of the union, said to-day that they were willing to remain at work on those terms for the present. The Western Union, he stated, had notified several linemen in its employ that unless they withdrew from the union they would be discharged. The Western Union was waited on by a committee from the Linemen's Union and the company was given until next Monday to withdraw its order to discharge the men.

No Strike at Drummond's.

A rumor was current on the street to-day that the girls and boys employed at Drummond's tobacco factory, on Fourth and Spruce, were to go out to the number of over two hundred.

The rumor proved without foundation, however, and work is progressing at the factory as usual. The Drummond employes are unorganized, and not regarded as in a condition to strike.

Carriage Makers.

Local Assembly, 8119, Knights of Labor, composed of carriage makers, will have a meeting to-night at 604 Market street, to see whether they will strike or not. The trouble is among the painters, some of whom get as low as $8 a week, it is stated. A uniform scale of wages is wanted.

SPLENDID CLOCKS, $1.25 TO $600.00.

Absolutely incomparable in variety, beautiful designs and low prices is the immense stock, adapted for all places, shown by MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO., Cor. Broadway and Locust.

Write for catalogue, 200 eng., sent free.

LABOR NEWS.

Late this afternoon it was stated at the Housesmiths' headquarters that there were about 4,000 housesmiths out in New York City, Brooklyn and Jersey City and about seventy-five firms were involved. The agreement with the Housesmiths' Union has been drawn up; stipulates that none but union men shall be employed and only for eight hours a day. The agreement extends over a period of one year. It was learned this afternoon that nineteen firms had acceded to the demands of the Framers' Union. There are still sixteen firms to hear from. Six hundred framers will return to work to-morrow morning, and about the same number will remain on strike.

IN THE VICINITY OF WHEELING.

WHEELING, W. Va., May 1.—The miners employed in this vicinity, to the number of 1,000, quit work this morning on account of the operators' failure to sign the scale. It is not expected that the strike will be of long duration.

OBSERVED AT TOPEKA.

TOPEKA, May 1.—The day is being observed by the working classes generally as a holiday. A great deal of uneasiness is felt by the employes of the Santa Fe shops over an order announced to them yesterday through their foremen that until further notice they would be provided with work during alternate weeks only. No strikes or disturbances of any kind have been reported among the coal miners of the Osage and other coal districts of Kansas.

CITIES OF COLORADO.

DENVER, Colo., May 1.—Reports up to noon from various points in Colorado, New Mexico and Wyoming indicate that the strike will be of but little importance in these districts, and in fact it is doubtful if any strike of any kind will be carried on, as fully 90 per cent of the coal miners work by the ton and not by the day and a reduction of hours could not do otherwise than reduce wages, without in any way benefitting the workmen.

AT KANSAS CITY.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., May 1.—In this city there is nothing to indicate that this is Labor Day. There is no celebration of any kind among the working classes.

CUT GLASS TUMBLERS,
CUT GLASS BOWLS,
CUT GLASS CHAMPAGNES,
CUT GLASS WATER BOTTLES,
CUT GLASS FLOWER BOWLS,
CUT GLASS ALMOND DISHES.

The Cut Glass shown at Mermod & Jaccard's, Broadway and Locust, is the finest in America and at prices lower than asked for inferior qualities.

You cannot afford to purchase Cut Glass without first examining this enormous collection.

TRY THE
Budweiser Restaurant, Sixth and Locust.
All the delicacies of the season.

The Reserve Fund Amendment.

At 1:30 to-morrow a meeting of the Board of Directors and the Real Estate Committee of the Merchants' Exchange will be held in the reading-room of the exchange, for the purpose of preparing an address to the members in reference to the resolution concerning the reserve fund, to be submitted to a vote on May 23.

Boys' Waists at the Globe.

Finest Star patterns, 25c and 50c to the finest Star waists, 65c to $1.50.
GLOBE, 703 to 713 Franklin avenue.

The President at Santa Cruz.

SANTA CRUZ, Cal., May 1.—The President and party arrived here at 8 o'clock this morning and had a most enthusiastic reception.

Confirmation Suits, $3.50 to $15.

Hundreds of latest patterns in French tricots, Thibets, wide Wales, Clay Worsteds, Corkscrews, etc. Save money and buy of us.
GLOBE, 703 to 713 Franklin avenue.

A Combination Poem.

From the New York Herald.

Red grows the { west / east } in the { even's / morning's } first gleaming
Strange forms the clouds take at the { passing / coming } of day
The mists of the { twilight / morning } from { eastward / westward } are streaming.
Wrapping the earth in their mantle of gray.
Ho! The mantel is { falling / lifting }, it hangs now suspended.
A cloud shutting out the { red / blue } sky from the earth.
The reign of { bright day / dark night } for a season is ended,
Forgotten, unwept, ere the { night / day } springs to birth.

Ladies' and Children's Shoes at the Globe.

500 pairs ladies' patent leather-tipped Oxfords, 75c; 1,000 pairs splendid kid opera slippers, 50c; ladies' fine $3.50 kid button shoes, $2.50. Finer grades in proportion.
GLOBE, 703 to 713 Franklin avenue.

River News.

ARRIVALS.

Spread Eagle	Grafton
Dora	Clarksville
Cherokee	Memphis
Belle Memphis	Natchez
Imperial and Kennebeck	Illinois River
Helena	Missouri River

DEPARTURES.

Spread Eagle	Grafton
Cherokee	Memphis
Idlewild	Commerce

NOTES.

Weather clear and warm.
River falling.
Freight business good.
The Dora is in from Clarksville. She departs to-morrow evening.
The Cherokee arrived last night from Memphis. She is receiving to depart this evening.
The Belle Memphis came in yesterday from below with a light trip. She departs Saturday.
The canal boats Imperial and Kennebeck are at the St. Louis elevator with a cargo of corn.
The Helena arrived from the Missouri River with a good manifest of grain and package freight. She departs to-morrow evening.
The Idlewild departed for Commerce with her usual good cargo of sundries.
The City of New Orleans has gone to the ways for repairs. She will be out in a few days.
The Bald Eagle left last night for the Ouachita River with a cargo of private freight.
The shipping clerks' excursion to-morrow evening on the Ferd Herold promises to be a success.

Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney
DRY GOODS CO.

Great Sale of
Fancy All-Silk Ribbons

In three, four and five-inch widths,
comprising all the
LATEST NOVELTIES AND DESIGNS
in Stripes, Plaids, Checks, Dots, Ombre, Two-Tone, Glace Gauze,
Tinsel and Velvet Effects,
all very desirable for Millinery Trimming,
Fancy Work, Dress Trimming and Decorative Purposes,
in all colors and black.
Ribbons actually worth 60 cents, 75 cents and $1.00 yard.
Will place the entire lot on sale to-morrow
AT 25 CENTS A YARD.

100 pieces 10-inch best quality
BLACK GROS GRAIN SASH RIBBON AT 79 CENTS A YARD.
Well worth $1.25 yard.

For Saturday Only.
5000 REMNANTS OF RIBBONS AT 10 AND 15 CENTS EACH.
Worth 25 and 35 cents each.

Knit Underwear Department

In addition to the
WORLD-RENOWNED YPSILANTI UNDERWEAR.
Most complete selection of these high standard goods that the mills produce,
and at the lowest prices at which they can be retailed.

UNION SUITS
For Ladies and Children in silk, lisle and balbriggan, also wool
and silk and wool in light summer weight.

We show a varied assortment of low-priced goods,
commencing for a really good
Ladies' Ribbed Cotton Body as low as 17 cents each.

For present wear we offer two lines
Ladies' Plaited Silk Jersey Vests at 97 cents and $1.15 each for all sizes.
Full line sizes and assorted shades.

Ladies' Ecru Ribbed Balbriggan Jersey Vests at 50 cents each for all sizes.

FACTS FOR MEN TO PONDER OVER!

WE SELL
Men's Shoes Exclusively.
More Men's Shoes than any other one house in the city.
Men's Shoes on a Smaller Margin than any other house in the city.
We Carry a Larger Stock of Men's Shoes, and Make More Men's Shoes to Order than any other one concern in St. Louis.

G. H. BOEHMER,
621 Olive Street.
Ask for Boehmer's Kumfort Last and Exclusive Shapes. Prices $3.00, $3.50, $4.00, $5.00, $6.00, $6.50, $7.00, $7.50.
Men's Hand-Sewed Shoes to Order, $5.00.

SEEDS FOR THE GARDEN, FARM & FIELD OF ALL KINDS. Plants. Spring Bulbs.

Cabbage.
Cauliflower.
Tomato.
Pepper.
Egg.
Kohlrabi.
Sweet Potatoes.

Gladiolas.
Tuberoses.
Dahlias.
Lilies.
Caladiums.
Cannas.

PLANT SEED CO.,
812 and 814 N. Fourth St., bet. Morgan and Franklin Av.

THE LAST OF THE SEASON AND ALSO THE BEST IS
WM. J. LEMP'S BUCK BEER
For Sale at All Customers of the Brewery on
Saturday, April 25,
Sunday, April 26,
Friday, May 1,
Saturday, May 2.

Tuxedo Park. ON THE Missouri Pacific R'y.

This charming suburb, within 30 minutes' ride of the Union Depot, is now entering upon the second year of its existence, and already contains dozens of handsome residences. The streets are macadamized, sidewalks constructed, shade trees planted, and all improvements made. We offer 240 choice building lots this spring at $8 per foot, on terms of $10 cash and $10 per month, with no interest and no taxes; houses for sale on monthly payments.

Call on us for Free Transportation and inspect the Handsomest Suburb in the County.

McNair & Farish,
722 Chestnut Street. General Managers.

LOOK OUT!
Get New Styles
and Low Prices.
We have them—see them.
OUR Bedroom Parlor SUITS
Dining Suits, 8 pieces, $30
Rattan Suits, 4 pieces, $15
We have better goods and plainer goods.
412-414 N. Fourth St.

CLAIM THEY PRACTICED NO CRUELTY.

The Children of Frederick Hitschler Say They Will Prosecute Their Uncle.

Jacob Hitschler, whose father has been tied to his bed for several days, did not send the old man to the Insane Asylum to-day, but his neighbors seriously advised him to get a club and go hunting his uncle, who informed the police yesterday that Frederick Hitschler had been tied to his bed since April 4, and was inhumanly treated by his family. Police officers who visited the house found Frederick Hitschler tied as his brother, George, had descriced, his arms and legs bound to the bed-posts with sheets and a twisted sheet passed over his stomach and tied to the sides of the bed. They found also Dr. H. O. Huler, the family physician, who said that Hitschler was violently insane and needed to be restrained. The physician had advised sending him to the Insane Asylum, but the family was opposed to it.

Jacob Hitschler was found at his home this morning, and when asked about his father's condition he replied: "My uncle had better be attending to his own business. He knows nothing about my father, except that my father was kind to him, and all the return he has given is to tell bad stories about us."

"Has your father been tied up as your Uncle George says he has?"

"He has been tied since the 11th of April and all the neighbors and every one in the house knows it and have seen him. My uncle has not been here since last July, and does not know what he is talking about. My father has been out of his mind for a long time. He was in an insane asylum in 1861, we had to put him n St. Vincent's in 1869, and ever since a spell of sickness he had in January a year ago he has had spells of insanity every now and then, which last for awhile and then go away. Last June he and my mother drove over to Cahokia, and while they were there the horse got away. My father followed it, and one of his spells came on him. He was missing for two days, and then the police found him. Ever since then my uncle has been telling stories about our leaving him in the woods. Sometimes he will go out for a walk and be gone for two days, but he always came back and we didn't watch him very closely because you can't lose him in St. Louis, but lately he has begun to talk of suicide. One night in the early part of April I was out in the country and my mother was alone with him in their room. During the night he got out of bed, took a knife from the cupboard, and throwing open his shirt, said he was going to kill himself. My mother screamed and he dropped the knife. She picked it up and then took the drawer containing the other knives out of the room. Just after I got home he said he was going to kill himself and went down in the cellar to do it. I went after him, but it took another man and myself to get him out

"We don't want to send him to any of the asylums here. If it is necessary we will send him away, and have him well cared for, but we will keep him at home as long as we can. They would have to tie him when he is violent if he was in the asylum and that is all we do here. We have paid hundreds of doctor's bills, but the physicians say it is a waste of money, they cannot cure him. My uncle will have to account for the stories he has told. I shall make him prove them in court."

Several of the neighbors were standing by, and they corroborated what Mr. Hitschler said.

BEFORE you have that new house of yours finished bear in mind that the A. Siegel Gas Fixture Co. make a specialty of electric wire stringing, and will do it cheaper than any other house in town. They will also show you a large and beautiful line of electric fixtures, which will prove the grandest feature of your new home. Call and see them. 219 North Broadway.

ABOUT TOWN.

ENGINE No. 28 answered a still alarm at 5:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon for a fire in the frame shed in the rear of the residence at 801 Clarkson place. In order to guard against a serious conflagration it was deemed necessary to send in an alarm from box 543. Even then the flames spread and destroyed the sheds in the rear of 803, 805 and 807 Clarkson place. The property was owned by Miss Sarah A. Hugh, 3231 Chestnut street, whose loss is $500. Hot ashes caused the blaze.

A VICIOUS dog belonging to Timothy Sullivan, 3000 North Twelfth street, attacked 15-year old Charles Lovecke of 3137 North Thirteenth street, last evening and lacerated his right leg.

FREE ride to Hazelwood to buy one of those beautiful lots. See our ad., page 6.

World's Fair.

CHICAGO, Ill., May 1.—At a meeting of the National Board of Control of the World's Fair yesterday the question of a distinct exhibit at the Exposition by the colored people of the country came up. On motion of Mr. Lindsay, a resolution was adopted that the board deem it inexpedient to direct or authorize any distinctions to be made between American exhibitors, and that the matter of installation ought to be left to the direction of the department having charge of the installation of exhibits.

THE BATH
Among civilized beings is a necessity; taken with proper appliances it becomes also
A LUXURY.
RABOTEAU
Furnishes you, as below, a choice of seasonable appliances, costing little, but wondrous good to have:
A Bath Sponge, 50c to 75c.
A Bath Brush, 35c to $1.25.
A Bath Glove, 15c to 25c.
A Rubber Bath Mitten, 85c.
Sea Salt,
For sea baths at home, 5c a pound.
Colognes,
For bath and toilet, the cheapest and best to be had.
ALL AT
RABOTEAU'S
Drug Store,
714 N. Broadway.
Patent Medicines at CUT Prices.

SICK HEADACHE
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
Positively cured by these Little Pills.
They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.
SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

ANGRY AT ARN

Rabbi Spitz Attacks the Cou
Saying "The Pessach Be

AN APPLICATION FOR A CIT
WHICH HAS CAUSED QUIT

A Hebrew Whose Religious S
Such That He Could N
Position Which Would
From Observing the
Arnstein Makes An Expl

Shall a man who says to the Jews:
"YOUR PESSACH BE DAM
be one of their public almoners?
Shall a man who
CURSES ONE OF OUR MOST S
be intrusted with the manageme
which our children are taught the
hates and curses?
The above startling questio
long article in this week's issu
Voice, and relate to certa
charges brought by the edi
Spitz, against Councilman Alb
Mr. Arnstein is one of the
nominees recently elected to
cil. As will be remembered,
on the slate at a late hour, the
nominating convention in fact
tuted for Joseph Murphy, on
superior ability to furnish "
is said. He was accepted as
Mr. Marcus Bernheimer, P
Merchants' Exchange, who w
the nominating convention.
run the lowest on the Democ
was elected and is now one o
ers.
According to Rabbi Spitz, h
followed the promptings o
science when Mr. Arnstein
people as a candidate, that
not have been elected to the
appears that although of
Councilman Arnstein has
faith. Coming to St. Louis
the young attorney came as a
Felix Adler, the apostle of
He had been a Sunday-
under Prof. Adler
Temple Emanu-El in Ne
when Addler passed from th
the Mosaic law into the freer
culture, Arnstein went wit
still remained in close sym
people, and for years has b
the United Hebrew Relief A
director of the Hebrew fre
schools of St. Louis.
Rabbi M. Spitz is, as sta
of the *Jewish Voice*, an infl
organ of this city. He was
a good word" for Cand
during the campaign.
refuses, as a rule
itself to be raised on othe
topics, but a short editoria
peared stating that Candid
the Secretary of the Unite
Association, etc. The edit
claims that such mention
Arnstein a vast number of o
votes. Shortly after his el
man Arnstein was called
Spitz.

CALLED ON THE COU

The object of the call a
told as follows in to-day's i
Voice:
A poor, but very honorable an
Jew, who with his wife and
grated a few years ago from Aus
out an exceeding scant living he
tain for him some small position
erous public offices. He write
vernacular, and is in ma
clever and well fitted for
kind. We ventured a visit wi
elected Coudcilman, Mr. Arnst
give us any promise, and, we ar
But he knew where the poor ma
into the country, might, in a f
little sum as an interpreter. I
FORE PESSACH! You, dear
grown old in the faith, will unde
for this husband and father to g
or two days before Pessach, an
for a temporary employment!
plained the impossibility of h
wife and children directly befo
Hardly had the word "Pessac
bling lips, when Mr. Arnstein,
rabbi, brought his clenched f
teeth set in great rage cried out
"YOUR PESSACH BE

We left! But we asked oursel
public:
Are such the ethics of an Ethi
Is gentlemanliness one of the
Culturist?

MR. ARNSTEIN INTE

Councilman Arnstein was
this morning by a POST-D
relative to the charge mad
He made no denial of the
had not been told in full.
"I did use the expression
damned!'" said Mr. Arnst
curse on the Jewish rite it
was directed against the
man to throw away the
offered to his starving
his unwillingness to miss t
religious holiday. Rabbi S
what is more, did not c
time. But he has always b
mine, and, I suppose, he s
he could use the expressio
some effect. To orthod
were not familiar with th
sentence would sound al
But the facts are these:
brought the young man he
was a bright and capable
suaded him from seeking
to political changes. I to
better to get work whe
pect of advancement and
"'In the meantime,' I
get you a job where you c
"I had just seen Mr. Sa
souri Pacific road, and h
could not get an interpr
language. There was a t
Warrenton, Mo., I bel
necessary to get some
stood Russian to inter
testimony of witnesses in
the young man if he could
and he said that he could
he would have to leave th
that he hesitated. He f
could not do so, because
"Pessach" or Passover
gin. This objection, wh
were actually in need of
so absurd and foolish tha
"'D—the Pessach,
children need bread
ought not to throw it aw
"I turned to Rabbi Spit
"'Am I not right, Mr
stantly answered:
"'You are not entirely
"But the man flatly de
place, and Rabbi Spitz
ground that his father
never missed the feast
the man could not br
Why, sir, there
who belong to th
who do not pretend to o
beyond eating leavened
are kept open throug
lasts properly eight d
wives and children go t
men themselves go to
Why should that poor
that his family needed
was about to begin? I
forefathers never failed
why, Hebrews of to-
clothes, because the
certainly wore none in t
"It is true that I am n
faith, but a believer
stead, but I contend
irreverence for a religio
case. Rabbi Spitz's at
personal dislike to me,
The man himself was i
terday, still looking fo
to help any fellow-Heb
race with me, not of cr

ANGRY AT ARNSTEIN

Rabbi Spitz Attacks the Councilman for Saying "The Pessach Be Damned."

AN APPLICATION FOR A CITY POSITION WHICH HAS CAUSED QUITE A ROW.

A Hebrew Whose Religious Scruples Were Such That He Could Not Accept a Position Which Would Prevent Him From Observing the Passover—Mr. Arnstein Makes An Explanation.

Shall a man who says to the Jews:
"YOUR PESSACH BE DAMNED!"
be one of their public almoners?
Shall a man who
CURSES ONE OF OUR MOST SACRED RITES
be intrusted with the management of schools in which our children are taught the very religion he hates and curses?

The above startling questions appear in a long article in this week's issue of the *Jewish Voice*, and relate to certain sensational charges brought by the editor, Rabbi M. Spitz, against Councilman Albert Arnstein:

Mr. Arnstein is one of the six Democratic nominees recently elected to the City Council. As will be remembered, he was placed on the slate at a late hour, the very day of the nominating convention in fact, being substituted for Joseph Murphy, on account of his superior ability to furnish "the sinews," it is said. He was accepted as the candidate of Mr. Marcus Bernheimer, President of the Merchants' Exchange, who was chairman of the nominating convention. Mr. Arnstein run the lowest on the Democratic ticket, but was elected and is now one of the city fathers.

According to Rabbi Spitz, had he, the rabbi, followed the promptings of his own conscience when Mr. Arnstein was before the people as a candidate, that gentleman would not have been elected to the City Council. It appears that although of Hebrew blood, Councilman Arnstein has abandoned the faith. Coming to St. Louis from New York the young attorney came as a follower of Prof. Felix Adler, the apostle of ethical culture. He had been a Sunday-school scholar under Prof. Adler in the old Temple Emanu-El in New York, and when Addler passed from the strict limits of the Mosaic law into the freer fields of atheist culture, Arnstein went with him. But he still remained in close sympathy with his people, and for years has been Secretary of the United Hebrew Relief Association and a director of the Hebrew free and industrial schools of St. Louis.

Rabbi M. Spitz is, as stated, the editor of the *Jewish Voice*, an influential Hebrew organ of this city. He was asked to "say a good word" for Candidate Arnstein during the campaign. The *Voice* refuses, as a rule, to allow itself to be raised on other than religious topics, but a short editorial paragraph appeared stating that Candidate Arnstein was the Secretary of the United Hebrew Relief Association, etc. The editor of the *Voice* claims that such mention brought to Mr. Arnstein a vast number of orthodox Hebrew votes. Shortly after his election Councilman Arnstein was called upon by Rabbi Spitz.

CALLED ON THE COUNCILMAN.

The object of the call and its results are told as follows in to-day's issue of the *Jewish Voice:*

A poor, but very honorable and highly intelligent Jew, who with his wife and three children emigrated a few years ago from Austrian Poland, eking out an exceeding scant living here, desired us to obtain for him some small position in any of the numerous public offices. He writes and speaks the vernacular, and is in many other respects clever and well fitted for a position of this kind. We ventured a visit with him to the newly elected Coudcilman, Mr. Arnstein. He would not give us any promise, and, we are sure, he was right. But he knew where the poor man, if he would go out into the country, might, in a few days, earn a nice little sum as an interpreter. IT WAS TWO DAYS BEFORE PESSACH! You, dear reader, who have grown old in the faith, will understand what it meant for this husband and father to go into the country one or two days before Pessach, and that, at best, only for a temporary employment! He falteringly explained the impossibility of his going away from wife and children directly before the great holiday. Hardly had the word "Pessach" passed his trembling lips, when Mr. Arnstein, in the presence of a rabbi, brought his clenched fist down and with his teeth set in great rage cried out:

"YOUR PESSACH BE DAMNED!"

We left! But we asked ourself, as we now ask the public:

Are such the ethics of an Ethical Culturist?

Is gentlemanliness one of the ethics of an Ethical Culturist?

MR. ARNSTEIN INTERVIEWED.

Councilman Arnstein was seen at his office this morning by a POST-DISPATCH reporter relative to the charge made by Rabbi Spitz. He made no denial of the story, but said it had not been told in full.

"I did use the expression, 'The Pessach be damned!'" said Mr. Arnstein, "but not as a curse on the Jewish rite itself. The sentence was directed against the principle that led a man to throw away the bread and meat offered to his starving family because of his unwillingness to miss the observance of a religious holiday. Rabbi Spitz heard it, and what is more, did not condemn it at the time. But he has always been an enemy of mine, and, I suppose, he saw afterwards that he could use the expression against me with some effect. To orthodox Hebrews, who were not familiar with the full details, the sentence would sound almost blasphemous. But the facts are these: When Rabbi Spitz brought the young man here, I saw that he was a bright and capable fellow, and I dissuaded him from seeking a position subject to political changes. I told him it would be better to get work where there was a prospect of advancement and permanency.

"'In the meantime,' I said, 'I think I can get you a job where you can make $15 or $20.'

"I had just seen Mr. Sam Priest of the Missouri Pacific road, and he had asked me if I could not get an interpreter of the Russian language. There was a trial in progress at Warrenton, Mo., I believe, and it was necessary to get some man who understood Russian to interpret some of the testimony of witnesses in the case. I asked the young man if he could fill such a position, and he said that he could. When I told him he would have to leave that night I noticed that he hesitated. He finally said that he could not do so, because the holiday of the "Pessach" or Passover was just about to begin. This objection, when the man's family were actually in need of food, struck me as so absurd and foolish that I cried:

"'D—— the Pessach, man. Your wife and children need bread and meat, and you ought not to throw it away!'

"I turned to Rabbi Spitz and asked:

"'Am I not right, Mr. Spitz?' and he instantly answered:

"'You are not entirely wrong?'

"But the man flatly declined to accept the place, and Rabbi Spitz excused him on the ground that his father and forefathers had never missed the feast of the Passover, and the man could not bring himself to do it. Why, sir, there are Hebrews here who belong to the synagogues and who do not pretend to observe the Passover beyond eating leavened bread. Their stores are kept open through the holiday, which lasts properly eight days, and while their wives and children go to the synagogue the men themselves go to work just as usual. Why should that poor devil throw away food that his family needed because the Passover was about to begin? If it was because his forefathers never failed to observe Passover why, Hebrews of to-day should wear no clothes, because their forefather, Adam, certainly wore none in the Garden of Eden.

"It is true that I am now not of the Hebrew faith, but a believer in ethical culture instead, but I contend that I have shown no irreverence for a religious observance in this case. Rabbi Spitz's attack is based upon his personal dislike to me, and only upon that. The man himself was in to see me only yesterday, still looking for a position. I am glad to help any fellow-Hebrew. It is a matter of race with me, not of creed."

REAL ESTATE INTERESTS.

Too Late to Close a $125,000 Purchase of Washington Avenue Property.

It developed to-day that G. S. Myer of the Liggett & Myer Tobacco Co. was the party who was negotiating for the purchase of 500 feet of ground on Washington avenue, between Nineteenth and Twenty-first streets, referred to a few days since in these columns. As stated at that time $250 a foot was the purchase price agreed upon. One block of the ground fronting 376 feet is on the north side of the avenue, and the other portion, 163 feet front, is on the south line. When the original report was published it stated that the intention of the prospective purchasers was to improve the locality with a building similar in style and dimensions to the Liggett & Myer building on the south side of Washington avenue, between Tenth and Eleventh streets. That report has since been confirmed, but it now appears that Mr. Myer cannot buy the ground at the price he expected. According to talk upon the street that is his own fault. A specified time to close the deal was agreed upon between the parties interested. Mr. Myer, intentionally or otherwise, allowed the time to pass without securing his privilege. It is said that a full day had passed when Mr. Myer walked into Charles Green's office, late in the afternoon, with a check for $5,000 in his hand to close the deal. Mr. Green refused to take the check with the remark: "You are too late, sir."

"Your time expired yesterday. You can't buy the property now for anything near that price. If you get the ground you will have to pay more for it."

Mr. Myer had no legal defense to make. He had rested too long upon his rights. When time had worn them out Mr. Green came to the front and protected his interests, and that is why the property has not been sold yet.

SALES OF THE DAY.

F. W. Mott & Co. have sold the ten-room stone front dwelling, No. 6926 Michigan avenue, for $6,000 to Hon. J. C. McGinnis. The property, on the corner of Quincy street, includes a 63-foot lot. Dr. Joseph S. Leslie was the grantor. The same firm also sold a lot of 60 feet front on the west side of Michigan avenue, between Dover and Caldwell streets, for $720, from George H. Hall to Sadie E. Hall.

Chas. H. Gleason & Co. report the following sales:

Semple avenue—West side, north of Easton avenue, a 50x170 foot lot, owned by Rev. Alex Walker sold at $16 per foot to the Steidle Floral Co.

Semple avenue—West side, north of Easton, in Arlington Heights, a 50x170 foot lot, owned by Mrs. Fannie M. Roff, sold at $16 per foot, to Mr. John Birsner.

C. C. Nicholls report, the following sales:

Berlin avenue—South side, a 50x220-foot lot, 184 feet east of King's highway, at $65 a foot from W. Goldstein to Mrs. Jane Shedd; Berlin—South side, 250 feet west of Euclid, a 100x220-foot lot at $62.50 a foot from Wm. Goldstein to Hy Burbank.

Gerhart & Co. report the sale of a 30x145-foot lot on the south side of Bell avenue, between Sarah and Whittier streets, at $65 a foot from Geo. A. Bemis to W. J. Murray, who is going to build a $6,000 residence upon the site.

LINDELL AVENUE.

A sale of vacant ground on Lindell avenue is reported at $150 a foot by the firm of Papin & Tontrup, representing the purchaser, and C. C. Nicholls acting for the grantor. The lot has a front of 60¼ feet by a depth of 145 on the north line of Lindell avenue, about 600 feet west of Cabanne street, adjoining Mrs. Beyburn's home place. Henry Burbank owned the place. It was sold to Geo. Niedringhaus, his intention, it is said, being to improve the locality with a residence which shall compare favorably with the finest houses on the avenue.

Henry Hiemenz, Jr., reports the following sale:

St. Vincent street—Northeast corner of Nebraska street, a 35x125 foot lot, from the Empire Investment Co. to J. G. King at $32 a foot. John S. King, another real estate agent, reports this sale at $35 a foot.

Geyer avenue—No. 1007, a 25x125 foot lot and a ten-room brick house, from the Empire Investment Co. to Wenzel and Mary Holly for $2,875.

Cabanne place—North side, a 50x200 foot lot, between Belt and Union avenues, at $36 a foot, from A. L. Messmore to Charles W. Thierry, who is going to build a home there.

The R. C. Greer Real Estate Co. report the following sales:

Old Manchester road—Nos. 1212 and 1214, a two-story building arranged for store-room and tenements, renting at $80 a month, premises fronting 50x140 feet, owned by Mrs. S. Quinn and Margaret O'Brien; sold for $7,500 to J. W. Worthington. The store-rooms of this property are now occupied for public school purposes.

Greer avenue—South side, between Euclid and Marcus avenues, a 50x155-foot lot, from R. C. Greier at $20 a foot to A. Hoover, who is going to build a dwelling upon the premises.

Chareton street—No. 2805, between Oregon and California avenues, one of three new frame houses of three rooms each and a 25x130 foot lot, for $1,200; from E. W. Greer to Joseph Ponsky.

Rutledge & Horton have moved into their new office at No. 1005 Chestnut street.

Men's Shoes at the Globe.

Good ones at $1.50, $2, $2.50 and $3. Also finest hand-sewed French calf and kangaroo at $5.
GLOBE, 708 to 712 Franklin avenue.

POOLED THEIR STOCK.

Circular Addressed to Stockholders of the Baltimore Sugar Refining Co.

BALTIMORE, Md., May 1.—A circular has been addressed to the stockholders of the Baltimore Sugar Refining Co., as follows:

We have united with a number of stockholders of the Baltimore Sugar Refining Co. to pool the voting power of our stock in the Mercantile Trust & Deposit Co. for a period of five years. We think it proper that we should give you notice of this fact, that you may, if you please, also sign the agreement.
F. LEVERING & Co.,
W. W. SPENCE,
WM. B. WILSON.

The pooling of the voting power of the stock places it beyond the power of outside interests to get control of the refinery for the period of five years. Trust certificates can be dealt in to represent the stock.

WEDDING GIFTS.
EUCHRE PRIZES.
CLASS RINGS and MEDALS.
ENGRAVED INVITATIONS for SCHOOLS, ETC.

To obtain of the above the choicest the world produces at prices much lower than is asked elsewhere for inferior qualities you should patronize the
MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
Corner Broadway and Locust.
Write for Catalogue 2,000 Eng.; Sent Free.

Tampering With Fire Alarm Boxes.

Small boys have of late been tampering with several of the fire alarm boxes in the North and West Ends. Yesterday Officer McCarty of the Fourth District found the key-hole of the box at Eleventh and Hebert streets plugged with grains of corn. These would have prevented the insertion of the key in case of a fire in the vicinity. The offense is a serious one, and strict measures will be taken in the case of any person caught at the nefarious work.

GALA day at beautiful Hazelwood. Grand concert. Refreshments served. Free ride there and return. See our ad., page 6.

Led Her Astray.

John Busch, 28, employed by the Schultz Belting Co., 402 Barton street, is charged by Rosy Stautz, aged 17, with leading her astray under promise of marriage. She is only two years in this country and met Busch at a boarding house in North St. Louis. A warrant has been issued for Busch.

THE Ericsson is occupied by bachelors only; the married men are not in it.

SICK HEADACHE—Carter's Little Liver Pills
SICK HEADACHE—Carter's Little Liver Pills
SICK HEADACHE—Carter's Little Liver Pills
SICK HEADACHE—Carter's Little Liver Pills

WAS SHE A SPY?

Sallie Hanley Hired as Mrs. Barnaby's Summer Companion,

BUT SECRETLY FORWARDED LETTERS TO DR. T. THATCHER GRAVES.

Some of the Parties in the Mysterious Poisoning Case Lose Temper and Talk Out—Harsh Words About the Wealthy Widow—The Mountain Guide Makes a Statement.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., May 1.—The detectives and newspaper representatives are clearing up the mystery surrounding the death of Mrs. Josephine A. Barnaby, the wealthy widow who received at Denver the poisoned flask of "fine" whisky which caused her death. The flask was mailed as coming from "friends in the woods." Dr. T. Thatcher Graves, her confidential adviser, said that Edward Bennett, an Adirondack guide, who, he suspected, was too intimate with Mrs. Barnaby during her visit to the mountains or "the woods," as she used to say, was probably the person who sent it. Bennett, an honest fellow, has been found at his mountain home and he tells a story. He said:

"When Mrs. Barnaby came here on June 28 last she expressed a wish to purchase this cottage. Her maid overheard the conversation and undoubtedly communicated the same to Dr. Graves by mail. In a few days Mrs. Barnaby got a letter from Dr. Graves substantially forbidding the purchase. Dr. Graves wrote Mrs. Barnaby that he was not satisfied with her conduct, and he ordered her about like a slave in his letters. Mrs. Barnaby read the letter to my wife and me.

"I then charged that Miss Hanley, who was sent to Mrs. Barnaby by Dr. Graves as a servant, was really a detective, and I know that she privately wrote him a letter every day. Graves then wanted Mrs. Barnaby to invest in some Colorado scheme, and she said herself he wanted her to go to Cuba in company with Miss Hanley."

Mrs. Worrell, of Chester, Pa., who accompanied Mrs. Barnaby on her trip West, and who was poisoned by a toddy made from the mysterious flask, says: For Mrs. Barnaby she wrote to Dr. Graves asking him to send her will, of which he was made custodian. After reading its provisions, one of which left him $50,000, Dr. Graves replied that he could not send it and Mrs. Barnaby then set to work and made another will, cutting Dr. Graves off with $25,000 and giving the will to a lawyer named Rose. Graves did not know of this will, though Mrs. Worrell says he could not mistake the fact that she was suspicious of him, though still admiring him.

Sallie Hanley, who has also been found, now serving as a dentist's assistant, enters a general denial of any understanding with Dr. Graves.

Dr. Graves seems to be faring worst at his own hands. He has made several statements which sound queer. He says he promised before leaving Denver with Mrs. Barnaby's body not to talk, but declines to say to whom he made that promise. Still he said: "I was perfectly thunderstruck when I reached Mr. Worrell's house in Denver and found Mrs. Barnaby dead, especially when it was said that she had probably been poisoned. I hadn't thought of such a thing. I hadn't dreamed of such a thing."

Although the doctor denied knowing about any will of Mrs. Barnaby's in his favor, his mother told a reporter in the plainest terms that she knew such a will was made, and the doctor was a large beneficiary.

When Dr. Graves reached home his wife was absent at Worcester, Mass., on her way to Danielsonville, in compliance with the following telegram received the previous day:

CHICAGO, April 27, 1891.

To Mrs. Dr. T. Thatcher Graves, Providence, R. I.:

Meet me at Danielsonville Tuesday morning sure.
(Signed) THATCHER.

This telegram Dr. Graves pronounced as bogus, and sent to his wife the following that day:

PROVIDENCE, R. I., April 27, 1891.

C. W. Royce, or Mrs. T. Thatcher Graves, Bay State House, Worcester, Mass.:

That telegram was bogus. I am at home, and propose to stay here.
(Signed) T. THATCHER GRAVES.

While apparently irate about this telegram Dr. Graves made the following statement:

"I was begged and pleaded with to become her agent three times. Mrs. Barnaby was erratic, did things which excited talk and made reasonable grounds for the scandals that were afloat. It is for the sake of the family that endeavors have been made to hide these things; it is for the sake of the daughters that I am asked to remain silent on a good many things, and I must do so for their sakes.

"Mrs. Barnaby had many lovers. Some of them were vile. It was this penchant for company of the opposite sex that made the trouble in the party in the woods at Blue Mountain lakes, up in the Adirondacks, last summer. Mrs. Bennett became aware of the intimacy between her husband, Edward A. Bennett, and Mrs. Barnaby, and raised a rumpus at once. She swore that Mrs. Barnaby should never come there to see her husband again.

It is all bosh that I influenced her to make a will; it is all bosh that I had ever drawn a will for her; and for all I know, except from idle street rumor, I am not a beneficiary under the will.

MRS. WORRELL AT PHILADELPHIA.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., May 1.—Mrs. Worrell, who is now at home, gives the following account of the poisoning: "On the day we took the poison we visited the ranch of my son Edward, near Denver, and when we arrived at his home in the city we were both very tired. I disrobed and got into bed, and Mrs. Barnaby said: 'I think some of that whisky will relieve our fatigue.' She poured some out in a glass and handed it to me. She then took a small portion herself. I took a mouthful, and the strange sour taste caused me to remark: 'What vile stuff this is.' Mrs. Barnaby was sipping her portion. Hardly had I swallowed that contained in my glass when I was taken violently ill with convulsions and vomiting. Mrs. Barnaby was attacked a few moments later. The doctors were summoned and worked with us nearly all night. Early the next morning we were pronounced out of danger. Mrs. Barnaby caught a slight cold on the following Friday and congestion of the lungs caused her death. We have not the slightest idea where the poison came from, only that it was postmarked Boston. The writing was not familiar, but from the sentence 'friends in the woods,' Mrs. Barnaby thought it might possibly be from Mr. Bennett."

City News.

To-morrow 150 styles men's cassimere and worsted suits, $4.50, $6, $7.50 and $10. Finest Baltimore merchant tailor suits—Prince Alberts, sacks and cutaways, $12.50 to $25.
GLOBE, 708 to 712 Franklin av.

A CARD

To the Public:

Miller & Stephenson China and Glass Co.

WILL CLOSE THEIR STORE

To-morrow (Saturday) to Mark and Arrange an Immense

BANKRUPT STOCK

Of Dinner Sets, Chamber Sets, Bric-a-Brac, Lamps, Onyx-Top Tables and fine satin-finished Cut Glass bought from Henry G. Marshall, Assignee of A. de Riesthal & Co., 55 Murray street, N.Y., who were one of the largest importers in New York and failed for a large amount. These goods were bought at 40 cents on the dollar and comprise some of the most

- - - Stupendous Bargains - - -

We have ever seen. We have also purchased from Messrs. Bawo & Dotter, Chas. Ahrenfeldt & Son and L. Strauss & Sons, the three largest importing houses in New York City, all their import samples of fine Art Pottery from all the celebrated factories of the Old World at prices far below the cost of production. These specimens are always painted by the best artists and command a higher price than any reproductions. Besides this, no reproductions of these specimens will be in the United States before next Fall. This is a rare opportunity to secure wedding presents at prices far below their real value.

Our Store Will Be Closed Saturday, May 2, and Open Again Monday Morning, May 4,

For this grand sale, and we advise all our friends to take advantage of this great low-priced sale, as we can affirm positively that in all our experience we have never seen such bargains.

For further particulars see Sunday paper.

Remember, Sale Commences Monday Morning, May 4.

MILLER & STEPHENSON CHINA AND GLASS CO.,
BROADWAY AND ST. CHARLES.

Switchman John McCormack Injured.

About 12:30 o'clock this morning while John McCormack was switching at Main and Convent streets an insecure door of a freight car fell on his right foot, crushing the member. McCormack was sent in an ambulance to the Missouri Pacific Hospital. The injured man is 23 years old and single.

MORE ROOM TO CHICAGO!

A THIRD BUFFET SLEEPER

(With Compartments) Added to

THE SUPERB VESTIBULED LIMITED,

Leaving St. Louis 8:10 P. M., Arriving at Chicago 7:15 A. M.

Travelers are no longer compelled to take inferior lines because of lack of room on the Wabash.

TICKET OFFICES, S. E. Cor. Broadway and Olive St. and Union Depot.

GENTS' SOLID GOLD WATCHES, $35 TO $150.

A wonderful increase in the sale of Mermod & Jaccard's (Broadway & Locust street) gent's gold watches is an evidence beyond all question of their superior merit, quality and low price.

If you intend to purchase a watch call and see this wonderful stock or write for catalogue of 2,000 engravings mailed free.

A DANGEROUS "GUARDIAN."

L. D. Alexander, Colored, Charged With Some Peculiarly Sharp Practices.

An investigation is now in progress which may seriously inconvenience a colored man named L. D. Alexander. Yesterday afternoon Mrs. Bettie Smith, a colored woman living at 916 Garrison avenue, went before Assistant Prosecuting Attorney Estep at the Four Courts and made complaint that Alexander was conspiring to defraud her of her property. Mrs. Smith says that three years ago her husband died, leaving her a farm near Moberly, Mo. She was approached by Alexander, who represented to her that she would be compelled to have a guardian, and succeeded in inducing her to have him qualified as such. The property paid a rental of $50 per month. Last month no money was forthcoming and a letter was sent by Mrs. Smith to Dennis Hogan, in whose charge the Moberly property was placed. Hogan, she says, answered that he had received a deed purporting to have been signed by Mrs. Smith transferring the property to Alexander. Mrs. Smith says that she signed no such document and wishes to call Alexander to account. An investigation is being made through the assistance of the authorities at Moberly.

Alexander has been in similar scrapes before. Early in February an old colored woman named Mrs. Sallie Johnson, living at 2124 Lucas avenue, made complaint against Alexander, saying that he had obtained from her $20 by means of false and fraudulent representations. According to her statement, Alexander had told her that he was a regularly admitted attorney at the St. Louis bar and on the strength of this and other statements of a similar nature she had placed in his hands an action for damages which she wished to bring in the Circuit Court. She paid Alexander $20 in advance but nothing was done in her case. Then she discovered that the negro was not an attorney. Alexander was held over on preliminary examination, but the March Grand-jury ignored the action against him, Mrs. Johnson not having sufficient testimony to establish her case. Alexander now lives in the rear of 2318 Washington avenue.

"CRUSHED ROSES" for the teeth refreshes the breath, prevents decay, hardens the gums and leaves the mouth as fragrant and sweet as the Crushed Rose. 25c per bottle. For sale at all druggists and dry goods.

BOTH MEN ACQUITTED.

A Jury Clears Charles Davis and John King of a Robbery Charge.

A second verdict returned last night by the jury which heard the evidence in the case of robbery in the first degree against Charles Davis and John King, was opened this morning in the Criminal Court. Both of the defendants were acquitted. The men, with Wm. Roban, were indicted for holding up one Joseph Papliosky, 2214 Carr street, on the night of April 7, 1890, and stealing from his person a gold watch of the value of $45. Roban was released on bail. He jumped his bond and is now serving a term in the penitentiary at Joliet for a burglary committed in Illinois. King is still held on another case.

THE place for people to buy homes is beautiful Hazelwood. See our ad., page 6. Come.

A Runaway Boy.

The police have been requested to apprehend and arrest 15-year-old Frank Goodman, who ran away from his home in St. Clair County, Illinois, on last Monday. The boy was seen in East St. Louis and his father, Mr. J. C. Goodman, is now in this city in search of the errant. The boy is of medium height with dark complexion, dark eyes and black hair.

FREE spread at great auction sale at Hazelwood. See our ad., page 6. Come.

DID NOT SALT THE MINE.

Depositions in the Suit of Officer Mansfield Against Broker Wernse.

The entire forenoon and a part of the afternoon to-day were taken up in Judge Valliant's court in the reading of depositions in the suit of Police Officer Nicholas Mansfield against Wm. F. Wernse for the recovery of $700 he invested in the Queen of Sheba mine of Arizona, which was placed here by the defendant. The depositions were presented by Mr. Wernse, who acted as his own attorney, and they showed that the Queen of Sheba mine adjoined the Vikol, which was a valuable property; that the formation of the two properties was the same, and that the mine in question was believed by many people to be a valuable one; also that Arthur H. Elliott, the Western Union telegraph operator, whom Wernse claims to have represented in the transaction, was a man of good reputation. Elliott owned the mine before it was sold to the St. Louis investors.

None of the witnesses knew anything about the alleged salting of the mine, which the plaintiff claims was done in order to induce St. Louis investors to put their money into the property. Elliott's deposition was also read. He denies having salted the mine and denies all knowledge of the alleged salting. He claims that the Queen of Sheba is still a valuable mining property and that it only needs development to establish its value.

Ruined Their Credit.

The trial of the damage suit of James Mitchell, R. D. Mitchell and J. H. Smith, forming the partnership firm of Mitchell, Smith & Co. of Sugar Loaf, Claiborne County, Ark., against the Bradstreet Co. will be commenced this afternoon in Judge Valliant's court. The plaintiffs carried on a general merchandising business at Sugar Loaf for several years prior to Nov. 28, 1889, and they claim that their business was broken up by a publication by *Bradstreet* of a statement to the effect that they had made an assignment. They claim that the publication ruined their credit in St. Louis, and that goods being shipped to them were stopped in transit and that loans which were being made to assist them in tiding over a bad cotton year were withdrawn. They were then compelled to make an assignment, and they now ask the court to compel Bradstreet to pay them $20,000 damage. The special jury is composed of John A. Lockett, Peter T. Tammany, Chas. H. Taylor, Edw. F. Thacker, F. H. Thomas, Thos. V. Thompson, R. H. Tontrup, Henry V. Topping, James E. Towers, Thos. D. Townsend, Richard Tunstall and Wm. Hake, Jr.

Bridget Foley's Damage Suit.

The $10,000 damage suit of Mrs. Bridget Foley against the Cass Avenue & Fair Grounds Railway Co. is being tried before a special jury in court-room No. 3 to-day. Mrs. Foley was a passenger on car No. 20 of the Cass avenue line on Sept. 12, 1890, and in stepping off the car at Eighth street and Franklin avenue, fell or was thrown down and one of her legs broken. She claims that the car was started again before she was fully off the car. The jury is composed of Joseph F. Leighton, Joseph S. Larkin, Geo. J. Leiber, Harry Leighton, Robert H. Leonhardt, Wm. H. Lepere, Chas. Lewedag, Edw. S. Lewis, Louis F. Lichtenstein, Morris J. Lippman, Sam M. Long and Henry B. Lawrence. Mr. John D. Johnson is prosecuting the suit and ex-Congressman Frank is defending.

Commissioner Mansfield Reappointed.

The State Circuit Court met in general term this morning, with Judge Withrow presiding, and reappointed Fielding Mansfield Jury Commissioner, the appointment to date from to-day and continue four years, or until his successor is appointed. Judges Dillon, Fisher, Klein and Valliant of the Circuit and Judge Normile of the Criminal Court voted for Mansfield, and Judge Withrow for John H. Fisse.

New Ammonia and Chemical Company.

Articles of incorporation were taken out today by the Pacific Ammonia and Chemical Co. The capital stock is $20,000 in $100 shares, half paid up and held by Edward Mallinckrodt, 180 shares; A. D. Warner, 60 shares, and O. S. Biebinger, 10 shares.

In the Probate Court.

The will of Mrs. Christina Kauppadschedag was probated to-day. Her daughter, Francisca Schulte, is to receive $400, and the balance of the estate is to be divided equally between the remaining children, John, Frank and Maria, and the children of her deceased daughter Elizabeth. Stephen Machen, brother of the testatrix, is appointed executor.

The will of August Schulte, made Sept. 10, 1880, was filed for probate to-day, the wife being made sole legatee and devisee of the property of the deceased.

SOUVENIR SPOONS, $1 TO $5.

It is acknowledged that the greatest collection of beautiful spoons in America is that of the Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., Broadway and Locust street.

Also souvenir cups and saucers, $1 to $10.

GAVE THEM THE SLIP.

A Detained Italian Immigrant Escapes From Custody.

NEW YORK, May 1.—Gennaro Zuccarrello, a detained Italian immigrant, and who is said to be an ex-convict, walked out of the Supreme Court chambers yesterday and escaped. He arrived here four days ago and was detained by Col. Weber at the barge office until he could be sent back to Italy. He had friends, however, who engaged Ambrose H. Purdy to secure his release. Mr. Purdy secured a writ of habeas corpus requiring Mr. Weber to produce the man in court yesterday morning. The Italian had been placed on board a ship to be returned to Italy, and Col. Weber gave the captain of the vessel permission to take the Italian to court. The mate of the vessel acted as escort to the Italian and had him in court yesterday morning. While the counsel were arguing the question of an adjournment of the case some of Zuccarello's friends requested the mate to allow the prisoner to go out and get a drink. They assured the mate that they would be right back. The mate did not seem to realize his responsibility and allowed the Italian to go out. When Mr. Purdy and Assistant United States District Attorney Mott had finished their arguments the prisoner could not be found. They waited some time but he did not return, and then they started out to search for him. Up to last accounts he had not been found.

ARRIVALS AT BALTIMORE.

BALTIMORE, Md., May 1.—Baltimore is becoming quite a port of entry to immigrants. Three thousand two hundred and sixty-seven immigrants arrived at Locust Point yesterday, on the North German Lloyd steamships Dresden and Hermann, both of which came from Bremen. This is the largest number of immigrants that ever arrived in the port of Baltimore on one day.

ALL of our beautiful women are using Spanish Court Face Powder, 25c per box.

AUCTION sale at Hazelwood. See our ad., page 6. Everyone buy a home

Chicken Thieves Make a Haul.

Chicken thieves made a raid on John Bauer's hennery, 2932 St. Vincent avenue, last night and carried away all but the heads of seventeen thoroughbred Plymouth Rocks, leghorns and white and brown Spanish fowls. A few nights previous Mr. Bauer's neighbor's chicken-coop was stripped of more than a dozen birds. Gunning for chicken thieves is now in order at night in that locality.

SOLITAIRE DIAMOND RINGS $15 TO $1,000.

It is becoming universally known not only in St. Louis but all over the United States that the best place to purchase Diamonds and obtain the finest qualities and greatest value for the money, as well as the most beautiful settings, is at
MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
Cor. Broadway and Locust.
Write for catalogue, 2,000 engravings, sent free.

Number of Immigrants Landed.

NEW YORK, May 1.—There have been 60,449 immigrants landed during April at this port, the highest number for April since 1882, when 453,450 were landed. The number landed last April was 49,084.

Brought back to health—sufferers from the worst forms of Skin and Scalp Diseases, Scrofulous Sores and Swellings, and all manner of blood-taints. It's done by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, which purifies and enriches the blood, and through it cleanses and renews the whole system. Even Lung-scrofula (known as Pulmonary Consumption) yields to it, if taken in time and given a fair trial. It's *guaranteed* to benefit or cure, in every case, or money paid for it is refunded. Only a medicine that does what is claimed for it, could be sold on such terms. No other medicine, besides the "Discovery" has undertaken it.

So positively certain is it in its curative effects as to *warrant* its makers in selling it, as they are doing, through druggists, *on trial!*

It's especially potent in curing Tetter, Salt-rheum, Eczema, Erysipelas, Boils, Carbuncles, Sore Eyes, Goitre, or Thick Neck, and Enlarged Glands, Tumors and Swellings. Great Eating Ulcers rapidly heal under its benign influence.

OVER !
$6.50, $7.00, $7.50.
ON THE Missouri Pacific R'y.
the Handsomest Suburb in
Farish, General Managers.
OK OUT!
New Styles
and Low Prices.
ve them—see them.
Bedroom Parlor SUITS
g Suits, 8 pieces, $30
n Suits, 4 pieces, $15
have better goods and plainer goods.
ourth St.
HE BATH
LUXURY.
ABOTEAU
ABOTEAU'S
K HEADACHE
Positively cured by these Little Pills.
L. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch,

PUBLISHED BY

THE DISPATCH PUBLISHING CO.

JOSEPH PULITZER, President.

TERMS OF THE DAILY.

One year, postage paid, every afternoon and Sunday morning	$10 00
Six months	5 00
Three months	2 50
By the week (delivered by carrier)	15
By the month (delivered by carrier)	65
Sunday edition, by mail, per year	2 00

Subscribers who fail to receive their paper regularly will confer a favor upon us by reporting the same to this office by postal card.

All business or news letters or telegrams should be addressed

POST-DISPATCH,
513 Olive st.

POSTAGE.

Entered at the Post-office, St. Louis, Mo., as Second-class matter.

DOMESTIC.	Per Copy
Eight to sixteen pages	1 Cent
Eighteen to thirty-two pages	2 Cents

FOREIGN.

Daily or Sunday	8 Pages	1 Cent
	10 to 16 Pages	2 Cents
	18 to 24 Pages	3 Cents
	26 to 36 Pages	4 Cents

TELEPHONE NUMBERS.

Editorial Rooms	285
Business Office	284

London Office, 32 Cockspur Street, Charing Cross.
New York Bureau, Room 86, Pulitzer Building, Max H. Fischer, Manager.

THE SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

AVERAGE CIRCULATION.

1888	27,058
1889	29,905
1890	44,858

TEN PAGES.

FRIDAY, MAY 1, 1891.

AMUSEMENTS TO-NIGHT.

OLYMPIC—"The Liliputians."
POPE'S—"A Barrel of Money."
STANDARD—Sheridan & Flynn's Vaudeville Co.
HAVLIN'S—"Honest Hearts and Willing Hands."
ENTERTAINMENT HALL—"The Hustler."

MATINEES TO-MORROW.

OLYMPIC—"The Liliputians."
POPE'S—"A Barrel of Money."
STANDARD—Sheridan & Flynn's Vaudeville Co.
HAVLIN'S—"Honest Hearts and Willing Hands."
ENTERTAINMENT HALL—"The Hustler."

Weather forecast for twenty-four hours, beginning at 8 a. m. to-day, for Missouri: Clearing; cooler, with a light frost; variable winds.

Weather forecast for twenty-four hours, beginning at 8 a. m. to-day, for St. Louis: Fair; stationary temperature.

THE final responsibility for the character of the Board of Public Improvements rests with the Council.

MR. MAYOR and gentlemen of the Council, shall we have a business or a boodle government for the next four years?

THE test of the question whether the city or the Mayor has the controlling interest in the Council will be made to-night.

IT will be very easy for the Mayor to surprise the city. A "slate" based on fitness is something which the wildest imagination does not dare to suggest.

THE case of ex-Senator BLAIR shows that while the wholesale abuse of foreigners has its advantages from the standpoint of domestic politics it sometimes has its drawbacks.

THE closing of all the gambling saloons in the city is one great gain which Chicago enjoys from the recent election, but exactly how much advantage she has over St. Louis cannot be determined until Mayor Noonan's "slate" has been sent in and acted upon by the council.

THE recent growth of the want advertisements in the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH has merely reflected the growth in the city circulation of our Sunday issue. The SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH is the family paper of St. Louis and its want advertisements are read by everybody.

EX-SENATOR BLAIR is right in remarking that the Mission to Japan is about as good for him as the mission to China. The difference in the distances of the two countries from the United States is not great enough to affect the result as far as the ex-Senator's fellow-citizens are concerned.

THE Police Court appointments will probably show who is steering the present city Administration. The action of the Council thereon will also show who got up the ticket for the last Democratic Convention, and in a day or two many Democrats who voted the ticket will be classed as independents and kickers.

THE question of known circulation continues to occupy the attention of advertisers East as well as west, and all the advertising trade publications are discussing it. Thus far no advertiser has been found to indorse the opinion that of a newspaper's circulation is private business and should be kept secret.

THE revelation that the President of the Ninth National Bank of New York was able to steal over $400,000 during a period of four years tends to shake confidence in the security afforded by the national banking system. Bank supervision which permits such rascality to continue for years under its nose must be of a most careless and inefficient sort. The directors of that bank merit all the losses they may sustain through the dishonesty of the President.

IF the Missouri Republican League clubs will adopt the letter of President CLARKSON as their platform, they will be in good shape for supporting President HALL of the Farmers' Alliance as a combination candidate for Governor, in case his combination with Gov. FRANCIS fails to get him the Democratic nomination. It is understood that if the Farmers' Alliance cannot make a satisfactory deal with the Democrats on the Governorship and Senatorship, the Hall outfit will be ready for a similar deal with the Republicans, extending to every county and Congressional district. As the Francis-Hall combination is likely to go to pieces on the rock of Senator COCKRELL's popularity, the Republicans should begin to prepare now for the fine trading facilities in store for them.

LONG SERVICE IN CONGRESS.

In an article on "The Cause of Southern Influence" a Republican contemporary finds it in the fact that the South's representatives at Washington are renominated and re-elected, as a rule, until their experience and knowledge of public affairs secure them important places on committees and the leadership conceded to long and distinguished service. "The South," we are told, "treats its representatives more considerately and justly when they are found worthy of confidence than the North does."

It strikes us that the generalization goes farther than the facts warrant. Cases of long service in Congress are as common in New England and some of the other Eastern States as in the South, and are sufficiently numerous in the West and Northwest to show that men, chosen in the first place on account of their superior merit, are pretty sure to be renominated and re-elected, North or South, so long as their constituents are pleased with their records and retain the idea of their superior ability.

The short terms of Western Congressmen are mostly the result of unsatisfactory nominations made by machine methods. In the South circumstances have long impressed the people with the necessity of sending their ablest and truest representatives to Washington. The contest for the party nomination is therefore a purely intellectual one, fought out by able competitors in joint debate before the voters of every precinct, who generally choose the one whose speeches mark him as the most earnest and able representative of their views of government measures and policy. The ability that thus wins a nomination and election generally makes its mark in Congress and keeps its possessor long in public life and high in the esteem of his constituents.

This process produces essentially the same results as the "town meeting" influence in New England politics, and will be more prevalent in the West as the population becomes more settled, better acquainted with each other, and less inclined to leave nominations to local party bosses and machine riggers.

SPARE THAT BOARD.

It is to be hoped that the Board of Public Improvements at least will be kept out of the bargaining and wire-pulling with reference to the appointment slate.

The people of St. Louis are entitled to the best official service that can be had for the salaries paid, no matter what the office, and they will raise any salary when found insufficient to command the best qualifications. It is the most important duty of Mayor and Council to recognize this right and to see that it is not subordinated to any other claim in filling the appointive offices.

There is no objection to the appointment of Democrats who possess the necessary qualifications and understand how the best service they can render the city is the best service they can possibly render their party in office.

But the appointment of men whose qualification is generally discredited, who have not the confidence of the public and from whom even their own party has withheld every mark of confidence, is a sample of personal government displeasing to the masses of all parties. It is recognized as an abuse of the appointing power to reward personal services; a degradation of public trusts to private uses and political "pulls" of the most questionable description.

In appointing members of the Board of Public Improvements, especially, it should be borne in mind that, in electing presidents of that board, the people have set a high standard of character and professional standing as a qualification for its membership, and that any lowering of that standard by Mayor and Council is to be deprecated with unusual emphasis at this time. The decisions and actions of the board for the next four years will be among the most important in its history, and the welfare of the city requires that they shall be directed by the highest special attainments, and be utterly free from any spoils machine complications or influence.

THE discussion of Mr. BLAINE's open attitude with reference to the Republican presidential nomination is in the nature of an absurdity. The embarrassing situation in which he would be placed should he permit an intimation to come from him that he is seeking the nomination must be apparent to any one. Whatever may be his private desires, if he says anything on the subject publicly he is bound to disclaim any effort to obtain the nomination or render his position in the Cabinet extremely unpleasant. Mr. BLAINE's attitude is controlled by his position.

IN the letter on which he was elected President of the League of Republican Clubs, Mr. CLARKSON intimates that it is the newly assumed mission of the Republican party to "repress the power of corporations and syndicated wealth," to "stop all trespass of wealth on the rights of the people," to "give the farmer everywhere the same benefit of his credit that the solvent townsman now has" and to guarantee "a currency in sympathetic volume with the demands of business." Imagine ROCKEFELLER, HUNTINGTON and CARNEGIE putting up a big campaign fund to help repress the power of syndicated wealth and stop all trespass of wealth on the rights of the people! It is easier to imagine this than to fancy the Republican party attempting any legislation disapproved by the representatives of our American plutocracy.

President and Party Flopping.

From the Chicago Tribune (Rep).

The ignorance, envy, and malice displayed by the McKinleyites are meeting gradually with their full and perfect reward. Last fall the country repudiated them with thunderous emphasis. Most of them lost their seats in Congress and were forced to earn their own living. To complete their misery the President, who refused to offend public sentiment by appointing them to vacant Government positions, now condemns their destructive policy, declares himself against their Chinese wall and in favor of the fullest and completest reciprocity so far as concerns the non-competitive products of other countries. A year ago the McKinleyites were brash and confident. To-day they are the most thoroughly discredited set of men in the United States. The country has repudiated them, the President has disowned them, and when their party gets a chance to express itself in national convention concerning their performances it will do so in no uncertain tones. Its safety lies in its promptly purging itself of this "perilous stuff" which has done mischief enough.

MEN OF MARK.

GEORGE FRANCIS TRAIN says he is living solely upon coffee.

THE Archbishop of Erlau, in Hungary, has a yearly revenue which amounts to $275,000.

THIRTY years ago James A Bailey of the Barnum & Bailey circus was a bell boy in a hotel.

SIR JOHN ROSS, Bart., a son of the General Ross who sacked Washington in 1814, is now visiting that city.

BARRY SULLIVAN, the famous English tragedian, is so very sick that his recovery is more than doubtful.

SENATOR QUAY is undecided whether to go abroad for the benefit of his health or to stay at home to repair his fences.

GRANT ALLEN, the English novelist and essayist, is a thin and intellectual-looking man of 45. His eyes are light blue and his hair gray.

GOV. HOGG of Texas has three bright children, two girls and a boy, whose names respectively are Ima Hogg, Ura Hogg and Moore Hogg.

SENOR GALDOS, a rising Spanish novelist, is a modest and retiring man, very fond of hemming handkerchiefs on a sewing machine when not engaged in writing.

JOHN PHILLIP SOUSA, the soldier who directs the United States Marine Band, is a composer. In addition to a number of symphonic compositions he has written two operas.

MR. NEBEKER, the new Treasurer of the United States, is a short, stout man, with a round and rather florid face, marked by a black mustache. He is about 40 years old.

THE Rev. David C. Kelley, who was suspended from the Methodist ministry for six months for running as a candidate for Governor of Tennessee on the Prohibition ticket, has been restored to favor.

POSTMASTER-GENERAL WANAMAKER is said to have received more flowers while the Presidential train was passing through the South than any other member of the party, and the Memphis *Avalanche* says: "His mild manners, Sunday-school face and high moral reputation seem to capture the fair sex everywhere."

WOMEN OF THE WORLD.

IT is sad to learn that Mary Anderson's reported baby is neither Romeo nor Juliet.

THE Princess Clotilde, widow of the late Prince Napoleon, is one of the bravest women known.

MISS EMMA EAVES, the young American singer, is, it is phispered, engaged to Julian Story, the artist.

LOUISE MICHEL has started a school in London, where she gives free instruction to forty poor children.

MME. PATTI says she was never so applauded, encored, raved over, flower-decked and enthused about as in Vienna.

MLLE. MELBA, the prima donna, with whom the young Duke of Orleans fell so madly in love when in Vienna, is an Australian woman of English parentage.

MISS ANNA E. DICKINSON will begin her lectures in the Broadway Theater, New York, on next Sunday evening, and her subject will be "Personal Liberty."

MRS. JENNIE M. LOZIER, the new President of Sorosis, is a physician herself, the wife of a physician, and daughter-in-law of the noted Clemence Lozier, one of the first women physicians in America.

NELLIE GRANT SARTORIS, aside from her domestic troubles, is said to be most fortunately situated. She has plenty of money and moves in the best English society, even being entertained by royalty.

THE Emperor William and the Empress Frederick have received a private intimation from Athens that the Duchess of Sparta has decided to join the Orthodox Greek Church. The Emperor is reported to be furious at his sister's perversion.

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

A. L. K.—Addresses of business firms are not published in this column.

WARD F.—The records of the Signal Service do not cover the years between 1860 and 1870.

READER.—Mathematical problems are not solved in this column. Water meters in this city measure the water by the gallon and not by the cubic foot.

SUBSCRIBER.—Lannon's record as a prize-fighter entitles him to a fair rank in that branch of industry.

A. B.—Electric street car motors can be run backwards or forwards by reversing the current without changing the position of the trolley. The current is reversed by shifting the lever at the front of the motor to the right or to the left.

No Obstacle to True Love.

From the Cloak Review.

"Young man," said the stern father, "do you realize that my daughter is in the habit of wearing dresses that cost all the way from $50 to $100?"

"I do," replied the young man, firmly, "and, sir," he continued, an exultant ring in his voice, "it was only the other night that we took an account of stock and found that she had enough of them to last three years ahead."

Could Tell the Selling Price.

From Puck.

Customer: "How much is that medicine worth?"

New Clerk: "I'd get fired right out if I told you that, sir."

Mr. F. L. Marshall,

Representing the POST-DISPATCH on 'Change, will be on the floor during business hours and will call on merchants who desire to make use of the POST-DISPATCH market reports. Telephone 284.

STILL IN THE DARK.

Politicians and Officeholders Waiting for the Mayor's Slate.

THE LORD HIGH SLATE-MAKER DODGING THE CANDIDATES.

Some of the Reports Afloat To-Day—One of the Slated Candidates Retires From the Field—Surprises Looked For When the Council Meets This Evening—Some Who Are Sure of Appointments.

At the City Hall to-day the only subject of conversation was the slate. There were enough slates around to roof the City Hall building. They were all different and all wrong. Some of the roundabout logic that was brought to bear upon the appointing of one man and the removal of another was complicated enough to make the Mayor dizzy.

The office-seekers knew less than any one else, and every report was second-handed. Charles Ohm, Chief Deputy in the Water Assessor's office, had a story that Mr. Bell was not in it. Another story was that M. L. Holman, the Water Commissioner, would not be reappointed. "Who said so?" was asked of those circulating the report. "Why, George Burnet."

The President of the board was seen and questioned. He had heard from a friend of Brown's that Brown had been offered Holman's job with the assurance that in any event Holman must go. Mr. Burnet had, however, only heard this indirectly. As to Maj. Murphy not being Street Commissioner it was very evident from the Major's calm and satisfied air that he knew he was to be reappointed. Mr. Bell took the story about his being let out as a very good joke and refused to talk seriously about it.

UNKNOWING POLITICIANS.

On a venture an attempt was made by a POST-DISPATCH reporter to see what the various politicians and office-seekers knew.

They were all asked the same question.

Ed Butler was the first.

"What do you know to-day, Mr. Butler?"

"Not a thing."

"What do you know, Mr. Carlisle?"

"Not a thing."

"What do you know, Mr. O'Meara?"

"Not a thing."

"Good morning, Mr. McClellan; what do you know?"

"Not a thing."

Good morning, Mr. Street Commissioner, what do you know?"

"Nothing."

"What does the Clerk of the House know to-day?" was asked of Mr. Barrett.

"Nothing."

So it went down the line, Tim Scully, Jim Harrison, Capt. Able, Mr. Bell, Mr. Holman, Jim Brennan, in fact, not a man in the whole City Hall according to his own statement knew anything. They all started off on second-hand slate stories, however, and most of them had the customary stock of rumors on hand.

One story that was given general credence was that Billy Cullinane, the Councilman, had seen the whole slate. Mr. Cullinane was not about the Hall to-day.

The applicants for office have not given up the fight yet, and the customary "push" was in the Mayor's office waiting around to see his Honor.

THE MAYOR NOT VISIBLE.

His Honor the Mayor was not visible to-day. After hours of weary waiting the office seekers gave up in despair and went away. Secretary Brennan was very evasive in all his replies to questions as to where His Honor could be found and when he would be at the office. At 1 o'clock there was not an office-seeker left in the Mayor's office. They had given up the chase and decided to wait until to-night.

CAPT. LINDSAY'S CHANCES.

The most startling report on the subject of the slate afloat to-day is that the Mayor had decided to appoint Assistant Fire Chief Hester Chief of the Fire Department instead of Capt. John Lindsay. This caused much surprise and was discussed in a serious vein for the reason that men close to Mayor Noonan started the story and said it was well founded. Chief Lindsay's friends attached but little credence to it, however, and seemed satisfied that he would be reappointed. Chief Lindsay when spoken to on the subject smiled and said he would know more about the slate after it was submitted to the Council.

Deputy Sheriff Tom Skidmore, who has been on the slate for one of the district assessorships, is there no longer. At his own request, his name will not go into the Council. A friend of Mr. Skidmore said this morning that he could easily get the position, but has concluded to remain with Sheriff Staed. His retirement strengthens the chances of E. E. Guion, who wants to be Jailer. Guion hails from the same ward as Skidmore and Boiler Inspector McClellan. Guion's friends are sanguine of his success to-day and McClellan's friends are still alarmed over the candidacy of Central Committeeman Burke, who is in hot pursuit of the Boiler Inspectorship.

Another report which was given credence by Mayor Noonan's friends was that Counselor Bell was by no means out of the woods. Mr. Bell, however, is one of the officials the Mayor said openly he would reappoint as much as three weeks ago. Mr. Bell does not appear to be alarmed over the outlook.

HOLMAN'S FRIENDS ACTIVE.

Water Commissioner Holman's friends have by no means given up his case as hopeless. They are around to-day looking confident, and predicting his confirmation by a unanimous vote of the Council.

The "sure things" are given as follows today by Noonan politicians: Capt. Able, Harbor and Wharf Commissioner; M. G. Kern, Park Commissioner; R. R. Southard, Sewer Commissioner; Tim Scully, Assessor and Collector of Water Rates; E. E. Guion, Jailer; John Lohrum, Superintendent of the Work-house, Dr. Wm. N. Brennan, Health Commissioner; Thomas Morris, Judge of the First District Police Court; J. J. Butler, City Attorney; Fred Walsh, James Harrison and Joe Prendergast, District Assessors.

Judge Charles F. Cady, the veteran Judge of the Police Court, appears to have no prospect whatever of retention. The Mayor cannot forgive him for having opposed him years ago for Judge of the Court of Criminal Correction.

THROUGH A BRIDGE.

Serious Accident to the London-Brighton Express—Casualties.

LONDON, May 1.—While the Brighton Express, crowded with people on their way to business in the city, was crossing the bridge at Norwood, about seven miles south of London Bridge, this morning, the structure collapsed and six of the rear carriages fell into the bed of the shallow stream beneath. The carriages were smashed to atoms and very many of the passengers sustained more or less painful injuries, but not a person on board of the train was killed.

SUFFOCATED DURING A FIRE.

NEW YORK, May 1.—One of the chambermaids employed in the Rochester Hotel on Bleecker street was suffocated to death during a fire in the place early in the morning. The woman was still alive when rescued from her room at the top floor, but the moment she was removed to the open air she died. The damage will not exceed $75,000.

PIERCED THE HEART.

TROY, N. Y., May 1.—John Maner, brother of R. P. Maner, the inventor of many contrivances, has been employed by the Gilbert Car Works for many years. Among the machinery used are several machines in which a number of knives make 700 revolutions per minute. Yesterday one of these knives broke off and flew with awful velocity through the air, striking Mr. Maner in the left breast, sinking to the depth of over six inches, completely transfixing the heart. Mr. Maner died in less than two minutes. He was 65 years old and leaves a family.

ILLINOIS LEGISLATURE.

The Fight Over the Chicago Stock Yards Bill—Political Matters.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., May 1.—As a sequel to the queer action of the House Committee on Agriculture yesterday evening in substituting the Cherry stock yards bill, which had never been referred to that committee, another funny feature of legislation came up in the House this morning. When the report was made, Mr. Ramsay, whose bill had been selected by the sub-committee, moved to table the report that recommended the Cherry bill. This carried and the committee having recommended that the Ramsay bill and all the others lie on the table, a motion was immediately made to adjourn, which opened a big hole through which all stock yards bills were about to drop, leaving nothing in that line before the House. After a considerable racket, the motion to adjourn was shut off, and Mr. Ramsay was allowed to get in a montion to nonconcur on the committee report and advance his bill to a first reading. Mr. Ramsey made a gallant fight and won his point by a vote of 60 to 54 and the bill was placed on the calendar.

The special order in the House was the bill to increase the number of justices of the peace in Chicago, which was somewhat amended, passed and sent to the Senate, where the amendments were concurred in and the bill also passed by that body. An hour was spent in calling the roll on motions to take up bills out of the regular order, all of which failed. Mr. Nohes' bill to regulate mercantile agencies had an unfavorable report from the committee, and the author made a very creditable effort to have the House take it up, but failed.

The Senate passed the bill to protect labor unions in their trade marks, labels and emblems. Adjourned to Monday evening.

FARMERS' MOVEMENT IN IOWA.

DES MOINES, Io., May 1.—The nominating convention of the Iowa Farmers' Independent party will probably be held the first week in June. The convention will consist of ten delegates from each county in the State, or 990 delegates in all, if every county is represented. All existing parties will be ignored. The call is being circulated for signatures, and is being signed by members of all the farmers' organizations. The following circular letter accompanies the call:

The period has at last arrived when the friends of industrial reform in Iowa should associate themselves for independent political action. The movement is demanded by patriotic citizens in every part of the State without regard to former political affiliations. We think that an early State convention should be called, representatives of the National Farmers' Alliance, Farmers' Alliance and Industrial Union, Farmers' Mutual Benefit Association, State Grange, Knights of Labor, Trades Assemblies, United Mine Workers and all industrial organizations will be invited to participate, not as representative organizations, but as individuals.

SWEPT BY FIRE.

Pine and Cranberry Bog Region of New Jersey Devastated.

NEW YORK, May 1.—The most destructive fire of many years is raging in South Jersey. The great pine region and cranberry bog district from Pleasant Point and Bay Head on the north, down to Egg Harbor, sixty miles south, and from the Atlantic to points from thirty to forty miles inland is being swept by fire. Thousands and thousands of acres of pine and cedar timber have been burned, many towns have been threatened, dozens of houses have been destroyed and fears are entertained for the safety of people in the devasted country. So dense is the smoke that hangs over the burning forest that farmers going from town to town have to grope their way along the roads. Rain has not fallen in weeks and the inhabitants are unable to check the spread of the flames. At many places the residents have been forced to flee to the open country to save their lives, leaving their household goods behind to burn. At one place a sick woman, covered by water-soaked blankets, was carried out of her burning home in her bed. At a rough estimate the loss will be over a million dollars and many families will be impoverished.

RESIDENCE BURNED.

GREENFIELD, Ill., May 1.—The fine two-story residence, three miles southeast of here, belonging to Wm. Brooks of this city, and occupied by John Bell, was totally destroyed by fire between 1 and 4 o'clock this morning. Mr. Bell lost all of his household effects. Total loss is estimated at $4,500. No insurance. The origin of the fire is not known at this time.

A BOSTON BLAZE.

BOSTON, May 1.—The Codman building, adjoining the American House, was burned at midnight. Loss, about $70,000. The guests of the American House were frightened and many fled, but the building was not harmed. Several firemen were made unconscious by smoke and one was injured by a fall. Ladderman Hughes is still unconscious from the effects of smoke and may die.

A $10,000 FIRE.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., May 1.—The New Process Laundry and a portion of the Grand Central Hotel was destroyed by fire this morning. Loss, $10,000; insurance, $4,000.

MR. JOHN M. WHITE is connected with the advertising department of the POST-DISPATCH with the special object of writing up the business interests of St. Louis and vicinity.

DESERTED BY HER LOVER.

A Hungarian Girl Takes Oxalic Acid—Found Dead in the Park.

NEW YORK, May 1.—May Harbouchy of Munkaes, Hungary, took a fatal dose of oxalic acid Wednesday night and died at the Presbyterian Hospital yesterday. The failure of her sweetheart, Martin May, to marry her was the cause of her desperate act. She was occupying a flat at 427 East Eighty-third street, with Mrs. Cecilia Lawrence, supposed to be her cousin, and supported herself by making men's scarfs. Her postponed marriage was causing gossip among the neighbors. On Tuesday the girl got Mrs. Lawrence to purchase some oxalic acid for her. Wednesday she wrote to her sweetheart, asking him to meet her on the corner. The note was answered by May's mother in person, to whom the girl addressed her entreaties that May should marry her. The mother walked home with her, and it was upon her arrival there that Mary Harbouchy took the dose of oxalic acid. Drs. Meyer, Spetzer and two other physicians tried to save her life, and finally thought she was out of danger, but after being sent to the hospital she grew worse, and finally died as stated.

DEAD IN THE PARK.

NEW YORK, May 1.—The body of Albert Mandel, a German, 45 years old, living at 248 West Thirty-second street, was found in Central Park yesterday by Roundsman James Driscoll of the Park Police. A butcher knife was found plunged into his breast the full length of the blade, six inches. He had been out of work for some time, and had left his wife and three sons on Wednesday evening. Later in the day Park Policeman McDonald heard the report of a pistol and found the body of a man about 48 years old lying near the terrace bridge opposite Seventy-second street with a smoking revolver by his side. The suicide was evidently a working man, but the body has not yet been identified. The pistol was of French make, and in the man's pocket was found a noose with a hook attachment.

Mr. W. C. Steigers

Will call on merchants wishing to contract for advertising in POST-DISPATCH. Telephone 284.

HE KILLED TWO MEN

Bold Work of a Robber on an Austrian Railway Train.

WITH A PISTOL IN EACH HAND HE ATTACKS THE PASSENGERS.

Two of Them Shot Dead—The Bandit Jumps From the Cars While at Full Speed—Mysterious Murder of a Farmer in Ohio—A Forger Cleverly Caught—Other Crimes.

VIENNA, May 1.—A passenger traveling from Cracow to Lemburg last night in an express train suddenly drew two revolvers and with one in each hand demanded of his three fellow travelers in the same carriage their money and valuables.

A frightful struggle ensued in the narrow compartment. Although the men assailed were unarmed, they fought with desperation. The ruffian used his revolvers with effect, killing two of the men. The third passenger grappled closely with the robber, who fired in vain, being unable to touch him. Having emptied all the chambers of his revolvers he tore himself from the grasp of his antagonist and burst open the car door and jumped from the train while it was going at full speed. No traces of the miscreant could be discovered.

GOODWYN CAUGHT.

THE FORGER ARRESTED BY DETECTIVES AT THE DEPOT IN CINCINNATI.

CINCINNATI, O., May 1.—Dr. R. C. Goodwyn, alias R. C. Hoston, was arrested yesterday by two private detectives. They had suspected the man and had followed him to a railroad office and were outside watching him when he reached up to adjust a window hanging and thus exposed his tattooed wrist. He sternly resented the insult of the arrest, but when he was taken to the office by the detectives he confessed that he was the man whom they were seeking. The charge made against him is that of forging checks. The request to look out for him came April 27 from A. M. Brownell of Richmond, Va. The specific charge against him is forging a check upon J. P. Rickman of Hendersonville, N. C., which was cashed by the State Bank of Commerce at that place. Dr. Goodwin is an Englishman, 26 years old, of fine appearance and well-educated. His bogus checks were discovered in February last, and he fled, being traced to many points, from which it is inferred that he must have obtained several thousand dollars in this way. He admitted the Rickman forgery, and said in explanation that his allowance from England had been cut off by his mother when she heard of his marriage to a Miss Babcock of Syracuse, N. Y. In signing his name to an agreement to waive a requisition he wrote to Royston C. Goodwyn and said that it was the first time he had signed his right name since Feb. 14, 1891.

SHOT THROUGH THE HEART.

THE MYSTERIOUS MURDER OF AN OHIO FARMER—A SUSPECT IN CUSTODY.

CINCINNATI, O., May 1.—A Winchester dispatch says: The family of Oliver Morgan, a farmer of this county, yesterday afternoon left him plowing the field while they went to Lynn on business. When they returned they found him in an up-stairs room dead, having been shot through the heart. His revolver was missing, and a rock was found on the floor. The room was smeared with blood, evidence of a desperate struggle. A strange man, giving his name as Charley McKinley, was traced to Burt and placed in jail, accused of the horrible crime. He is apparently a tramp. When arrested he was found to have two fresh cuts or scratches on his face, and a bloody handkerchief was found in his pocket. Everything seems to show that he is the murderer.

KIDNAPPED HIS SON.

WICHITA, Kan., May 1.—Orlin Saunders, a West Side real estate dealer, kidnapped his 15-months-old baby yesterday. His wife had left him and filed papers for a divorce, taking the child with her. Yesterday Saunders called at her house and asked to see the child. The baby's grandmother brought her out. The father knocked the old lady down and took the child. He has been arrested, but the baby cannot be found.

TRAGEDY AT A DANCE.

RICHMOND, Mo., May 1.—News reached here this morning of a bloody tragedy at Mine No. 8. A dance was held at the house of Thomas Stewart to which the entire neighborhood was invited. Along about midnight a quarrel arose between Basco Darrell and John Finn. Darrell drew his pistol and began to shoot. Finn was killed instantly and Thomas Cooper fatally shot. Mrs. Stewart was shot in the back and is not expected to live. Darrell has not yet been arrested.

A MEXICAN "JACK THE RIPPER."

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., May 1.—An unknown man was seen to enter the house of a Mexican woman named Sanches but not to leave it. When people went to the house yesterday morning they found the woman had been killed with a hatchet and her viscera removed with a big knife that lay on the floor. The murderer had dipped his finger in the blood and written on the wall in Spanish: "Fresh beef for sale."

SHOT A SALOON-KEEPER.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., May 1.—About noon today Michael Sanders, ex-Deputy Criminal Court Clerk, became involved in a difficulty with J. F. Farris, a saloon-keeper. Both men drew pistols and fired. Farris received a bullet in his breast, passing through his body. Sanders was slightly wounded. It is thought Farris will live but a few hours.

TWO MEN KILLED.

RICHMOND, Mo., May 1.—Wednesday night during a quarrel between Bascoe Dorrell and John Finn at a dance at the home of Thomas Stewart, Dorrell drew his revolver and began shooting. Finn and a young man named Thomas Cooper were killed and Mrs. Stewart was seriously wounded.

REMAINS OF CARRIE BROWN.

SALEM, Mass., May 1.—The remains of Carrie Brown, who was murdered by "Frenchy" in New York, arrived here last night and will be buried to-morrow in the lot of the family of her former husband, Capt. Brown.

BOY WHITE CAPS.

MITCHELL, Ind., May 1.—The boys have organized a band of White Caps and they recently whipped John Grubb, a lad who spends his time loafing about the streets.

Ruptured a Nasal Artery.

L. A. Boante, a stranger in St. Louis, was taken with the nose-bleed while at the corner of Eighth and Olive streets, about 9 o'clock last night and lost so much blood that Dr. Jacobson, at the dispensary, was forced to send the man to the City Hospital. It is probable that a small artery was ruptured. Boante is a married man, 58 years old, and came recently from Canada.

She Saw That He Was Indiscreet.

From the West Shore.

Gentleman visitor (to best girl's little sister): "Your sister lets me kiss her. Now, won't you let me kiss you?"

Little sister (loftily): "No; I don't allow all the gentlemen to kiss me, as sister does. There's a great difference in people, you know."

It Isn't Bad Advice, Though.

From the Transcript.

It's a mighty cowardly man who hasn't the courage to advise another with the toothache to have it yanked out.

AN AIMLESS WANDERER.

The Great Chicago Speculator Picked Up by the Evansville Police.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., May 1.—B. P. Hutchinson, the eccentric wheat speculator who so mysteriously disappeared from Chicago last Tuesday night, was found in this city this morning at the Peoria House, a second-class hotel near the Louisville & Nashville Depot. When he arrived in Evansville on Wednesnay morning he was advised to look at the manufacturing establishments in the lower part of the city, and he would then be nearer to the depot, and convenient to leave on the noon train for the South. After looking about he became so fatigued that he went to the first boarding-house he could find, intending to resume his journey when he became sufficiently rested. Mr. Hutchinson was easily persuaded by Superintendent of Police Newall to go to police headquarters in a patrol wagon. Mr. Hutchinson says that the reason he left Chicago was because his son was taking steps to have him sent to an insane asylum. He does not think he is insane, but says the people here who have known him in Chicago are satisfied that his mind is not right. He says that in the last three months he has lost over $3,000,000 and blames his son for his losses. If he had been let alone, he says, he would have come out all right. He also says that his affairs if properly manipulated would bring him a profit of half a million dollars. He seems to have sufficient money with him for all his wants. The Chief of Police telegraphed to his son, Charles L. Hutchinson, President of the Corn Exchange Bank in Chicago, asking what to do with his father and received a reply to release him, but to keep an eye on him and report his movements to Pinkerton, who had the case in charge. Mr. Hutchinson readily consented to a telegram being sent to his son stating that he was willing to return to Chicago. Supt. Newall will take Mr. Hutchinson to the labor picnic this afternoon, and this evening send him back to Chicago if advised to do so.

A TELEGRAM TO CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, Ill., May 1.—News of B. P. Hutchinson, the missing Board of Trade operator, was received by Lieut. Kipley this morning:

EVANSVILLE, Ind., April 30.

Chief of Police, Chicago:

I have B. P. Hutchinson in custody. Notify his son.
G. W. NEWETT, Superintendent of Police.

Mr. Hutchinson's son Charles eas received a dispatch of similar import.

GOING THROUGH THE BOOKS.

CHICAGO, May 1.—At Mr. Hutchinson's office to-day five accountants were busily at work on his books. "The books are very much involved," said the head accountant, "and it is hard to say how they will come out, but it looks now as if there would be a balance in Mr. Hutchinson's favor of $50,000 or more."

The story going round that Mr. Hutchinson's family intended to have him incarcerated in a lunatic asylum, Charles L. Hutchinson, his son, pronounces a cruel canard.

"We never had any such intention," he said. "My father is perfectly harmless, and though he has been losing a good deal of money lately, that is his affair. He made it himself, and nobody is justified in interfering to prevent him from spending it in any way that seems good to him. It is possible, of course, that he feared we were going to do something of the kind, for who can tell what ideas throng a diseased brain. But I say now emphatically that for such a belief, if it possessed him, there was and is no foundation in fact."

EAST ST. LOUIS AND BELLEVILLE.

Items of Interest From the East Side of the River.

In the City Court to-day Charles Gallagher obtained a judgment against the Continental Mutual Life Insurance Co. of Chicago for $2,120. A divorce suit was filed to-day for trial at the next term of court. Mrs. Bertha Meiring is the plaintiff. She seeks a separation from her husband, August Meiring, on the grounds of cruelty, and asks for an injunction to restrain the defendant from disposing of his property pending trial of the cause.

F. J. Goodman of Anna, Ill., father of the runaway boy, Frank Goodman, who was picked up at the Relay Depot by the police Tuesday night, arrived in East St. Louis this morning. He did not meet his son, however, as the boy had been released from custody and had left the city.

Rev. D. L. Temple was formally installed as pastor of the Collinsville Avenue Presbyterian Church last night. A congregational meeting was held for the purpose, Rev. E. L. Lard of Collinsville presiding. Rev. A. B. Wilson of Chester delivered the charge to the congregation and Rev. T. W. Haynes of Greenville charged the new pastor. A sermon was preached by Rev. A. T. Wolff of Alton.

The officers of the R. R. Y. M. C. A. have leased a piece of ground in the vicinity of St. Mary's Hospital, and will convert it into an exercise ground for the members of the association. A base ball diamond, a foot-ball ground and tennis court will be laid out.

The Cable Iron Car-Roofing Co. of East St. Louis has been incorporated with $300,000 capital. John C. Wands, Reed Northrup and G. A. Bannantine are the incorporators.

Mrs. Mary Best reported to the police yesterday that her husband, Jos. Best, an engineer at the Tudor Iron-works, was missing. He left home Tuesday.

Secretary Crosby of the R. R. Y. M. C. A. has gone to St. Joseph, Mo., to attend a convention of secretaries of the association.

Belleville.

Frank A. McConaughy, a prominent attorney, captured a burglar early this morning. The burglar entered Mr. McConaughy's residence on Second street about 3 o'clock, but found himself a prisoner before he could possess himself of any of the lawyer's valuables. Mrs. McConaughy was awakened by the noise of the burglar's tread, and, woman-like, screamed to awaken her husband. Mr. McConaughy was awake in an instant, and, being a powerful man, had little trouble in bringing the intruder to terms and handing him over to the police. The burglar gave the name of Charles Gannon. A man giving the name of Thomas McGrath was arrested by the police later on suspicion of being Gannon's accomplice.

Harry Carpenter of Belleville, 22 years of age, employed as a brakeman on the Cairo Short Line road, was killed by a train at Pinckneyville yesterday. No particulars of the casualty have been received here.

St. Clair Lodge, No. 2, Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers, will give a picnic on the 31st inst. at Elmer's Hill.

Judge Boneau of the County Court yesterday naturalized Albert Metzger, Peter Mappes, William Mappes, Phillip Harris, Christian Orick and Michael Geger, natives of Germany, and Andreas Muller, a native of France.

The County Clerk issued fifty-eight marriage licenses in April.

Mrs. Adam Graeber and daughter have returned from a trip to Colorado and Nebraska.

The Edelweiss Zither Club gives a concert this evening at Liederkrans Hall.

Making Even a Chicago Drummer Weep.

From the Detroit Free Press.

An Indiana girl offered her heart, hand and $3,000,000 to a Chicago drummer, supposing him to be a single man. When he realized that he had a red-headed wife and seven children at home, with not the slightest excuse for a divorce, he leaned over the railing of a bridge across a creek and let his sad tears mingle with the babbling waters.

ALBERT CHRISORY, a saloon-keeper, fell under a Blue Line Electric car which he was endeavoring to board at the corner of Eighth and Pine streets, about 6:15 o'clock last night. His right thumb was broken and his face severely bruised and lacerated. He was sent in a carriage to his home at St. Ange avenue and Hickory street.

Have You Seen The New Spring Styles

In Men's Fine Footwear?

BROLASKI,

205 North Broadway,

Has the Largest and Best Assortment of the Latest Styles. (Popular Prices.)

205 N. BROADWAY.

★ The Only First-Class Exclusively Men's Store in the City. ★

THE ONLY MARBLE REVOLVING FRONT SHOE STORE IN THE WORLD.

ODD TRANSACTIONS.

How City Employes Get Money Before It Becomes Due.

POWER OF ATTORNEY GIVEN TO CREDITORS TO DRAW THEIR SALARIES.

Orders That Are Left at the City Treasurer's Office for Payment Every Month—Blank Orders Used by Money Lenders to Get Authority to Sign the City Pay Rolls—Treasurer Foerstel Talks.

The question of the right of the City Treasurer to act as a collection agent for the creditors of the city employes is one that promises to become exceedingly interesting in city government circles. The hypothecation of salaries by city employes to their creditors in the shape of orders on City Treasurer Foerstel has been steadily increasing and every pay day persons having no connection with the city service can be seen signing the pay roll for Mr. Smith or Mr. Jones of this department or that department. This has gone to such an extent that printed orders are kept by money lenders and others for the clerks and other employes to sign away their salaries before they become due. This is the form of the order.

St. Louis, Mo., ———, 189 .

I hereby authorize ——— to sign my name to the pay roll for the month of ——— 189 , and receive amount due me thereon.

To the City Treasurer. ——————.

A day or two since a member of the Fire Department received word that an order had been presented by a money lender named Rothchild, for his month's salary. The order was dated some three years ago and the fireman was asked if he wanted it paid. It appears that at the time the order was given by the fireman he quit the department and did not return until about a month ago.

HELD THE ORDER.

The money lender kept the order and on learning that the man had returned to the city employ lost no time presenting it for payment at the City Treasurer's office. When the fireman, who it appears, had some dispute with his creditor, was told of the order, he refused to allow the City Treasurer to cash it. "I'll draw my salary on my own account," he said, "and will then attend to the claim of the man who holds this order." The fireman was allowed to have his own way, and this morning drew his full month's salary and Rothchild had his order returned to him by the teller in the Treasurer's office.

THE WAY IT'S DONE.

A City Hall clerk, who has given such orders, explained the system this morning to a POST-DISPATCH representative. "It is this way," he said. "A man working for the city gets his salary every month, and he can't get an advance from the City Treasurer. When he happens to need money badly he goes to one of the money lenders and borrows what he needs. The money lenders have these blank orders on hand and when an applicant for a loan goes to them he is obliged to fill one of them out and sign his name for the amount of the loan, the lender's commission and the interest they charge for what they call little accommodations. Speaking from experience I can say that these loans are extremely expensive to city employes when the interest and commissions are charged up. The money lender presents his orders at the City Treasurer's office and he seldom if ever misses getting it back. A city employe signs this order with his eyes open, however, and he has nobody to blame but himself when pay day comes around and another man draws his salary. This order business has been worked on a big scale by loan agents like Groschke, Vette, Keating, and also by tailors, and one or two big clothing houses. It is nothing uncommon for a city employe to get a suit of clothes about the middle of the month and issue one of these orders to pay for it. So you see the practice is not confined to the money lenders."

TREASURER FOERSTEL EXPLAINS.

Treasurer Foerstel, when asked how long such orders had been coming in his office, said that the custom had been inaugurated long before he became City Treasurer. "When I was elected," he said, "I found that city employes often gave these orders and on looking into the matter more closely, I found that my predecessors in office tolerated it, so I concluded to do the same. The city employes wanted it, as well as the merchants and money lenders and I did not care about putting my foot down on an accommodating arrangement that previous Treasurers had permitted to go on uninterruptedly. Understand that this office does not guarantee the payment of any of these orders, no matter in whose behalf they are made payable. We simply accept them, and if the employes who sign them do not object, we cash them in favor of the persons to whom they are made payable. The office cannot become involved in any way, otherwise the business would have been stopped long ago. Orders of this kind have come in from tailors, clothing houses and storekeepers generally, and they have been paid when the men who signed them waived all objection. In the case of the fireman you speak about there was no effort on the part of this office to make him pay the order. The order was left here, and as he was averse to having it paid, we did not bother further with it, and when he came for his salary it was paid intact. We have no interest in these orders one way or the other, and any impression that we are acting as collection agents is certainly incorrect. After signing one of these orders any city employe can have payment stopped by notifying this office. As I said before our only object in tolerating this at all is to be as obliging as possible to all parties concerned."

DON'T LIKE IT.

One of the strongest objections to this custom comes from the families of city employes. Persons dependent on these employes do not like the idea of their signing away their salaries long before they are due, on the ground that it makes them extravagant and wasteful of money that might be put to better use.

Crops on the Pacific Coast.

SPOKANE FALLS, Wash., May 1.—Reports to the Chamber of Commerce from all parts of the grain belt of Washington indicate the greatest grain crop in the history of the country. In some places the seeding is already finished, and everywhere it is well along. The reports agree that the condition of wheat is much more favorable than on April 1, the frequent showers of the past ten days putting the soil in a fine condition. Nothing but the most unusual conditions can prevent a great crop this season.

Another Hat House Gone Up.

We've got 'em, latest Dunlap, Miller and Youman blocks, worth $3, at $2; $5 silk hats, new styles, $3. All the latest novelties in boys' hats and caps, 25c to $1.50.

GLOBE, 703 to 713 Franklin avenue.

ILLINOIS NEWS.

Congregational Association Meeting at Alton—From St. Jacobs.

ALTON, Ill., May 1.—The Springfield Congregational Association adjourned yesterday afternoon after a very pleasant and profitable session to all the delegates in attendance. Twenty-one churches were represented by three delegates each besides a number of visitors and others officially connected with the various boards of the church, making in all about one hundred in attendance. Addresses were delivered yesterday by Miss M. A. Collins, missionary among the Sioux Indians, and Mrs. Josephine Van Felden, a pure-blooded Indian. In the afternoon, after addresses by Revs. E. Hill and D. A. Blose, the moderator, Rev. W. B. Harris, preached the closing sermon and the sacrament of the Lord's supper was administered. The association adjourned to meet at Springfield, Ill., in October next. The association then visited the Illinois glass-works in a body.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Caldwell have returned from their bridal tour, and have taken up their residence at the Forbes homestead at Henry and Union.

The exercises connected with the dedication of the new Odd Fellow's Temple closed at an early hour yesterday morning. They were attended by a large audience. The delegates here from other cities left the city delighted with the reception given them. The building and hall is universally pronounced one of the finest in the State.

Supt. Wicks of the Telephone Exchange, who was so seriously injured by falling from a telephone pole, is a little better, and hopes are now entertained of his recovery. His mother and sister from Davenport, Io., are with him.

Col J. W. McMillen and family of Kansas City are here visiting Dr. McMillen.

Mrs. Capt. J. C. McGinnis of St Louis is visiting old friends here.

FROM ST. JACOBS.

ST. JACOBS, Ill., April 30.—Chinch bugs are beginning to appear in the wheat fields in large numbers, and if the dry weather continues will do great damage.

The municipal election resulted as follows: C. Balsiger, President; J. Hockull, Clerk; G. W. Hays, L. Buhlman and A. Trautenmiller, Trustees.

C. V. Spies has been appointed Roadmaster of District No. 2.

Mr. P. Fahnestock and family left for Graettinger, Io., on Monday. Mr Fahnestock will enter the general merchandise business at that place.

The new school board organized last Saturday. John Frey was elected President and F. Spies Secretary.

Mrs. P. Littel has opened an ice cream and confectionary establishment at her residence.

The village board will receive written applications for marshal, street overseer and lamp lighter until May 7.

Dr. Stevens, who has been on the sick list, is able to be out again.

The drama "The Fireman," given by local amateurs last January, will be reproduced on Saturday, May 9.

Mr. Oscar Appell, a recent acquisition to our town, and good business man, was married to Miss Bollman on Tuesday.

Mr. Schulte and son, Ed, attended the funeral of Mr. Schulte's brother, at St. Louis, Wednesday.

VENICE HAPPENINGS.

VENICE, Ill., May 1.—A special meeting of the Village Board was held at the Town Hall last evening, at which the returns of the recent election were canvassed and the following declared elected: President of the Board, T. P. McFee; Clerk, J. A. Brammell; Trustees, J. S. Course and Charles McGee. The tie between Theodore Selb and B. Ogletree for Trustee was decided by lot in favor of Mr. Selb. The new board will organize this evening.

The new addition of Messrs. Knox & Smith east of Third street, which has recently been platted, is coming in for much condemnation by citizens. As now surveyed it will have the effect of cutting off any further extension of Kerr and other streets east of the railroad. The Town Board will be asked to withhold their approval of the plat.

E. G. Brown returned to Denver yesterday after a short visit with his brother, R. J. Brown, here.

Rev. F. L. West, District President of the Epworth League, lectured on the benefits of the organization at the M. E. church Wednesday night.

Mrs. S. Doyle died yesterday morning of cancer of the stomach, after several months' illness.

Work on the electric light plant is being pushed by Mr. Niemann. The wires are being strung, and the plant will be in operation by July 1.

$10 DOWN and $10 monthly will buy a lot at Hazelwood. See our ad., page 6. Come.

Beethoven Conservatory Commencement.

The annual commencement of the Beethoven Conservatory of Music was held last night at Memorial Hall. The audience was a brilliant one, and thoroughly appreciated the very excellent work which was done by the graduates. The first number on the programme was a vocal terzett, "Madre Mia," by Misses D. Ketchum, M. McClure and H. Ross. This was followed by a fantasie from "Don Juan" by Miss A. A. Cone and Mr. M. Epstein, a violin solo by Miss Mamie Suesenthaler, piano solo by Miss Byron, and a vocal solo, "The Nightingale," by Miss Lilian Merrihew. Miss Merrihew has a beautiful soprano voice of a flexible and sympathetic quality, which she has carefully cultivated and manages with a charming freedom. Her success last night promises success in the future.

The remainder of the programme was successfully carried out by Miss Lizzie Sawyer, Miss Ruth Collins, Miss L. Pike, Miss Laura Cowen, Mrs. H. E. Dow, Master Carl Toll, Misses Mabel and Ella Lighter, and Miss S. B. McCullouch. Upon the conclusion of the entertainment diplomas were awarded to Misses M. Brown, L. Padon, F. E. Brown, H. Ross, L. Pike, M. Roberts, Gr. Johnson, L. Merrihew, C. Assman, L. Sawyer, C. Tuxhorn, L. Quinlivan, N. McClure, S. B. McCullouch and Mrs. H. E. Dow. Gold medals will be presented to Miss Georgiette Bouillet and Mr. Charles Huber.

Charles Huber and Miss Georgiette Bouillet were awarded the gold medals for extra efficiency.

Shirt and Underwear Sale at the Globe.

Fancy French Balbriggan Underwear at 50c and 75c; Black Sateen Overshirts, 75c; French Flannel, Madras and Cheviot Overshirts 75c to $3.50; Pure Silk Shirts, $2.50 to $5.

GLOBE, 703 to 713 Franklin avenue.

Taken to the Pen.

Deputy Sheriff Skidmore went to Jefferson City this morning, taking with him three prisoners who will do time in the service of the State. Wm. Robinson is under sentence for eight years on the charge of burglary in the first degree and larceny. Robinson was a member of the gang of negro burglars who played such havoc in West End residences about four months ago. Chas. Wilson will serve three years for manslaughter in the third degree. Wilson was convicted of the killing of the tailor, Larsa Davoust, whose throat he cut in the old man's shop on Eleventh street, near Locust, about nine months ago. Geo. Jackson will do two years for fraud in working a swindling collection game.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate

Makes an Invigorating Drink

with water and sugar only. Delicious.

NO WONDER YOU CAN'T KEEP A COOK!

They Have Feelings Like Ourselves, and Hot Weather is Very Hard on Them When Using the Old Coal Stove.

TRY A

"FAVORITE"

Gas Stove

And See What an Improvement You'll Have

IN THE KITCHEN.

A Cool, Comfortable and

Competent Cook.

A Clean, Convenient,

Cheap Gas Stove.

CALL AND SEE OUR "FAVORITE."

Simmons Hardware Co.

MILLARD FILLMORE'S HEIRS.

They Meet in New York and Have a High Old Time.

BUFFALO, N. Y., May 1.—Those who passed in or out of the bar-room at the Tifft House yesterday afternoon could not have helped noticing a party of four men. They would have attracted attention in any place in this city, for they were farmers, and of the most pronounced "Hoosier" stamp. They were having a big time. But their mission here is one calculated to make one happy. It was a sort of family reunion of the friends of Millard Fillmore. The meeting means more than family reunions usually do, as it will be the means of bringing to each one of the heirs a nice little fortune.

The Fillmore estate is worth about $800,000, and it is to be divided among eleven persons, five of whom live in Michigan, three in Indiana, two in Washington and one in California. Those who are here are Geo. M., Benj. F., Almon L. and Millard C. Fillmore, all nephews of the dead President. The other heirs, with the exception of one, are expected here to-day for the final settlement of the estate in the Surrogate Court.

The four nephews had everything their own way at the Tifft House, and they spent money. They wore boiled shirts, but no collars or cuffs. Their shirts were of that kind that have plaits and button up the front, with a neckband wide enough to make a collar for several. Millard C. is a sturdy man of 56, and wears a gray moustache. Benjamin F. is the oldest of the Fillmore heirs. He is 65 years of age, and with his tuft of gray chin whiskers and sharp features makes a good Uncle Sam. The four nephews arrived Wednesday. Almon was the spokesman of the party and seems to take a greater pride in the memory of his famous old uncle than any other of the party. "This was Uncle's watch," he said proudly, as he drew from his trousers pocket an old-fashioned, open-faced gold watch. It was an English lever and seventy five years ago was probably one of the most valuable watches in America. On the back case is this inscription in a circle:

MILLARD FILLMORE.
1837.

"It's a good timer yet," said the old farmer, "and many a time I have been offered $1,000 for it."

A large gold seal that also belonged to the President is attached to the fob.

Last night, farmer like, the old boys got to bragging about their strength, not exactly about their own strength, but about the physical superiority of their boys. Almon began it with:

"Say, I've got a boy that can turn any Fillmore bottom side up that's living."

"I say he can't!" broke in Millard.

"I'll just bet you that he can."

"Well, I'll just bet you that he can't. Takes a pretty soggy man to turn me bottom side up."

But old Almon insisted that his boy was the strongest, and so they had another glass and let the matter drop.

The estate will be settled up to-day, and then the heirs will go to Niagara Falls for a short time.

ROOMS, single or en suite, private bathrooms, efficient service, etc., at the Ericsson.

Sack Full of Stolen Lead Pipe.

Detectives King and Gaffney of Headquarters were passing the corner of Twelfth and Lucas avenue shortly before 9 o'clock this morning, when they saw one James McKinley walking along the sidewalk carrying over his shoulder a coffee sack. The officers recognized McKinley as a professional sneak and investigated his burden. The sack was found to contain a quantity of lead pipe while the inside of his coat was lined with sections of the same material. McKinley was taken to the Four Courts and placed behind the bars. He will be held to await complaint from the property owner whose house has been pillaged. McKinley claimed to have only recently arrived in St. Louis from Kansas City.

DON'T forget the great auction sale at beautiful Hazelwood. See our ad., page 6. For further particulars apply to Ponath & Prosser, 515 Chestnut street. Come one, come all.

Gone to New York With Miss Speer.

CINCINNATI, O., May 1.—J. R. Ransley, the wealthy candy manufacturer, who was recently confined in an insane asylum by his friends, has escaped, and it is said, has gone off with Miss Speer of New York, to whom he was engaged to be married.

Miss Speer and her father have been in this city since Ransley's incarceration, trying to have him released. They claimed that his relatives had found out that he was to marry Miss Speer in New York and trumped up the charge of insanity to get control of his money. It is not known where Ransley has gone, but it is expected he will marry Miss Speer and return. Speer has a candy store in Harlem, and young Ransley was his partner.

Ho! All Ye That Hunger.

Morris' Restaurant and Dairy Lunch Rooms, 1008 Olive street. Popular prices. Open Sundays.

Nasby's Mother in Poverty.

WHEELING, W. Va., May 1.—Mrs. Almyra Locke, mother of David R. Locke (Petroleum V. Nasby), who has been living in poverty and misery in a small house in this city, has been granted a pension on account of her late husband, Nathaniel Locke, having served in the war of 1812.

GALLA day at beautiful Hazelwood, Grand concert. Refreshments served. Free ride there and return. See our ad., page 6.

Opium Seizure.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 1.—Deputy Surveyor Gaskell made a seizure last evening of 1,200 pounds of opium valued at $25,000. The opium was found on the steamship China, which arrived here from Hong Kong several days ago, but has been in quarantine ever since. The owners of the opium claim it was not meant for entry here, but was to be sent to Mexico.

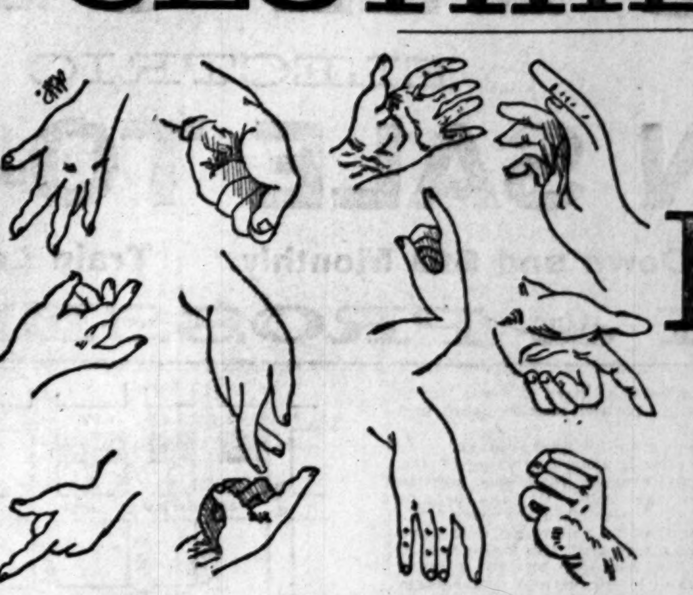
DR PRICE'S

DELICIOUS

Flavoring Extracts

NATURAL FRUIT FLAVORS.

Vanilla, — Of perfect purity.
Lemon — Of great strength.
Orange — Economy in their use
Almond — Flavor as delicately
Rose etc. — and deliciously as the fresh fruit.



J. L. HUDSON, CLOTHIER.

ALL HANDS

Should participate in the grand picnic we afford the people of St. Louis in the way of bargains for Saturday. Prices knocked out of shape on half the merchandise

In Every Department.

CLOTHING.

Men's $20 Suits
Men's $22 Suits
Men's $25 Suits
Go for $15.

Men's $14 Suits
Men's $15 Suits
Men's $16 Suits
Go for $10.

Men's All-Wool $4 Pants go for $2.95.

CHILDREN'S!

The original cost has nothing to do with the present selling prices. Very little money and your boy is dressed.

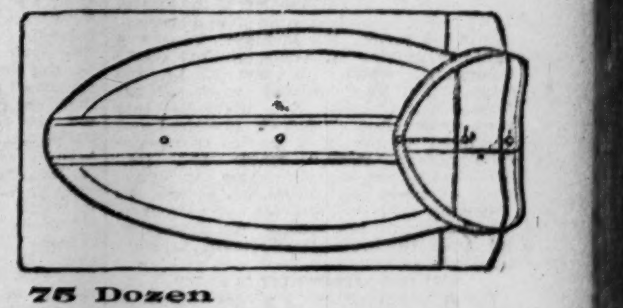
Elegant $7.50, $8 and $8.50 Suits...... ......Go for $5
Handsome $6.50 Suits......................Go at $4.50
Stylish $6 and $5.50 Suits ....Go at $3.50

The solid, true worth of the goods, the solid and true profit given you, the fact that you need them now, all unite to make Saturday the golden Suit-buying opportunity of the week.

Shirts!

Our $1.50 Plaited Shirts : : Go at 98c!
Our $1.50 Open-Front Shirts : Go at 98c!

Pure linen bosoms, continuous facing, re-enforced, all sleeve lengths. The best and most perfect Shirt made. Worth $1.50; only 98 cents.



75 Dozen

Late Style Stiff Hats,

Worth $3,

Go at $1.40.

Sale for Saturday only.

Children's 75-cent Hats and Caps go for 49 cents.

Special Sale of Ladies' Oxford Shoes in Our Shoe Department To-Morrow at $1.50, $2 and $2.50.

Store Open Until 10 P. M. Saturday.

J. L. HUDSON, CLOTHIER,

406 and 408 NORTH BROADWAY.

ASK FOR THE MAY NO. OF

MYRA'S JOURNAL

OF

DRESS, FASHION & NEEDLEWORK.

IT CONTAINS:

6 SUPPLEMENTS.

52 PAGES OF LETTER-PRESS.

45 DRESS AND NEEDLEWORK DESIGNS.

Do Not Miss Seeing It.

OUT TO-DAY. PRICE 20 CENTS.

THE INTERNATIONAL NEWS COMPANY,

83 & 85 DUANE STREET,

One Door East of Broadway. NEW YORK.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

Of Pure Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites Of Lime and Soda.

There are emulsions and emulsions, and there is still much skimmed milk which masquerades as cream. Try as they will many manufacturers cannot so disguise their cod liver oil as to make it palatable to sensitive stomachs. Scott's Emulsion of PURE NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL, combined with Hypophosphites is almost as palatable as milk. For this reason as well as for the fact of the stimulating qualities of the Hypophosphites, Physicians frequently prescribe it in cases of

CONSUMPTION,

SCROFULA, BRONCHITIS and CHRONIC COUGH or SEVERE COLD.

All Druggists sell it, but be sure you get the genuine, as there are poor imitations.

LONERGAN'S

Shoes for Gents are the Best at $2, $2.50, $3, $3.50 and $4. Try one pair; you will wear no other. Open until 9 p. m.

1030 MARKET STREET.

Sent by express to all parts of the United States.

A. P. Erker & Bro.

OPTICIANS.

617 Olive St. (two doors west of Barr's)

Gold, Aluminum, Silver and Steel Spectacles accurately adjusted.

AMUSEMENTS.

EXPOSITION.

For the benefit St. Louis Police Relief Association.

To-Night at 8,

"The Hustler."

Popular prices.................................50c

AWARDED HIGHEST PRIZE PARIS EXPOSITION 1889. SCHOLTEN ARTIST & PHOTOGRAPHER OPP. EXPOSITION 1312-1314 OLIVE ST.

BLISS Cockroach and Bedbug Exterminators. Depot, 1138 Olive st. Druggists and Grocers.

DEATHS.

BRUENING—At 9:30 p. m., Thursday, April 30, LOUISA E., daughter of George and Louisa H. Bruening, aged 13 years, 7 months and 11 days.

Funeral will take place Sunday, May 3, 1891, from family residence, No. 4330 North Eleventh street, at 2 o'clock p. m. Friends invited to attend.

BUCHANNAN—Thursday, April 30, 1891, at 5:30 a. m., JOHN BUCHANNAN, aged 63 years, at 3978 Clayton road.

Funeral will take place from residence on Sunday, May 3, at 2 o'clock p. m.

HERMON—Our beloved father, ZANN HERMON, died, after a short illness, Thursday, April 30.

Funeral will take place from family residence, 824 Buchanan street, Saturday, May 2, at 2 p. m.

New Orleans (La.) papers please copy.

HYNES—ISABELLE J., eldest daughter of the late Maj. John A. Hynes, Friday, May 1, 7 a. m.

Funeral Sunday, 1:30 p. m., from family residence, 1626 North Nineteenth street.

KELLEHER—On Friday, May 1, 1891, at 4 o'clock a. m., JOHN, son of Cornelius and Mary Kelleher, aged 9 months.

The funeral will take place to-morrow, Saturday, at 2 p. m., from family residence, 2412 South Third street, to Calvary Cemetery. Friends are invited to attend.

MANNION—On Thursday, April 30, 1891, at 11 o'clock p. m., MARGARET, wife of Stephen Mannion, aged 30 years.

The funeral will take place to-morrow (Saturday) at 2 o'clock p. m. from the residence of her brother, John McMahon, No. 213 Lesperance street, to Calvary Cemetery. Friends are invited to attend.

McGINNIS—May 1, at 4:30 a. m., after a short illness, Capt. JOHN McGINNIS, aged 59 years, 6 months.

Funeral will take place from residence of his son-in-law, Mr. George Ashdown, 2827 North Twentieth street, Saturday, May 2, at 3 p. m., to St. Michael's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends invited.

McPHERSON—ALEXANDER, at 11 a. m., April 30, at residence of R. L. McDonald, 1514 North Nineteenth street, aged 68 years 11 months.

Due notice of funeral will be given.

AMUSEMENTS.

OLYMPIC

THE LILIPUTIANS.

To-Night Last Performance of

PUPIL IN MAGIC.

Saturday afternoon and evening, The Burgomaster of Pinneberg.

Sunday, May 3.—BLUE JEANS.

OLYMPIC THEATER.

Sale of Seats Open To-Day for

BLUE JEANS,

One Week, Beginning Sunday Next.

Complete cast and scenery of original production, as witnessed by 350,000 people during 200 performances in New York City.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE

ONE WEEK Beginning Sunday MAY 3

Matinees Wednesday and Saturday.

IT HAS NEVER BEEN EQUALED ON EARTH. Return of the Ever Popular Favorites, the American Extravaganza Co., in the CRYSTAL SLIPPER.

David Henderson, Manager. Seats on sale NOW.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE

MONDAY, MAY 4th.

BENEFIT

—OF—

W. W. WALTERS,

Treasurer, Presenting the

Crystal Slipper.

Box Sheet now ready.

STANDARD THEATER.

To-night at 8, Saturday Matinee at 2.

SHERIDAN & FLYNN'S

VAUDEVILLE COMBINATION.

Next week—Riley & Wood's Big Specialty Company. Telephone 3906.

EXPOSITION MUSIC HALL.

EMMA JUCH MAY OPERA FESTIVAL.

May 11—"Tannhauser."
May 13—"Lohengrin."
May 14—Afternoon—"Rigoletto."
May 14—Evening—"Huguenots."
May 15—"The Flying Dutchman."
May 16—Afternoon—"Carmen."
May 16—Evening—"Die Walkure."

SEATS NOW ON SALE.

Bollman Bros. Co., S. W. Cor. 11th & Olive

HAVLIN'S | To-Night.

Every Night, Thursday and Saturday Matinees.

JOHN L. SULLIVAN

In Duncan B. Harrison's New Play,

"Honest Hearts and Willing Hands."

Telephone 3054. Closing Week of the Season.

POPE'S | TO-NIGHT.

Every Night, Wednesday and Saturday Matinees.

A BARREL OF MONEY.

THE GREAT IRON MILL SCENE.

Telephone 1470.

Monday, May 4—Aunt Bridget's Baby.

BEAUTIFUL HAZELWOOD

ELECTRIC ROAD A CERTAINTY.

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, MAY 2.

$10 Down and $10 Monthly. Train Leaves Union Depot at 1:30 P. M. Sharp. Free Transportation.

PONATH & PROSSER, : 515 CHESTNUT STREET.

WANT A RECEIVER.

Petition Filed by 'Frisco Stockholders in the United States Court.

GROUNDS ON WHICH THE APPOINTMENT OF A SPECIAL EXAMINER IS ASKED.

The Petitioners Set Forth That the Alliance Between the 'Frisco and Atchison Roads Is in Violation of the Constitution of Missouri—Attorney Kenna Makes an Explanation.

A petition asking for the appointment of a receiver for the St. Louis & San Francisco Railway Co. was filed in the United States Circuit Court this morning by Hitchcock & Finkelnburg, representing the Eastern stockholders of the Frisco. The complainants are David P. Kimball, Uriel H. Crocker, F. Willis Bumstead, Charles J. Morrill of Boston, Thomas Nickerson of Newton, Mass., John A. Ames of North Eastern, Mass., E. Pierson Beebe of Falmouth, Mass., and Samuel C. Eastman of Concord, N. H., all stockholders of the Frisco. The petition in the beginning gives a description of the 'Frisco, the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe, and the St. Louis, Kansas City & Colorado, which is owned by the Santa Fe. The capital stock of the 'Frisco it says is divided into three classes, first preferred, preferred and common. Of the three classes there were outstanding 45,000, 100,000 and 118,593 shares respectively prior to May, 1890. Of these the complainants own the following number: Kimball, 490; Crocker, 200; Bumstead, 100; Morrill, 610; Nickerson, 800; Ames, 500; Beebe, 321; Eastman, 30; making a total of 2,571.

WHY THE APPOINTMENT IS ASKED.

The grounds on which the appointment of a receiver is asked are first that the A., T. & S. F. and St. L., K. C. & C. are competitors of the 'Frisco, yet they are owned and controlled by the same men and have the same officers, which is contrary to the Constitution and statutes of the State of Missouri; second, that the Atchison claims that there is a large indebtedness due to it from the Frisco, whereas the complainants believe that if a true accounting was had the Atchison would be indebted to the Frisco; third, that to secure more complete control of the road by acquiring a greater amount of preferred stock, the directors propose to issue $50,000,000 additional of preferred stock and an equal amount of bonds.

The petition states that the St. Louis, Kansas City & Colorado is a road which is owned by the Santa Fe, and that it was completed as far as Union by July 1, 1887, and has been in operation that far ever since. It was surveyed as far as Kansas City and the intention was to build it into Kansas to connect with the Santa Fe. If it had been completed according to the original intention it would have been a competitor now of the 'Frisco, but in May, 1890, the Santa Fe bought a controlling interest in the 'Frisco. By that means competition was prevented and the construction of the St. L., K. C. & C. was made unnecessary. The Colorado is now carrying freight and passengers as far as Union, but competition has ceased, as the road is controlled and operated by the same officers and agents who control and operate the Frisco.

In May, 1890, to prevent competition the Santa Fe bought more than 150,000 shares of Frisco, the total number outstanding being 268,593, and since then the Santa Fe has added to its holding, which now amount to 200,000 shares and the Santa Fe votes this stock. In May, 1891, the officers and directors of the 'Frisco recognized the ownership of the Santa Fe and seven of the directors resigned to enable the Santa Fe to elect seven directors, that being a majority of the board. The Santa Fe elected Allen Marnel, B. P. Cheney, Geo. C. Magoun, Alden Speare, Thomas Beaning, John J. McCosh and William Sibbey. Allen Manvel was elected President and Geo. C. Magoun, Chairman of the Board of Directors, although those gentlemen occupy the same positions in the Santa Fe Co., a competing company. This is really a consolidation which prevents competition. The control of competing lines by the same men is unlawful, being prohibited by the Constitution and the laws of this State, especially by sec. 17, art. 12 of the Constitution and sec. 2569 of the Revised Statutes of 1889 and sec. 2570 makes it unlawful for the officers of one company to be officers of a competing company.

The Santa Fe claims that a large sum is due it from the 'Frisco, but the complainants believe that such indebtedness does not exist and on a true accounting the Santa Fe would owe the 'Frisco a large sum on the transaction of May, 1890, for which credit has not been given it.

TO PREVENT STOCK BEING VOTED.

To obtain control of the preferred stock to secure the payment of that indebtedness the Santa Fe proposes to increase the capital stock of the 'Frisco $50,000,000, and to issue $50,000,000 of new 4 per cent bonds. A meeting of stockholders was called for that purpose on March 9, 1891, but was adjourned over until May 6, to be held in St. Louis. A circular has been sent to holders of preferred stock, offering those who desire to accept them the new bonds in exchange for the preferred stock, and asking those who will accept the proposition to sign an agreement authorizing Richard Olney and George R. Peck, respectively counsel and solicitor of the Santa Fe, or either of them, to vote their stock. The complainants believe that in ignorance of their legal rights many of the owners of preferred stock have signed such agreement. The complainants have made a final protest in writing to the directors not to permit this stock to be voted, but their protest has been disregarded. They, therefore, pray the court to enjoin the defendants from voting the stock or exercising control over the road; from issuing bonds or executing a mortgage on the road, and they ask that a receiver be appointed to take charge of the 'Frisco. They also ask that the officers of the 'Frisco or restrained from giving the Santa Fe any bonds and from paying the indebtedness claimed to be due.

Judge Thayer received the petition and fixed May 21 as the day for the hearing. The meeting is to be held on May 6, but the officers of the company have agreed to adjourn it until May 28 in order that this petition may be heard and passed on.

ATTORNEY KENNA'S EXPLANATION.

Mr. Ed M. Kenna, general attorney of the St. Louis & San Francisco road, was seen in reference to the suit. "I was present in court," he remarked, "when the petition was filed this morning, and have known for some time that the action was to be brought. The men who brought it make no secret of their intentions and to a certain extent the proceedings are friendly—that is, they discussed the matter with us and we agreed upon certain things which were to be done. By a mutual agreement the case is to be argued before Judge Thayer on May 21. It is not a malicious action brought by anybody who is unfriendly toward the management of the road, but the suit is brought by men who have honest convictions that they have grounds for action. We, however, do not think they have and are not alarmed over the proceeding. The action is brought by a committee composed of Mr. Kimball, a Boston attorney, and Mr. Eastman, a capitalist of New Hampshire. There are others named in the suit, but these gentlemen have the management of the matter and represent some of the first preferred stockholders of the road. The Atchison road owns all of the stock of the 'Frisco except the first preferred. There are about 45,000 shares of first preferred stock, and the parties who are bringing this suit represent only 2,300 shares or about 5 per cent of it. The entire stock, preferred and common, of the road is 267,000 shares, so that the parties to the suit do not own as much as 1 per cent of the entire stock. These first preferred stockholders received dividends on their entire stock up to the time the Atchison got control of the road, and since then they have not received dividends because the earnings have not warranted them. This is not because the road has been badly managed, or is going down, as can be clearly explained if necessary, when the proper time comes. The real purpose of the suit is not to have a receiver appointed for the road. One is asked for merely as a matter of form. A meeting of the stockholders of the St. Louis & San Francisco has been called for Thursday next and the meeting has been advertised in the newspapers. This meeting was called for the purpose of considering a proposition to increase the bonded indebtedness of the road and with this increase the Atchison Company would probably purchase the first preferred stock not controlled by them. This suit is brought to prevent the Atchison people voting their stock at this meeting and thereby controlling it. The plaintiffs seek to restrain them by averring that the Atchison and 'Frisco are competing lines and that by being operated by one management they are doing away with competition, contrary to law. There are no charges of bad management or fraud against the present officials of the road."

DECLINE IN ATCHISON STOCK.

The news of the application for a receiver of the Frisco had a marked effect to-day on Atchison stock. Early this morning the tip was out that Atchison was a sale, but the first movement took an upward direction. The market opened at 34⅛, and soon rose to 34⅜. From this point, however, there was a sharp decline, the stock fell rapidly and closed at 33. W. C. Little, in answer to a question, said: "The effect of the application for a Receiver would be felt far more on Atchison than on 'Frisco stock. Trading in the latter is so dull that quotations are no longer sent over the tickers. Nearly all stocks are low to-day, Missouri Pacific having fallen 2 cents. I am inclined to believe that the main reason for the fall in Atchison is the sagging tendency of the markets and not any threatened litigation. It is one thing to apply for a receiver and quite another to have the application granted."

Al Singer remarked: "Atchison fell 1⅜ cents from the highest point touched to-day, and unquestionably the application for a receiver of the 'Frisco had something to do with it. Just how much of the decline is due to this it would be difficult to determine. Money is scarce, interest being as high as 10 per cent, and all stocks are off."

LADIES' SOLID GOLD WATCHES $20 TO $95.

A wonderful increase in the sale of the Mermod & Jaccard (of Broadway and Locust street) Ladies' Gold Watches is an evidence beyond all question of their superior merit, quality and low price.

If you intend to purchase a watch call and see this wonderful stock, or write for catalogue of 2,000 engravings mailed free.

AMONG THE BROKERS.

A Dull Market—Stocks Sold and Prices Obtained To-Day.

There was not much trading on the Mining Exchange, and prices were generally unchanged.

* * *

News was received from the Elizabeth to the effect that the vein was again widening and the ore looking better. This caused a good demand to be felt, and the price advanced. Bidding opened at $2.35, but there was no stock for sale, and the price advanced to $2.37½. At that figure only 200 shares could be obtained, the stock advancing to $2.40. This proved to be the top notch, as after 150 shares were transferred the stock was offered at this figure with no takers.

* * *

News from the Yuma is to the effect that the work on the pipe line is progressing rapidly, and that there is an ample supply of water. The stock was strong, advancing from 75 to 77½, and 100 shares selling at the latter quotation.

* * *

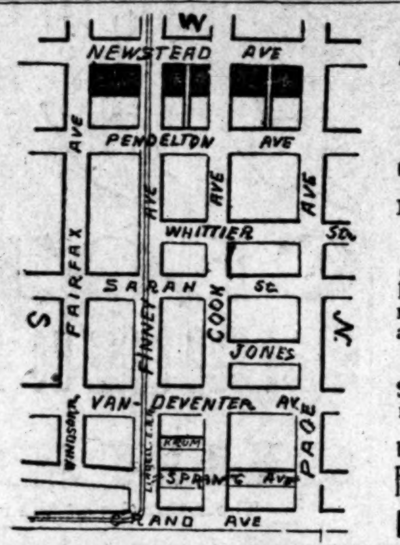
The officers of the Granite Mountain deny the report that that company has purchased the Utica.

* * *

The following quotations were made on call to-day:

	BID.	ASK.		BID.	ASK.
Adams....	1 75	....	Mex. Imp	....	10
American	23¾	30	Montrose.	60	66¼
Aztec.....	12½	11¼	Mt. Key.	....	50
Bi-Metal .	33 00	....	Mt. Lion.	....	....
Buckskin.	....	....	M. Breen.	1 10	1 20
Cent. Sil.	3	4	Nellie....	....	....
Cleveland	....	....	Old Colny	....	....
Clv.& Anh	....	....	Old Jesuit	....	....
Cœur d'A	....	....	P. Murphy	....	....
Gldn West	....	....	Richmond	....	....
Gold King	....	....	R. Hill....	....	....
Granite M	25 50	26 50	S Hopes..	75	....
Hope......	....	....	Silver Age	2 45	3 00
I. X. L....	....	....	So. Queen	....	....
Ingram ...	....	....	Tourtel'e.	....	....
Ivanhoe ..	....	....	Elizabeth.	2 35	2 45
La Union.	....	....	W. Patch.	....	12½
Little Alb	10½	11½	Yuma....	72½	77½
Maj. Budd	....	....			

The market was dull and transfers were small in amount.



At Auction on Premises

Saturday, May 2, 3 O'Clock P. M.

42 Beautiful Lots

Fronting on Finney, Cook, Page, Fairfax and Newstead Avs., 1 Block East of Taylor Av. and 4 Blocks West of the Rock Church and 1 Block from Bell Av. School.

This property lies high, being 22 feet higher than Sarah street, is terraced from 3 to 5 feet above grade, is well drained, and is one of the healthiest localities in the West End. It is now surrounded, east, west, north and south, by substantial and palatial residences. The Washington Avenue Electric Line runs directly through the property, and will bring you to the premises without change of cars in 20 minutes from Fourth st.

Builders, Speculators, Investors and Home-Seekers

Should not fail to see this property. The property will be sold subject to all taxes of 1891 and following years.

Terms—One-third cash, balance in one and two years, deferred payments to be secured by a deed of trust upon the property sold and bear interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum. $50 earnest and part purchase money required upon bidding off each lot. For plats or further information call or apply to

Hammett-Anderson-Wade, 213 N. 8th St.

MAY BE PARRICIDE.

William Kimpel Fractures His Father's Skull With a Brick.

A FAMILY QUARREL LED TO THE DESPERATE DEED.

The Son Arrested After the Father's Removal to the Hospital—A Jockey's Suicide at the Fair Grounds—Claim No Cruelty Was Practiced—Stabbed in the Face—Other Criminal News.

Thomas Kimpel, 50 years of age, residing at 229 Lombard street, and a teamster by occupation, got into a quarrel with his son William, a laborer, living with him, about 10 o'clock last night. The quarrel was brought on in a discussion between father and son over family matters, and they soon were having a good old rough-and-tumble bare knuckle affair. The old man was evidently getting the best of the fight, when William concluded to force his end of the argument on the old man with something more convincing than his fists, and, procuring a brick, belabored his father over the head with it several times, cutting his skull and causing several scalp wounds. The old man bound them up and went to bed, thinking no more about the affair, but the bruises on his head began to pain, keeping him from sleeping. This morning he appeared at the City Dispensary and told the above story. Dr. Steinmetz examined his head and found that the skull had sustained a severe depressed fracture over the left eye and the scalp was cut and bruised in a frightful manner in several places. The old man was bundled into an ambulance and sent out to the City Hospital. The police were notified and began a rigid investigation.

THE SON ARRESTED.

Police officers Hough and Fox of the Central Police District arrested young Kimpel on Fourth street and Chouteau avenue at 11:35 this morning and taken to the City Hospital and identified by his father as the cause of his condition. A warrant for assault to kill was issued against him by Assistant Prosecuting-Attorney Estep at 3 p. m. the father was resting easily at the Hospital, but the doctors in attendance were unable to say how the case would turn out.

A Jockey's Suicide.

The dead body of Jockey John K. Adams was found in an old deserted stable at the Fair Grounds at 10 o'clock this morning with the throat cut from ear to ear. It was a case of suicide under the effects of delirum tremens, the man having been drinking heavily for some time past and suffering from "the horrors" recently. He had been missing since Tuesday, and his fellow jockeys, together with the stable boys and Fair Grounds employes, have been looking for him ever since. One of the search parties found his dead body this morning as stated, and a bloody pen-knife lying near by indicated how the desperate deed had been done. The dead jockey was about 35 years old, and came to St. Louis from New Orleans about three weeks ago with his employer, Mr. Scammon, an owner of race horses. He has been doing odd jobs about the Fair Grounds race track ever since, with the exception of the time lost by his having gone on several sprees. Adams was quite well known as a jockey, and is reported to have been worth $50,000 at one time in his career. He disappeared Tuesday while suffering from delirium tremens. The police were at once notified of the suicide and the body was sent to the Morgue.

Adams leaves a wife in New Orleans, it is said. He had no money, so far as is known.

Stabbed in the Face.

About 7:30 o'clock this morning Fred Robinson and William Williams, both colored, became engaged in a rough-and-tumble fight at 216 Valentine street, during the progress of which Robinson used a knife with which he cut his opponent three times on the left side of the face, slashing open his cheek at each blow for a distance of three inches. The wounds were dressed by Dr. Steinmetz at the City Dispensary and the patient went to his home at 216 Valentine street. Robinson escaped. He is 48 years old, 5 feet 11 inches tall and weighs about 180 pounds. He can be recognized by a peculiar scar in the middle of the forehead.

DON'T forget the great auction sale at beautiful Hazelwood. See our ad., page 6. For further particulars apply to Ponath & Prosser 515 Chestnut street. Come everyone.

Marriage Licenses.

Frank Sikorsk ....1000 O'Fallon st
Pelagia Crajonginska......................1443 N. 20th st
Henry A. Pohl .. ..2608 Blair av
Augusta M. Borcherding.............. 1445 Benton st

PURE 18-KT. GOLD WEDDING RINGS.
MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
COR. BROADWAY AND LOCUST ST.

FREE ride to Hazelwood to buy one of those beautiful lots. See our ad., page 6.

Cotton.

Futures declined 3 to 7 points at New Orleans, 4 to 6 points at New York and 1 to 3 points at Liverpool. Spots were generally quiet, excepting in the local market, where quotations were marked down 1/16c, with the tone steady—sales were 2,301 bales.

MANCHESTER, England, May 1.—In cloths, business moderate at unchanged prices. Yarns dull and easier.

LOCAL SPOT QUOTATIONS—Low ordinary, nominal; ordinary, 6½c; good ordinary, 7 3-16c; low middling, 7 13-16c; middling, 8⅜c; good middling, 9 7-16c; fair middling, nominal; fair, nominal, Tinges, ⅛c and stained ¼c lower than white.

ST. LOUIS MOVEMENT:

	This season.	Last season.
Gross receipts to-day..............	590	109
Gross receipts since Sept. 1....	605,577	530,439
Net receipts to-day	66	13
Net receipts since Sept. 1.......	295,573	228,417
Shipments to-day..............	1,510	882
Shipments since Sept. 1........	537,541	512,890
Stock on hand..............	68,610	18,061

RECEIPTS TO-DAY AT LEADING RECEIVING CENTERS.

GALVESTON—Receipts, 1,496 bales; market firm at 8½c.

MOBILE—Receipts, 766 bales; market easy at 8⅛c.

MEMPHIS—Receipts, 371 bales; market quiet at 8⅜c.

AUGUSTA—Receipts, 390 bales; market quiet and steady at 8⅝c.

SAVANNAH—Receipts, 1,795 bales; market quiet at 8 3-16c.

CHARLESTON—Receipts, 1,391 bales; market quiet at 8⅜c.

NORFOLK—Receipts, 1,797 bales; market steady at 8½c.

WILMINGTON—Receipts, 559 bales; market quiet at 8⅜c.

BOSTON—Receipts, 290 bales; market quiet at 8⅞c.

PHILADELPHIA—Receipts, 744 bales; market quiet at 9⅛c.

BALTIMORE—Receipts, —— bales; market nominal at 8⅞c.

NET RECEIPTS at all united States ports for 7 days not posted at 2:45 p. m.

NEW ORLEANS—Receipts, 950 bales. Spot steady at 8 5-16c.

	Closed Yesterday.	12:15 p. m. To-day.
May..............	8.10	8.07 bid
June..............	8.29	8.21
July..............	8.39	8.32
August..............	8.42	8.35
September..............	8.43	8.36
October..............	8.52	8.45
	Weak.	Quiet.

NEW YORK—Receipts, —— bales. Spot—Middling dull at 8⅞c.

	Closed Yesterday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closed To-day.
May..........	8.63	8.63	8.57	8.59
June..........	8.72	8.69	8.64	8.66
July..........	8.81	8.78	8.73	8.75
August..........	8.90	8.88	8.82	8.84
September	8.90	8.88	8.82	8.85
October..........	8.91	8.88	8.83	8.86
November......	8.91	8.88	8.84	8.86
December......	8.96	8.93	8.89	8.90
January	9.02	8.99	8.95	8.96
February	9.08	9.03	9.02	9.03
	Quiet and steady.			Dull.

Sales to-day, 34,600 bales.

LIVERPOOL—Spot: Steady; demand fair. Uplands, 4 13-16d. Sales, 10,000 bales; receipts, 15,000 bales, of which 14,900 was American.

	Closed Yesterday.	Closed To-day.
May and June..............	4.47	4.45
June and July..............	4.50	4.49
July and August..............	4.55	4.53
August and September..........	4.58	4.55
September and October..........	4.58	4.55
October and November..........	4.59	4.56
November and December	4.61	4.57
December add January..........	....	4.58
January and February..........	4.63	4.60
	Steady.	Easy.

ENGLISH COTTON STATEMENT.

For week ending—	May 1, 1891.	April 24, 1891.	May 2. 1890.
Sales for the week....	54,000	42,000	74,000
Sales of which are for export....	1,200	2,700	4,000
Sales on speculative account....	4,600	400	7,000
Sales of American....	45,000	33,000	50,000
Forwarded..........	65,000	59,000	84,000
Receipts for the week.	101,000	48,000	54,000
Receipts of which American....	86,000	37,000	21,000
Total stocks..........	1,211,000	1,180,000	1,070,000
Of which American...	960,000	931,000	793,000
Actual exports	5,000	3,000	11,000
Amount afloat	132,000	180,000	118,000
Of which American...	107,000	150,000	45,000

Latest Jersey Suits, $3 to $6,

Including the Vanderbilt, Newport and Hoffman. Also Nobbiest Kilts, $2.50 to $5. Base ball outfit free.

GLOBE, 703 to 713 Franklin avenue.

"EVANGELIST" WOODWORTH'S HUSBAND

He Arrives in St. Louis This Morning and Will Leave To-Night.

P. H. Woodworth, the divorced husband of Evangelist Maria B. Woodworth, arrived in St. Louis this morning from Indianapolis, Ind. He will leave again to-night, being engaged in establishing agencies for a book written by himself giving an "Explanation of the Magnetic Power Used by Mrs. Woodworth" in her religious meeting. The ex-husband of the "trance prophetess" is an old man of probably 60 years. He is very bitter in his denunciation of his former wife and claims to be in possession of many of the secrets of what he calls her "trance religion." It is probable that he may return to St. Louis in about two weeks, and, if his health permits, deliver a lecture on the subject. He states that their daughter in Salem, O., has recently had a letter from Evangelist Woodworth saying that she was bound for a point on the Hudson River in New York State.

Great Sale of Boys' Clothing at the Globe.

Several styles suits for boys, 4 to 14 years, $1.45, $2, $2.50. Very fine Cassimeres and Worsteds, $3.50 to $5. Base ball outfit free.

GLOBE, 703 to 713 Franklin avenue.

The Road to Success.

From the Louisville Courier-Journal.

If Bismarck wants to go to the Reichstag he should communicate with Col. Dudley and get on to the American blocks-of-five system.

$10 DOWN and $10 monthly will buy a lot at Hazelwood. See our ad., page 6.

Oil and Petroleum.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 1.—At noon petroleum was quoted at 68½c.

Lumber.

Reported by Russell-Massengale Com. Co., Lumber Commission Merchants, southwest corner Main and Olive streets.

We note a good demand for both white and red oak, poplar and gum, also ash, which is scarce and wanted.

Poplar Boards and Squares—$25@26 and $10; less for common. For poor stock $1@2 less.

White Oak—2@4 in, $27@28, and $17@18 for clear and common; red oak, 1c less. Quartered white, $38@39 and $18; red quartered, $1 less. Demand very good.

Cypress—2½x3 in., $27@28, green; for dry stock, $1@2 more. We quote: 1x2 in., green, $26@27, and dry, $28@29 for first and second.

Hickory—Wanted; $34@35 for axles and boards.

Gum—Wanted; $21@22 and $11 for 1st and 2d and common.

Walnut—$70@75. $40@42 and $20@21 for first and second, and common and culls.

Ash—$28@29 for 2 and 4-in., white 1 and 1½-in., $27 for first and second, and $10 less for common; demand good.

THE place for people to buy homes is beautiful Hazelwood. See our ad., page 6.

THEY ENVY AMERICAN GIRLS.

Some of the Things the Women Have to Put Up With in Japan.

During my recent visit to Japan, says a traveler in the Washington *Star*, several girls told me how glad they would be if they had the opportunity to go to America. They had probably heard of the United States as being the paradise of women, and felt that Japan was not exactly an earthly Eden for them. Americans call pretty girls angels and adore them as goddesses. The Japanese, on the contrary compare men with heaven and women with earth. Probably no "foreigner" knows the Japanese as thoroughly as Mr. Basil Hall Chamberlain, who has been professor of philology at the University of Tokio. "Most Japanese men," he says, "even in this very year of grace 1890, make no secret of their disdain for women. The way in which they are treated by the men has hitherto been such as might cause a pang to any generous European heart."

This contempt for women is shown in the minutest detail of life, as for example in mourning etiquette, which prescribes that animal food should be abstained from and mourning garments worn for 150 days in case of a paternal grandfather, but only ninety days in case of a maternal grandfather; ninety days for a paternal uncle, but only thirty days for one on the maternal side, etc. According to the "Greater Learning for Women" there are five feminine vices which four women of every five possess—disobedience, malice, slander, jealousy and stupidity—whence arises their inferiority to man. Even woman's four possible virtues are such as chiefly benefit man—gentle obedience, chastity, mercy and quietness. A Japanese Buddhist text says that "A woman's exterior is that of a saint, but her heart is that of a demon."

Every tourist that has visited Japan will agree as to the maliciousness falseness of these ungallant remarks on the gentle, courteous, sweet and graceful little women of the island empire. It is not easy to observe these women in their homes, because it is not the custom among the Japanere to invite friends, least of all foreigners, to their houses to dinner, tea houses being chosen for such a purpose; but in these same tea houses tourists have opportunity abundant to discover and resent the untruthfulness of the charge that "these low and aggravating girls had had no proper education; they are stupid, obstinate and vulgar in their speech," which is brought against the poor handmaidens, whom he, on the contrary, always finds ready to serve him, ever smiling and even willing to fan him on a sultry summer afternoon. Imagine an American waiter girl doing such a thing!

Not on good terms

—dirt and Pearline. They can't live in the same house. You'll have to take one or the other. Take Pearline to clean everything that is washable—clothes, dishes, paint, glass. It saves labor, temper, time, money, and fabric. Millions use it. No one is poor enough to do without it; everyone is richer for using it.

Beware Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearline." IT'S FALSE—Pearline is never peddled, and if your grocer sends you something in place of Pearline, do the honest thing—*send it back*. 213 JAMES PYLE, N.Y.

PARKER'S HEADACHE POWDERS
Positively Cures and Prevents
SICK HEADACHE,
NEURALGIA, DIZZINESS, ETC.
Price, 10 Cents. By All Druggists.

LOWER MISSISSIPPI.

St. Louis and Cape Girardeau Tri-Weekly Packet.

Str. IDLEWILD.

S. H. GRIFFETH, Master. ROBT. TAYLOR, Clk.
Leaves on MONDAYS and FRIDAYS at 5 p. m., for Cape Girardeau and way landings; also Thebes and Commerce.
Telephone 2615. TOM PENNISTON, Agent.

W. T. ANDERSON & CO.,
GRAIN COMMISSION. LACLEDE BUILDING, ST. LOUIS, MO.

JOHN MULLALLY COMMISSION CO.
CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, ST. LOUIS. 2-7

REDMOND CLEARY COMMISSION CO.,
CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, ST. LOUIS. 2-7

SAYLE-STEGALL COMMISSION CO., 2-7
Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants. 122 South Main st., St. Louis.

BASYE & ROBINSON,
General Commission and Order Merchants, 116 N. Main Street, St. Louis, Mo.

BERNET & CRAFT,
Flour Commission Merchants. 8 S. Main st., St. Louis, Mo.

LEWIS-SHARPE COMMISSION CO.,
ROOM 210, CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, ... ST. LOUIS.

GEO. TAYLOR COMMISSION CO., 2-7
COTTON FACTORS. MAIN AND WALNUT STS., ST. LOUIS.

FLOUR AND GRAIN COMMISSION.

BILLINGSLY & NANSON
COMMISSION CO.
Hay, Grain and Seed.
2-7 Chamber of Commerce, St. Louis.

JOHN THYSON,
Successor to THYSON & DAVIDSON,
Grain Commission Merchant.
2-7 205-206 Chamber of Commerce, St. Louis, Mo.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

O. VOELKER & CO.,
Commission Merchants.
POULTRY, GAME, FURS AND EGGS,
2-7 916 N. 3d st., St. Louis, Mo.

A. LANDAUER & SONS,
Fruit and General Commission Merchants.
924 N. Third st., St Louis.

E. C. HOFFMAN,
General Commission Merchant.
Sole Agent for Hilliard's Pure Apple Cider.
246 1002 N. Third st., St. Louis, Mo.

EUGENE G. WEIDNER
COMMISSION CO.,
903 and 905 N. 3d st., St. Louis, Mo.
Special attention given to the sale of wheat, oats, corn, fruit, wool, feathers, hides, bacon, lard, butter, eggs, poultry, game, calves, etc. 1-7

MEIDNER FEED & COMMISSION CO.,
Dealers in
Hay & Grain, General Commission Merchants
Office, 309 S. Twelfth street.
Warehouses: 1119 Clark av., 1412-1414 Clark av.
Liberal advances made on consignments.
Telephone, 1175.

L. HAKE & SON,
Commission and Provision Merchants.
819 N. 3d st. & 816 N. 4th st., St. Louis, Mo.

B. WINKELMAN,
WHOLESALE GROCER,
Commission Merchant and Rectifier,
And Wholesale Dealer in Wines, Liquors, Cheese and All Kinds of Country Produce.
38 826 N. Third st., St. Louis.

HART COMMISSION CO.,
112 Pine St.,
Specialties—Pelts, Hides, Wool, Gingseng and Roots.

RUSSELL-MASSENGALE
COMMISSION CO.
Lumber Commission Merchants,
And Dealers in All Kinds of Hardwood Lumber.
2-7 S. W. Cor. Main and Olive sts., St. Louis, Mo.

HENRY BROEDER,
COMMISSION MERCHANT.
All Kinds of Country Produce.
Eggs a Specialty.
2-7 926-928 N. Third st., St. Louis, Mo.

ESTABLISHED 1849. INCORPORATED 1883.
EDW. BECKMANN COMMISSION CO.
Grain, Eggs, Poultry, Dried Fruit, Wool, Game, Hides, Etc.
2-7 121 Market st., St. Louis, Mo.

ESTABLISHED 1865.
GEO. A. BENTON & CO.,
General Commission Merchants
For the Sale of Country Produce of All Kinds.
2-7 827 N. 3d st. and 824 N. 4th st., St. Louis, Mo.

F. C. TAYLOR & CO.,
208 and 210 N. Main st.,
209 and 211 Commercial st.,
2-7 St. Louis, Mo.

H. C. SCHOPPE & SON,
General Commission Merchants.
2-7 316 N. Commercial st., St. Louis, Mo.

PICKER & BEARDSLEY,
General Commission Merchants,
214 N. Main st. and 215 N. Commercial st.,
2-7 St. Louis.

ESTABLISHED 1868.
P. M. KIELY & CO.,
Commission Merchants.
2-7 914½ N. Third st., St. Louis.

DORMITZER & MEARA,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
Tobacco, Grain and Produce.
2-7 N. E. Cor. Main & Market sts., St. Louis, Mo.

KAUP & ELBRECHT.
Wholesale Commission Merchants.
2-6 1014 N. Third st., St. Louis, Mo.

ESTABLISHED 1878.
MICHENFELDER & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
Wool, Hides and Country Produce.
Consignments and correspondence solicited.
3 N. Main st., St. Louis, Mo.

FLOUR AND GRAIN COMMISSION.

T. B. MORTON. JOHN M. GANNETT.
A. L. MESSMORE.
MESSMORE, GANNETT & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
Grain, Hay and Seeds a Specialty.
2-7 Room 511, Chamber of Commerce.

HUNTER BROS.
SHIPPING
Flour, Grain and Feed Commission
2-7 46 Republic Building, St. Louis.

GEO. J. SCHULTE & CO.,
Hay and Grain Commission.
246 18 N. Commercial st., St. Louis, Mo.

SCHWARTZ BROS. COMMISSION CO.,
Grain, Flour and General Commission Merchants,
1601, 1603 and 1605 N. Broadway, Cor. Mullanphy St.
2-7 ST. LOUIS, MO.

A. N. EATON. J. R. CRANDALL. J. S. MCCLELLAN.
EATON, McCLELLAN & CO.,
GENERAL COMMISSION,
Grain and Flour Specialties.
4 S. Commercial st., St. Louis, Mo.

D. BLOCK. WM. B. DEAN.
BLOCK, DEAN & CO.,
General Commission Merchants,
No. 417 Chamber of Commerce,
2-7 ST. LOUIS, MO.

W. B WESTCOTT & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
Hay, Grain, Flour, Seeds, Produce,
2-7 320 N. Main st., St. Louis.

T. C. TAYLOR & CO.,
Grain, Hay, Seeds, Wool, Hides, Furs, Etc. Track Stuff a Specialty.
Consignments of all kinds solicited.
114 Pine st., St. Louis, Mo.

WHOLESALE FRUIT DEALERS.

GUNN FRUIT CO.
WHOLESALE
Foreign, Florida and California Fruits, Nuts, Etc.
938 and 940 N. 3d st.

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS.

ESTABLISHED 1845. INCORPORATED 1885.
J. S. MERRELL DRUG CO.,
Wholesale Druggists.
ST. LOUIS, MO.

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

ESTABLISHED 1838.
GREELEY-BURNHAM GROCER CO.,
Staple and Fancy Groceries.
2-7 618 to 622 N. 2d st.

ST. LOUIS GROCERY MARKET.

Reported by the Greeley-Burnham Grocer Co.

Established 1838.

[Owing to lack of space, this price list will be divided into two parts, which will appear on alternate days, the entire price list appearing in each Sunday's issue.]

We solicit the orders of merchants only, and can entertain no orders from consumers. Correspondence with country dealers invited.

Our 28-page complete price list of groceries, woodenware, wagons, buggies, sewing machines, etc., will be sent gratuitously, to merchants only, on application.

Sugar—Granulated, 4 13-16c; powdered, 5⅛c; fine powdered, 6c; cut loaf, 5⅛c; yellow, 4⅛@5⅛c.

Coffee—Green—O. G. Java, 27@30c; Mocha, 29c; Peaberry, 23½c; golden Rio, 23½c; fancy dark Rio, 22c; choice, 21½c; prime, 21c; good, 20½c; fair, 20c; common, 19½c.

Coffee—Roasted—Arbuckle, Lion and "1838," 1-℔ pkgs, 25 40-100c; Buffalo, 130-℔ bags, 26½c; Sultan, 130-℔ bags, 25½c; Phœnix, 130-℔ bags, 25c; Challenge, 130-℔ bags, 24½c; No. 99, 130-℔ bags, 23½c; No. 18, 130-℔ bags, 22½c; D. H. & Co., Java and Mocha, 50-℔ and 2-℔ tins, 33½c.

Molasses—H. B., fancy, 42c; St. George, choice, 40c; Eliza, prime, 38c; A. H. G., good, 35c; E. A. W., fair, 30c.

Syrups—Sugar, Buffalo, fancy, 48c, brilliant, choice, 42c; diamond drips, prime, 37c; crown, good, 34c; corn, 32c; sorghum, 35@39c.

Rice—Fancy, 7¼c; choice, 6¾c; prime, 6¼c; good, 6c.

Coal Oil—150 deg., 9c; Eupion, 11¼c; Elaine, 17½c; Gasoline, 9½c.

Canned Fruits—Apples, 3s, $1; gallons, $3.50; blackberries, 2s, 87½c; cherries, 2s, $1.35; gooseberries, 2s, $1.10; peaches, 2s, seds, $1.95; 3s, seds, $2.25; 3s, std white, $2.40; yellow, $2.50; 3s pie, $1.65; pineapple, std, 2s, $1.65; buffalo, 2s, $2.40; grated, 2s, $2.60; raspberries, 2s, $1.40; strawberries, 2s, $1.35.

California Fruits—Apricots, $2.25@2.40; blackberries, $2.50; cherries, white, $2.75; black, $2.50; egg plums, $2; greengages, $2; Crawford peaches, $2.75; pears, $2.75; raspberries, $3.

Canned Vegetables—Asparagus, $2.50; baked beans, $1.30@1.50; lima beans, 95c; string beans, 75c; corn, Western, $1.05@1.10; Maine corn, $1.20@1.50; peas, mft., $1.05; early June, $1.30; ex. sft., $1.85; pumpkin, 3s, 80c; succotash, $1; tomatoes, 2s, 77½c; 3s, $1; Buffalo, 3s, $1.05.

Canned Fish—Clams, $1.05; codfish balls, 2s, $1.95; crabs, 1s, $2.25; 2s, $3.25; lobsters, 1s, $2.10; mackerel, 1s, 90c; genuine, $1.25; oysters, 1s, $1.05; 2s, $2; shrimps, 1½s, $2.40; salmon, Alaska, $1.05@1.25; Columbia River, $1.65; white fish, 1s, $1.25; 2s, $2.40; sardines, American, ¼s, $4.35; mustard, ¾s, $4.35; imported, ¼s, $9.25@15.

Canned Meats—Chipped beef, 1s, $1.85@2.20; corned beef, 1s, $1.10; 2s, $1.75; chicken, 2s, $2.50; 10-oz. potted, $2.85; Chili Concarne, 2s, $2.25; duck, 10-oz., $3; ham, 5-oz., 65c; 10-oz., $1.20; pig feet, 1½s, $1.25; sausage, 1s, ham, $1.70; 1s, Vienna, $1.95; tongue, 5-oz., 65c; 10-oz., $1.15; turkey, 10-oz., $2.90.

Preserves—20-℔ pails, 8c; 5-℔ pails, ℔ doz., $7.

Condensed Milk—Eagle, $7.35; crown, $6.10; dime, $3.35; watch, $4.20.

Ammunition—Powder, 25-℔ kegs, $5.50; shot patent, 25-℔ bags, $1.40; Eley caps, per M, 60c; U. M. C., per M, 50c; G. D., per M, 35c.

Baking Powder—Price's—Lbs, $4.75; ½-lbs, $2.50; ¼-lbs, $1.35. Royal—Lbs, $4.90; ½-lbs, $2.65; ¼-lbs, $1.75. Buffalo—Lbs, $2.60; ½-lbs, $1.50; ¼-lbs, 80c. Town Talk—1-lb, $1.25. U. S. A.—Lbs, $3.50, 12-oz, $2.75; ½-lbs, $1.90; 6-oz, $1.45; ¼-lbs, $1; 8-oz, 80c.

Beans—Navy, $2.45; medium, $2.40; lima, ℘ lb, 5½c.

Flour—G. B. G. Co.'s "Best" roller patents, $5.80; ex fcy, $5.35; fcy, $4.85; choice family, $4.25. Rye, $5.10. K. D. meal, $3.40. Hominy, $3.85; grits, $3.85. Buckwheat, pure, $5; patent, $4.50.

Candles—Star, 9c; hotel, 10½c; parffin, 11@13c.

Chocolate—Baker's premium, 34c; sweet, 22c.

Cocoa—Van Houten's 1-℔, 72c; ½-℔s, 80c; ¼-℔s, 80c; ⅛-℔s, 96c; Epp's ½-℔s, 37c.

Candies—Stick, 7½c; royal, 8½c; mixed, 8@12½c.

Cider—$6@7.50 ℘ bbl.

Cheese—Young America, 12½c; Wisconsin full cream, 12½c; N. Y. factory, 9c; imported Swiss, 28@29c; Edam, $10 per doz.

Cocoanut—Perfection, 15-℔ box, ½-℔ and 1-℔, assorted; 25c; 20-℔ pails, 15c.

Crackers—Soda, 6c; ginger snaps, 8½c; cream, 8½c; sugar, 8½c; cakes and jumbles, 12c, less 15 per cent.

Extracts—Buffalo, 2-oz lemon, $1.15; 2-oz. vanilla, $1.75; Oriental, 2-oz. lemon, 65c; 2-oz. vanilla 90c.

Farinaceous Goods—Barley, 4½c; cracked wheat, bbls, $7.50; cases, $3.75; oat meal, Buffalo, bbls, $6.75; cases, $3.50; peas, green, ℘ bu, $1.15; rolled oats, Buffalo, bbls, $6.77; cases, $3.50; tapioca, 6½c.

Dried Fruit, Domestic—Apples, 10¾@11c; evaporated, 14½c; peaches, ½s, 8c; blackberries, 7½c; raspberries, 29½c; pitted cherries, 32c; California evaporated peaches, 18c; apricots, 18½c; prunes, 11½@13½c.

Dried Fruit, Foreign—Currants, casks, 5½c; cases, 7c; citron, 17c; dates, Fard, 12-℔ bxs, 9c; 65-℔ boxes, 7½c; Persian, 3¾c; figs, 14@16c; grapes, 6½c; lemon peel, 11½c; prunes, Turkish, bbls, 9½c; French, 55-℔ bxs, 10@11½c; raisins, Valencia, 7½c; Sultana, 18@22½c; California raisins, muscatel, $2.15@2.60; L. L., $2.40@3.

THE ST. LOUIS DRUG MARKET.

Reported by the J. S. Merrell Drug Co.

We solicit the orders of merchants only, and can entertain no orders from consumers. Correspondence with country dealers invited.

Acid—Acetic, No. 8, ℘ ℔, 8c; benzoic, Eng., ℘ oz, 20c; carbolic crystals, 1-℔ cans, ℘ ℔, 35c; citric, ℘ ℔, 58c; muriatic, ℘ ℔, 5c; nitric, ℘ ℔, 10c; oxalic, ℘ ℔, 14c; sulphuric, ℘ ℔, 4c; tartaric, ℘ ℔, 38c.

Alcohol—Grain, ℘ gal, $2.34; wood, ℘ gal, $1.30.

Ammonia—Water, 16 per cent, ℘ ℔, 4c; 20 per cent, ℘ ℔, 8c; 26 per cent, ℘ ℔, 11c; carb., ℘ ℔, 15c; muriatic, ℘ ℔, 15c.

Annatto—Spanish, ℘ ℔, 45c.

Annatoine—℘ ℔, $1.

Antifebrin—℘ oz., 25c.

Antikamnia—℘ oz., $1.

Antimony—Black powdered, ℘ ℔, 5c.

Antipyrine—℘ oz., $1.40.

Arrowroot—American, ℘ ℔, 10c; Bermuda, ℘ ℔, 35c.

Arsenic—White powdered, ℘ ℔, 10c.

Balsam—Copaiba, ℘ ℔, 60c; fir, ℘ ℔, 40c; Peru, ℘ ℔, $1.90; tolu, ℘ ℔, 50c.

Bark—Bayberry, powd., ℘ ℔, 15c; cassia, ℘ ℔, 8c; cassia, powd., ℘ ℔, 25c; Cinchona, red, ℘ ℔, 25c; Cinchona, red, powd., ℘ ℔, 35c; Cinchona, yellow, ℘ ℔, 25c; Cinchona, yellow, powd., ℘ ℔, 35c; Elm, select, ℘ ℔, 15c; Elm, powd., ℘ ℔, 1c; Sassafras, ℘ ℔, 13c.

Bay Rum—Domestic, ℘ gal., $2.25; imported, ℘ gal., $3.

Beans—Tonka, Angustura, ℘ ℔, $2.25; Vanilla, Mexican, ℘ ℔, $9.

Berries—Cubeb, stemless, ℘ ℔, $1.50; cubeb, stemless, powdered, ℘ ℔, $1.65; juniper, ℘ ℔, 8c; juniper, powdered, ℘ ℔, 10c.

Bismuth—Sub. carb., ℘ ℔, $2.70; sub. nitrat, ℘ ℔, $2.10.

Blue Mass—Per ℔, 50c.

Blue Vitrol—Per ℔, 8c.

Borax—Refined, ℘ ℔, 11c; powdered, ℘ ℔, 12c.

Brimstone—Roll, ℘ ℔, 3c.

Calomel—American, ℘ ℔, 95c; English, ℘ ℔, $1.35.

Cantharides—Russian, ℘ ℔, $1.25; Russian powdered, ℘ ℔, $1.40.

Chalk—White lump, 2c; French cut, 15c; prepared drops, 5c ℘ ℔.

Chloral—Hydrate crystals, $1.45 ℘ ℔.

Cinconidia—Sulph. P. W., oz vials, 14c ℘ oz.

Cloves—Zanzibar, 15c; do powdered, 20c ℘ ℔.

Corrosive Sublimate—85c ℘ ℔.

Cochineal—Honduras, 40c ℘ ℔.

Cream Tartar—Pure, 30c ℘ ℔.

Cuttlefish Bone—30c ℘ ℔.

Ether—Sulphuric, N. S. P., 65c ℘ ℔.

Extracts—Logwood, assd., 16c; licorice, 24c ℘ ℔.

Flowers—Arnica, 25c; chamomile, English, 25c; do German, 30c ℘ ℔.

Gelatine—Cooper's, 80c ℘ ℔.

Glycerine—Concentrated, ℘ ℔, 22c.

Gum Aloes—Cape, ℘ ℔, 10c; socotrine, ℘ ℔, 50c.

Gum Arabic—First picked, ℘ ℔, 95c; 2d picked, 75c; powdered, ℘ ℔, $1.

Gum—Assafœtida, ℘ ℔, 15c; camphor, ℘ ℔, 50c; catechu, true, ℘ ℔, 10c; guaiac, strained, ℘ ℔, 40c; kino, ℘ ℔, 20c; myrrh, Turkey, ℘ ℔, 35c; opium, Turkey, ℘ ℔, $2.50; Turkey, powdered, ℘ ℔, $3.75; shellac, orange, ℘ ℔, 30c; bleached, ℘ ℔, 40c; tragacanth, first picked, ℘ ℔, 65c.

COMMERCIAL.

Closing Prices—1:15 P. M.

ST. LOUIS:

	Closing Yesterday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closing To-day.
		WHEAT.		
May	106⅛	107	105⅜	107 a
June	104¼	104⅝	104	105 b
July	100⅝ b	101¼	100½	101¼@⅜
Aug.	98⅝	99⅝	99	99⅝
Sept.	99⅝	....	....	....
Dec.	101¼	102⅝	102⅜	102⅝ a
		CORN.		
May	65⅝	66¼	66	66 b
July	62 b	63⅜	62⅞	62⅞ a
....	....	....	....	....
		OATS.		
May	53¼	53½	53⅛	53⅜
July	45¼ b	46⅛	45⅛	46⅛
Aug.	38 n	38¾	38¾	38¾

CHICAGO—Reported by Frank J. Brown, rooms 130 and 132, Chamber of Commerce.

		WHEAT.		
May	105⅞	107⅛	106	106⅞
July	104⅝	106⅜	105⅛	106⅜
		CORN.		
May	66⅝	67¼	66½	67
July	63⅛	64⅜	63¼	63⅞
		OATS.		
May	52½	53⅜	53¼	53⅜
		PORK.		
July	13.07½	13.22½	13.10	13.10
		LARD.		
July	7.0.½	7.05	7.02½	7.02½
		SHORT RIBS.		
May	6.27½	6.30	6.25	6.25

CHICAGO—Wheat—Closing—May, $1.06⅞; July, $1.06½; Aug., $1.02⅞; Sept., $1.01⅞; Dec., $1.02¾; year, $1.00 b. Corn—May, 67c; July, 63⅞c; Sept., 62c. Oats—May, 53⅜c; June, 52½c; July, 46⅝c; Aug., 37⅞c; Sept., 36⅛c. Pork—May, $12.80; July, $13.10; Sept., $13.42½. Lard—May, 6.75c; July, 7.02½c; Sept., 7.27½c; Short ribs—May, 6.25c; July, 6.57½c; Sept., 6.87½c.

NEW YORK—Wheat—May, $1.16⅞; June, $1.15¾; July, $1.13⅛; Aug., $1.08⅞; Sept., $1.08⅞; Dec., $1.09⅞; May, 1892, $1.13⅞. Corn—May, 76½c; June, 73c; July, 70½c; Aug. 70½c. Oats—May, 59⅞c; June, 58¼c, July, 57⅛c.

TOLEDO—Wheat—Cash, $1.12½; May, $1.12¼; July, $1.06⅞; Aug., $1.03⅞; Dec., $1.05 b.

Receipts and Shipments

Of leading articles at St. Louis for the twenty-four hours ending Friday, May 1, 1891, and corresponding day in 1890, as reported by the Merchants' Exchange.

ARTICLES.	Receipts by River and Rail.		Shipments by River and Rail.	
	1891	1890.	1891.	1890.
Flour, bbls.	3,608	3,013	8,379	10,908
Wheat, bu.	16,508	9,349	6,364	12,810
Corn, bu	122,210	168,890	72,552	270,447
Oats, bu	36,035	39,255	33,178	70,200
Rye, bu	510	1,650	27	2,427
Barley, bu.	....	2,306	47	1,350
Bran, ship-stuffs, sks	....	250	1,344	1,457
Do. in bulk, cars	1	5	1	2
Corn meal, bbls	....	500	3,002	662
Cotton, bls, local	269	56	1,816	1,568
Cotton, bls, through	1,238	96		
Hay, tons	382	597	87	382
Pork, bbls.	....	....	76	81
Hams, ℔s	168,580	26,180	50,514	24,596
Meats, ℔s	566,510	395,550	618,216	1,922,673
Lard, ℔s	123,570	31,200	59,340	657,170
Cattle, head	1,576	1,869	337	264
Hogs, head	4,622	5,603	4,603	3,712
Sheep, head	384	302	150	...
Horses and mules, hd	61	189	248	256

Grain Inspections.

INSPECTED IN.

Wheat.	Cars.	Corn.	Cars.
No. 2 red	4	No. 2	37
No. 3 red	—	No. 3	9
Rejected	—	No. 4	—
No. 4	—	No. 2 white	12
No grade	—	No. 3 do	9
No. 2 hard winter	3	No. 4 do	—
Rejected spring	2	No. 2 St. Charles	—
No. 2 hard spring	1	No. 3 yellow	—
No. 2 Colorado	3	No. 2 color	—
No. 3 soft spring	1	No. 3 do	—
Total	14	Total	67

Also, 1,200 bu No. 2 white and 260 sks No. 2 yellow corn.

Oats—No. 2, 7 cars; No. 3, 5 cars; No. 4—car; No. 2 color, —; No. 3 do, 1 car; No. 2 white, 1 car; No. 3 do, 2; No. 4 do, —; no grade, —; total, 16 cars.

Rye—No. 2, —car; No. 3, —; No. 4, —cars.

Barley—No. 2 spring, —car; No. 3 do, —; rejected, —.

Inspections Out: Wheat—No. 2 red, 32 cars; No. 3 red 1; No. 4, —; rejected, 1; no grade, —; No. 2 hard, —; No. 3 do, —car; No. 2 hard spring, —; No. 3 do, —car; rejected do, —; No. 2 soft spring, —; No. 2 Colorado, —; No. 3 do, —cars.

Corn—No. 2, 16 cars; No. 3, 4 cars; No. 4, —car; No. 2 white, —cars; No. 3 white, 4 cars; No. 2 color, —car; No. 3 do, —car; No. 2 yellow, —.

Oats—No. 2, 5 cars; No. 3, 3 cars; No. 4, —cars; No. 2 white, 4 cars; No. 3 do, 1 car; No. 2 color, —car; No. 3 color, 3 cars; no-grade, —cars.

Rye—No. 2, —car; No. 5, —car.

Barley—No. 2 spring, 1 car; No. 3, 1 car; rejected, —cars.

Stock of Grain in St. Louis Elevators.

	Wheat bu.	Corn bu	Oats bu.	Rye bu.	Barley bu.
T'd	602,002	233,773	99,211	202	12,954
Yes	686,542	212,119	155,268	202	12,954
'90.	721,590	369,104	90,581	2,279	18,582
	No. 2 Red.	No. 2.	No. 2.	No. 2.	No. 2.
T'd	648,857	57,593	9,119	....	....
Yes	551,195	42,562	30,752	....	....
'90.	648,857	166,505	14,225	1,834	....

No. 2 white corn, 132,414 bu.

Movement of Wheat and Corn To-Day.

	RECEIPTS.		SHIPMENTS.	
	Wheat.	Corn.	Wheat.	Corn.
St. Louis	16,508	122,210	6,364	72,552
Chicago	28,000	369,391	86,770	143,423
Toledo	14,590	13,776	2,400	39,500
Detroit	25,961	4,782	38,359	2,731
Milwaukee	38,217	1,740	56,050	200
Minneapolis	206,400	......	34,810	......
Duluth	24,905	......	86,000	......
New York	90,000	10,400	......	35,550
Baltimore	288	19,635	......	......
Philadel'hia	3,872	6,683	3,010	5,234

Future Sales To-day.

Wheat—May—45 at $1.05¾, 10 at $1.06, 5 at $1.06⅛, 35 at $1.06¼, 15 at $1.06⅜, 145 at $1.06½, 10 at $1.06⅝@¾, 20 at $1.06⅞, 10 at $1.06⅞, 10 at $1.07. June—10 at $1.04, 5 at $1.04½, 10 at $1.04¾. July—20 at $1.00½, 75 at $1.00⅝, 45 at $1.00¾, 20 at $1.00⅞@1.01; 480 at $1.01, 80 at $1.01@⅛, 140 at $1.01⅛, 50 at $1.01⅛@¼, 285 at $1.01¼, 50 at $1.01¼@⅜, 320 at $1.01⅜, 110 at $1.01⅜@½, 155 at $1.01½, 40 at $1.01½@⅝, 110 at $1.01⅝, 80 at $1.01⅝@¾, 5 at $1.01¾. Aug.—10 at 99c, 5 at 99⅛c, 40 at 99¼c, 30 at 99⅜c, 85 at 99½c, 10 at 99⅝@¾c, 95 at 99¾c, 10 at 99⅞@¾c, 120 at 99⅞c, 30 at 99⅞c. Dec.—50 at $1.02⅛, 30 at $1.02½, 40 at $1.02⅝, 15 at $1.02¾.

Corn—May—20 at 66c, 20 at 66¼c. July—5 at 62⅞c, 40 at 62⅞@63c, 80 at 62⅞c, 20 at 62⅞c, 10 at 62⅞c, 30 at 62⅞c, 10 at 62⅞@63c, 70 at 63c, 75 at 63⅛c, 20 at 63¼c.

Oats—May—10 at 53⅜c, 10 at 53½c. July—10 at 45¾c, 10 at 47c, 5 at 47⅛c, 5 at 46½c. Aug.—5 at 38⅜c.

ON 'CHANGE.

Grain and Flour.

Wheat—The market had quite a bull turn this morning. It was a continuation of the strength that developed yesterday, backed by a ½@1d higher Liverpool cable and a firmer tone generally reported in English markets, though one London cable reported cargoes 6d off. All domestic markets were higher, New York showing especial strength. Some bug damage reports were in, but most crop news continued of the finest and the statement of the Kansas Entomologist that the actual damage was due to bad farming and not to bugs, knocked out the bug damage idea. There was no let-up to receipts, 440 cars arriving at Minneapolis and Duluth and liberal here and seaboard clearances only 18,000 pkgs flour and 3,000 bu wheat, but the market held upward and advanced 1⅛c. There was a ⅛c relapse, but this was recovered from and with reports of export purchases in New York, hot winds in California and San Francisco up 3c and higher cables from Liverpool and Berlin, Paris and Antwerp unchanged, there was ⅜c rally. Late the market dropped back ⅛c, but the close was right firm, with May ⅞c, July 1⅛c, Aug. 1⅛c and Dec. 1⅛c above yesterday.

July opened at $1.00½, and sold to $1.01@⅛ to $1.00⅞@1.01 to $1.01⅛ to $1.00⅞@1.01 to $1.01⅜ to $1.01⅛ to $1.01½ to $1.00⅞ to $1.01⅛ to $1.00⅞ to $1.01⅜ to $1.01½ to $1.01⅝@¾ to $1.01½ and closed at $1.01⅝@¾. May opened at $1.06⅛ and sold to $1.05¾ to $1.06⅜ to $1.06⅛ to $1.07, and latter asked at close. June sold at $1.04 to $1.04¾ and later $1.05 bid. Aug. sold at 99c to 99⅜c to 99½c to 99⅜c to 99⅞c to 99⅞c and closed at 99⅞c asked. Dec. sold at $1.02⅛ to $1.02¾.

SPOT GRADES—No. 2 red declined on the deliveries of nearly all the stock of contract grade, though most of it was placed, but the absence of demand, and a pressure to sell by some parties depressed the market. Sales: No. 2 red—10,000 bu regular at $1.05½, 10,000 do at $1.05¾. Rejected—1 car E. side at 90c and for more there 90c bid.

Exporters took 5,000 bu No. 2 red and 27,000 bu No. 2 Pacific Coast that is now being loaded into barges.

SAMPLES—Steady. There were several local millers in the market for supplies, which created a good active demand for all milling grades. Sales: Special bin—1 car No. 3 hard spring at $1.02½. Track, this side—1 car No. 2 red at $1.07¼. East track—1 car No. 3 red at $1.05, 1 fancy do at $1.06. Sacks—33 at 94c, 10 at $1.06½, 241 at $1.07, 154 at $1.07¼, 457 at $1.08.

Corn—The strength in wheat was felt in corn advances elsewhere and a demand that absorbed all offerings helping to put the price up, but there was not much snap to the market and trading moderate. The close was ⅝@¾c above yesterday.

May sold at 66¼c to 66c and latter bid at close. July opened at 62⅞c and sold to 63⅛c to 62⅞c to 63c and at close 62⅞c asked. No. 2 white for May offered at 73c, no bid; July at 70, bid 68c.

SAMPLES—There was a little better feeling, with a slightly higher range, the light offerings finding ready sale at the advance. Sales—Special bin—1 car No. 2 at 55c, 1 No. 3 color at 55½c, 2 No. 2 at 55½c, 1 No. 3 white at 56c, 2 Northern mixed at 56½c, 1 No. 3 white at 56⅞c, 1 No. 2 white at 57½c, 1 No. 2 white (storage paid) at 58½c, 7 sacks mixed (sacks returned) at 55c. Sacked lots on orders 63@65c.

SPOT GRADES were higher and very strong, all the offerings being readily taken by order and local buyers. Sales: No. 2—1 car regular, 3 in St. L. and 3 in Cdit at 67c, 2 in U. at 67¼c, 1 in U. at 67⅜c, 1 in St. L. at 68c, latest sales at 67c this side and offered at that in U. No. 2 white—2 cars in U. at 71c, 3 in St. L. at 71½c. No. 3 white—1 car in C. at 69c, 1 in C. at 69½c. No. 2 yellow—1 car in St. L. at 69c. No. 3—1 car in C. and 3 in St. L. at 66c. No. 2 color offered in St. L. at 71c, bid 70c. No. 4 offered in C. at 65c, no bid.

SAMPLES—Higher and in good demand. Sales: 2 cars white (ear) E. trk at 68½c, 1 No. 3 color E. trk at 69½c, 2 No. 3 white E. trk at 71c, 299 sks white at 72½c, 12,000 bu in barges p. t. Sacked lots on orders, 75@76c.

Oats—The future market was firm and new crop options advanced ⅝c. May sold at 53⅜c to 53⅝c; July at 45⅛c to 46⅛c; Aug. at 38⅜c.

SPOT GRADES—None offered. On call bids for No. were 54c regular, 54½c in C. and D.

Rye—Market nominal, as there was none for sale and no bids.

Barley—Nothing done. Season drawing to a close, and brewers out of the market.

We quote: Medium at 65@70c, prime at 70@75c, choice at 75@80c, fancy at 80@85c.

MILWAUKEE, May 1.—Barley—Cash and May, 76c.

Flour—Quiet, but steady. There was little inquiry, buyers were holding off and sellers showed little disposition to shade prices to force sales. Sales: Bbls—43 at $4.50 at $4.40, 150 at $4.50, 650 at $4.90, 50 at $5 05, 175 at $5.20.

Quotations range, XXX, $3.40@3.50; family, $3.70@3.85; choice, $4.10@4.25; fancy, $4.50@4.60; extra fancy, $4.80@4.90; patents, $5.10@5.20. Prices for lots on levee and on this side.

Corn Meal—Steady at $3.35@3.45 and pearl meal, grits and hominy at $3.80@3.85.

Rye Flour—Firm at $4.70@4.80.

Hay and Millfeed.

Hay—Receipts, 382 tons. There was little life to the market. Local dealers, who were about the only buyers, were only in the market for the best grades. Prairie continues slow sale. Sales this side—Timothy—2 cars prime at $15.50, 3 strictly prime to choice at $16, 1 choice at $16.50, 1 strictly fancy at $18. East side—Timothy—1 prime at $14.50, 1 strictly do at $15.50, 3 choice at $16, 1 fancy at $17.

Bran—Market dull and depressed; very few buyers and sellers unable to place car lots, save at lower prices. Sales: 2 cars skd bran country point at 90c. 100 sks at mill at 95c, 300 do on direct orders at 98c, 1 car sacked middling country point at $1.05. Late sacked bran offered f. o. b. this side at 91c.

Provisions.

The market was firm and higher, but quiet. There was a better feeling and inquiry, and six cars dry salt ribs sold to arrive at 6.42½c c. and f. Bacon was stiff, but higher prices hard to realize. All else was dull.

ON THE CALL—Mess pork—Cash offered at $12.75, no bid.

Cured d. s. ribs—Cash offered at 6.47½c, bid 6.35c for cash and May.

Bacon ribs—May offered at 6.85c, bid 6.72½c; June at 7½c, bid 7.

Pork—Standard mess in small lots at $12@12.50; on orders, $13.25.

Lard—Prime steam, 6.40c; leaf kettle, 6⅞c; jobbing, 7½c for fancy and 6¾c for seconds.

Dry Salt Meats—Loose shipping age, f. o. b. and cash orders—shoulders at 5¼c; longs and c'ribs, 6.40c; shorts at 6.55@6.60c; boxed shoulders, 5.10@5¼c; longs at 6.40c; c'ribs at 6½c; shorts, 6.60c. On orders—Boxed longs, 6⅝c; ribs, 6⅝@6¾c; shorts, 6¾c.

Bacon—Packed shoulders sold at 5⅝c, longs at 6.90@6.95c, c'ribs at 7c, shorts at 7.10@7⅛c. On orders—Longs, 7¼c; c'ribs, 7¼c; shorts, 7⅜c.

Hams—S. c., 9½@11½c, as in size and brand.

Country Meats—Bacon: Shoulders, 4½@5c; sides, 6½@6½c; hams, 7½@8c. Lard, 5@5½c in irregular pkgs.

Breakfast Bacon—Sold at 8@9c ℘ ℔. Beef, family sets, $7@7.50 ℘ bbl and $4.50@5 ℘ ½-bbl; on orders higher. Dried, 9@10c, and selected, 12c ℘ ℔. Smoked beef tongue, $5@5.50 ℘ doz.

Highwines—Steady at $1.18 in St. Louis, Chicago and Cincinnati; $1.19 in Peoria.

Lead and Spelter.

Lead—Stronger, and tending upwards. 10 cars chemical selling E side at 4.02½c.

Spelter—Dull at 4.50@4.55c.

Commercial Board.

Wheat—July sold at $1.01⅛ to $1.01⅛@⅜c; puts, $1.00⅛ to $1.00¼, and calls, $1.02⅛ to $1.02¼. Aug offered at 99⅞c.

Corn—July offered at 63c; calls, 63⅝c asked.

CHICAGO—July wheat, $1.05⅛ and call $1.07½ July corn, puts, 63c, and calls, 64⅞c.

ON THE STREET.

[The Post-Dispatch quotations are for lots in first hands, unless otherwise stated. Orders are filled with choice goods, and are charged higher.]

Berries and Fruits.

Strawberries—The season may be said to have opened in earnest now. Receipts this morning were heavy and the largest received so far. While the demand continued good from the local trade the liberal offerings caused buyers to hold off, and market sold lower. The receipts aggregated several hundred cases. Tennessee sent in most of the berries. None were received from Alabama and Louisiana. Tennessee berries (mostly Crystal City variety) were in fair shape, although some were soft and small. Sales in 6-gallon cases were at $2@3 for soft and the poorest, to $4@5.50 for choice, while a few cases fancy stock brought $6. Arkansas arrivals were fair in condition, and sold at $2.50@3.50 per 6-gallon case for scarlets (a little soft) to $4@6 for fair to choice Early Michel and Crystal City. The berries from Mississippi were in generally poor shape—soft, sour, moldy and leaking—especially some that came in late last evening, also some Tennessee, and were not put on the market until this morning. Those in this morning, however were in better shape. Sales of Mississippi were from $1 to $4 ℘ 6-gallon case, as to quality, the inside rate for poor, and the outside for the best.

Apples—Receipts, 6 bbls. Quiet and little or nothing doing outside of sales in a jobbing way from store. Last sale of russets at $5.25.

Dried Fruit—Receipts, 500 pkgs. Market nominally firm. Quote: Sundried apples—Quarters, 10@10½c; peelings, cores or chopped, 2¾@3c. Sun-dried peaches, nominal. Evaporated: Apples—Quarters at 10½@11½c; rings at 12@13c; old, wormy, dark, damp or wet fruit less and fancy more.

Pineapples—Quotable at $3.00 ℘ doz for choice to $3.50 for fancy Havana.

Persian Dates—Quotable at 4½@5½c ℘ ℔ for choice to fancy.

Figs—Quote layers in boxes at 15@17c ℘ ℔, top rate for fancy; in bags at 7c ℘ ℔.

Oranges—We quote repacked: Florida—Fancy brights in popular sizes, $3.25@4; russets, $3@3.50 ℘ box; Indian River at $4.50@5.50 ℘ box, as to size. Messina on orders at $3.50@3.75 for 160 size, and 200-size box. California—Washington riverside naval at $5.25@5.75; riverside and mountain seedling at $3@3.50 ℘ box, as to size. Mexican at $3.25@3.75, as to size.

Lemons—Firm. Quote: Orders, repacked; Messina and Palermo at $4.75@5 ℘ box for choice to $5.75@6 for fancy.

Bananas—Quotable at $1.50@2.50 ℘ bunch for choice on orders.

Cocoanuts—$3.75 ℘ 100, or $35 ℘ 1,000.

Vegetables.

Potatoes—Receipts showed quite a falling off, only 2,700 bu coming in. For strictly choice stock there is a fair inquiry, but there is little of such coming in, the bulk of the arrivals, as for some time past, being sprouted, soft, heated or of inferior varieties. This latter named class meets a slow demand, and shippers would do well to discontinue shipments of such stock, as all sales are generally placed at a loss. Quote: Choice Oregon Burbank at 95c@$1.00; fair at 90@95c, and soft or sprouted and California at 50@80c, as to quality; foregoing in sacks. Choice straight Northern varieties quotable at 90@97c, add inferior, small or mixed lots at 60@85c in bulk and delivered. Sales: 1 car Oregon Chili-Garnet (off) at 50@60c del., 1 car California Rose at 62½c del., 1 car Minnesota mixed at 73½c on trk, 1 car choice Oregon Burbank at 95c del., part car choice Minnesota Burbank at 97c del., 1 car choice Oregon Burbank at 97½c del.

Onions—Receipts, 500 bu. New Southern in good demand. Quotable at $2.50@2.75 per sack. Old nominal. Egyptian sold at 4c per lb.

Cabbage—Market dull and lower and supply on sale liberal. Quote Florida at $1.25@1.50, Alabama at $1.50@2, and New Orleans at $1.75@2 per crate for choice. Sales of 1 car Alabama at $1.60, and 28 crates choice shipping at $2. Dealers charge on orders $2.50@2.75 per crate for choice Alabama and Louisiana, and $1.50@1.75 for Florida.

Tomatoes—Receipts were again liberal of Florida, and while some of the stock was a little soft and overripe, the majority were in fair condition. Demand continued good from the local trade. Sales in bushel boxes were at $2.50@3 per box mainly. On orders, choice repacked stock sold by dealers at $4 per box.

Green Peas—Arrivals were again free and showed more variety. Demand continued fair. Many boxes are still arriving slack filled. Sales are noted of 30 boxes Mississippi early May at 75c ℘ ⅓-bu box; in bu boxes at $2 mainly—30 boxes New Orleans sugar selling at this, with small lots of early May at same; 30 boxes marrowfat, freight, at $1.85. Foregoing higher on orders.

String Beans—Meeting a fair demand at steady rates. Alabama and Louisiana green sold at $2.75 ℘ ⅓-bu box. 30 boxes Louisiana selling at quotation.

Cucumbers—Showed a further advance in price under small receipts. Choice large sold from $1.25 to $1.50, fair at 90c to $1.10 and culls at 65c to 75c ℘ doz. Selections on orders at $1.75.

Celery—Choice fresh express receipts quotable at 75c per bunch, and on orders at $1 for fresh repacked. Market about cleaned up on poor stock.

Squash—Quote Florida and Louisiana in bushel boxes at $1.50.

New Potatoes—Scarce, in good demand and higher. Quotable in bbls at from $5 for small and slack-filled to $10 for choice, large, even-sized; in two-third bu boxes at $1.75. Sale of 8 bbls slack-filled and small at $5, and 10 bbls fair at $8 per bbl.

Sweet Potatoes—Home-grown quotable on orders at $4 ℘ bbl for red and yellow Nansemond and $3 for Queen and Red Bermuda. Southern consigned lots not wanted.

Radishes—On orders, home-grown are quotable at 15@20c ℘ doz bunches.

Cauliflower—Home-grown fancy on orders at $2.50@3 ℘ doz, according to size; inferior less.

Carrots—In better request; quotable at 30@40c ℘ bunch; on orders at 50c for selections.

Lettuce—Quote choice, fresh, home-grown at 90c ℘ bu box and $3.50 ℘ bbl; Southern not wanted.

Rhubarb—Home-grown sells on orders at 25@35c ℘ doz bunches for choice.

Asparagus—Home-grown on orders at 30@40c ℘ doz bunches, as to quality.

Green Onions—Home-grown quotable at 15c ℘ doz bunches on orders.

Beets—Southern, in fair demand; quotable at 40@45c ℘ doz bunches; on orders, 60c. In crates at $2 per crate; poor and heated less.

Spinach—Quote, home-grown on orders: New at 75c, and old at 50@60c ℘ bbl.

Soup Bunches—On orders sell at 35c ℘ doz.

Sauer Kraut—Northern at $1.90 ℘ half bbl and $3.75 per bbl. On orders 25@50c higher.

Grass and Flaxseed, Castor Beans, Etc.

[Flaxseed and castor beans are sold subject to inspection and inspector's weights.]

Grass Seeds—Several lots of millets offering, but buyers were holding off and would not meet sellers' views. Quality of the seed rather poor. Market quiet otherwise. No sales were reported.

We nominally quote prime seeds: Clover at $4.15, timothy at $1.25, red top at 35c, Hungarian at 75c, white millet at 80c, German millet at $1.05@1.10. All trashy or inferior seeds less.

Flaxseed—Receipts, 500 bu; shipped, none. Car lots nominally quotable at $1.23 for Northwestern and $1.18 for Western this side, pure basis.

Hempseed—Last sale at $1.20, pure test.

Buckwheat—Prime salable at 85c.

Castor Beans—Receipts, none; shipped, none. Prime bid steady at $1.35 for car lots. Small lots at $1.15 for rejected to $1.35 for prime.

Cow Peas—Quotable at $1.25 ℘ bu for black, $1.30 for clay, $1.50 for whippoorwill and $1.75 for black-eye.

Butter and Eggs.

Butter—Receipts, 38,907 ℔s. Offerings of the desirable table grades continue light and the demand good. Little increase noticed in the receipts, and this, no doubt, was the cause for the firmness. The situation is ripe for sharp declines at the first show of large increase in arrivals. We quote:

CREAMERY.	
Choice to fancy separator and set milk	25@26
Choice to fancy gathered cream	24@25
DAIRY.	
Choice	22@23
Medium	19@21
Poor, streaked and off flavor	12@15
Fresh ladles	20@22
Northern roll, as to condition	13@15
Near-by country roll, as to condition	12@14
Near-by store packed	10@12
Poor and grease	3@ 8

Cheese—Small offerings, good demand and firm.

We quote: Fall make—Wisconsin full cream twins, 12½c; singles, 12¾c; Young America, 12½c. Recent make—Twins, 10½@11½c; Young America, 11½@12c: skims, 8½@10c; Swiss, 14@16c; Limburg, 14@14½c; brick, 15@15½c; Missouri, Kansas, low, off flavor and sharp, 5@7c ℘ ℔; hand cheese, 10@12½c ℘ doz.

Eggs—Receipts 3,693 pkgs. Market held steady at 11½c.

Poultry and Game.

Live Poultry—Demand for chickens, both for local and shipping account, was good, and while no higher, there was a very firm market. Spring chickens of 1 to 1½-℔ average in good demand at $4.50@5 per dozen, while very small ones are slow sale at $1.50@2.50 per dozen.

	Per ℔.		Per ℔.
Turkeys	8c	Chickens—	
Ducks	7c	Hens	8½c
Geese, feathered	3@4c	Roosters	4@5c

Game—Snipe form the bulk of the arrivals and are in fair though limited demand. Frog legs in large offering and dull. Nothing else coming in. Quote sweet game:

	Per doz.		Per doz.
Ducks—		Snipe	$1 25
Canvasback	$4 00	Sandpipers	25
Mallard	2 50	Plover—	
Redhead	2 50	Golden leg	1 00
Teal	1 50	Bullhead	60
Mixed	75	Pigeons, tame live	1 25
Frog legs	50c		

Live Veals—Fair offerings with a moderately good demand for choice stock at full quotations, while thin and poor are slow sale. We quote: Thin, small and large heretics, 2½@3½c; good, 4c; choice, 5c per lb.

Sheep—Spring lambs in larger receipt and lower at $1 to $3.50 ℘ head, according to size and quality; old bucks and ewes, 3@4c ℘ ℔; sheared less.

Hides, Feathers, Etc.

Hides—Receipts, 93,123 lbs. Offerings are rather light and the demand steady at unchanged prices.

Quotations—Green salted—No. 1, 5½c; No. 2, 4½c; bull and stag 4½c; Southern, ½c, and uncured, 1c, less. Dry flint—No. 1, 10c; No. 2 and skins weighing less than 10 ℔s at 7c; bulls and stags, 6½c; d salted at 7½c for No. 1 and 6c for No. 2; glue at 2c for green, 4c for dry. Partly selected as follows: Flint, 10 ℔s and up, at 9@9½c, including fallen, to 9½c for heavy butcher; under 10 ℔s, salted and bulls, 2c less; culls and glue 5c. Green salted, 4@5½c—latter for Missouri and similar stock.

Deerskins—Quiet. Prime flint—Native, 25c; Texas and mountain, 21@22c; salted, damaged, meaty, etc., half price; antelope, 13@15c.

Tallow—Firm. Prime in oil bbls, 4½c; cake, 5c; No. 2 at 4½c.

Goatskins—Steady at 10@30c. Hogskins, 15@30c.

Sheepskins—Steady. Green—Large, full wooled, $1@1.25; medium sized or fairly wooled, 60@80c; lamb and short-wooled, 35@55c; dry, 10@15c less. Shearlings—Green, 20@40c; dry, 5@20c; Texas pelts, 9@9½c ℘ ℔.

Feathers—Active and firm; prime rather scarce. Quotations: Prime live geese, 43@44c, top rate for small sks; prime gray, 37@40c; quilly, unripe, etc., 23@35c; renovated X, 27@35c; XX, 29@31c; XXX, 30@31c; mixed, old, etc., 15@35c; chicken, dry-picked at 4½c—white at 25c; duck at 25c for dark to 35c for white; turkey, body, 2c; do wing (laid straight in light boxes), 10@21c; tail do, 10@15c; tare, 3@10 per cent.

Beeswax—Firm. Prime, 28c; burnt, half price.

Wool.

With the first day of May the wool season may be said to have fairly opened. Enough has been received and sold to afford some indication of prices and to point out what grades are likely to be in best or least demand. Before going into this, however, it is proper to call attention to the growth of this market and to enumerate a few of the advantages and inducements held out to shippers to St. Louis, as well as to manufacturers and other patrons.

The POST-DISPATCH has presented several of these points before, but with the rapid growth of the industry new ones are constantly added. St. Louis handled last year, according to the official report of the Merchants' Exchange, 20,540,503 ℔s wool. In 1881 the receipts were only 11,198,272 ℔s, so that in less than ten years the business has nearly doubled. So far this season over 1,600,000 ℔s of wool have arrived in St. Louis, against about 900,000 lbs for a similar period last year, which is again nearly double. As the clip is just finding its way to market and as the class of stock tributary to St. Louis will be the kind most sought for by manufacturers this season, an enormous increase is confidently expected over last year. Great preparations have been made to handle this increased business. One house here, whose business in domestic wool is not surpassed by any other concern in the United States, has lately moved into a mammoth new five-story building erected especially for their use on a block formerly occupied by a leading hotel. This building has a storage capacity for 6,000,000 to 7,000,000 pounds wool.

Another large house has nearly doubled its warehouse capacity; in fact, every firm engaged in the trade has made arrangements to take care of a largely increased business. Several new firms have been organized, and other houses, who formerly gave but little attention to wool, are making special arrangements to handle the staple. There are five times as many brokers and other representatives of large Eastern concerns permanently located in this market than there were ten years ago, and the number will be increased this season by the addition, among others, of a leading New York firm, who spent the greater part of last year in this market, placing Texas and territory wools with the principal Eastern mills. St. Louis enjoyed low freight rates last season, thanks to the liberality of new competing roads coming in here. With the completion of the new Merchants' Bridge, terminals and railway depots, costing millions of dollars, this city will never again be handicapped or discriminated against, as it has been in the past. The freight on wool last year from St. Louis to the large seaboard mills did not average over ½c per pound. These facts show the facilities enjoyed here for handling wool, but the great secret of this market's growth has been quick sales, extremely small charges for selling and prompt remittances of cash. Large or small lots can be sold here on day of arrival in original sacks for spot cash to a score of competing dealers of large resources or direct to mills if the lot is sufficiently uniform. Dealers who buy the mixed lots grade them up into numerous piles suitable to the varied wants of manufacturers, all of whom run more or less to specialties and can use only certain grades of wool which they must have in quantities. Every sack of wool offered in a commission house thus meets, in the person of the dealer, with the competition of hundreds of mills. Large clips running even in grade can be sold straight to manufacturers, but frequently a better price for even such lots can be obtained from a speculating dealer, who carries the stock until it is wanted, than from the mills, who may have an ample supply of that particular grade at the time. Every grade of wool grown in the United States can be advantageously placed in this market, for St. Louis not only enjoys direct connection with the largest mills in the East, but it has a Western, Southern and Northern mill trade peculiarly its own. Wool consigned to St. Louis does not meet with the competition from foreign stock that has proved so disastrous to many grades at the seaboard during the past season. Those heavy importations of Australian have actually benefited our market, as our territory and Texas wools were needed for mixing, and have never been so thoroughly cleaned up for many seasons, thus putting every house here in the best possible shape for handling the new clip. The quotations given by us cover the actual sales in original sacks for cash. They are not fictitious figures for fancy selections, amounting to less than 10 per cent of an average lot, and representing sales made on 90 days to 4 months' time, for which an account sales is rendered about three to six months after shipment with endless charges for every conceivable service, not forgetting a liberal discount for cash on long time sales; yet such is the practice in other markets. Several large clips have already been received here from Texas, and neighboring sections of Missouri and Illinois have contributed a number of smaller lots. As prices were only forming, buyers and sellers were naturally apart for awhile, but all stock in good condition is now meeting with ready sale. Choice high-grade medium will doubtless sell readily throughout the season and there will probably be a good demand at value for twelve months' growth of Texas and Territory fine and fine medium. The coarser wools are not likely to be as active and it is a certainty that badly handled stock will be slow, as the inferior condition of domestic wool is one reason that manufacturers give for buying Australian. Great carelessness is shown in the preparation of wool for market. To secure prices all dung and as much chaff and seed as possible should be removed from the fleece, which should then be neatly tied up with suitable twine—flesh side out. Wool should be partially sorted before sacking and the best stock put in separate sacks, medium and coarse apart, if possible. Always make separate packages, no matter how small, of the fine, burry, black, cotted, seedy, low, etc. Untied wool, especially when tightly packed in a sack cannot be examined properly without breaking the fleeces, and is, therefore, depreciated in value ten times the cost of properly tying. Present indications are that wool is a safe investment if bought on a basis of present values in this market. There is nothing in the future, however, to indicate any advance in prices, as woolen goods are selling on a basis of last year's values. Speculation rarely pays so the safest course is to market all wool as soon after shearing as possible, thus keeping up a steady healthy movement and preventing a scarcity at one time and a glut at another. As the grain crops are abundant, prices remunerative and the general business condition of the country prosperous the present season should be a red-letter one in the history of the St. Louis wool trade.

Sales to-day (Missouri and Illinois, unless otherwise stated): Unwashed—2 sks hard burry at 14c, 4 dead at 16½c, 3 burry at 17½c, 2 coarse and hard burry at 17¾c, 2 burry at 18½c, 3 burry, coarse and mixed at 20½c, 19 mixed burry at 21½c, 4 Texas at 22c, 5 mixed and slightly burry, and 3 mixed at 22½c, 6 mixed coarse at 22½c, 5 coarse and mixed and 2 medium—part burry at 22½c, 6 medium coarse and 3 Texas at 23c, 6 medium and coarse at 23½c, 4 fair medium at 23½c, 2 fair combing and 2 fair medium at 23½c, 6 combing at 23½c, 1 medium at 24c. Several large lots sold on p. t.

Receipts, 38,439 lbs. Offerings are fair in amount, consisting of numerous small lots, mostly from adjacent sections. There was ready sale for the good bright lots, but receipts run largely mixed with burry, coarse, untied, cotted and otherwise inferior and badly-handled stock. Sales (to-day and late yesterday):

UNWASHED—STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Bright Medium	Braid to coarse	Low sandy
Mo., Ill., S. E. Iowa, etc.	23 @24	19@22	16@ 17
Kansas and Nebraska	20 @21	14@18	11@ 12
Tex., Ark., and Ind. Territ'y, 8 to 12 mo	23 @24	18@21	15@ 16
Tex., Ark., and Ind. Territ'y, 4 to 6 mo.	19 @21	14@17	11@ 12
Col., Utah, N. Mex., etc.	19 @21	16@19	13@ 15
Montana, Wyoming, etc.	21 @22	18@20	15@ 16

UNWASHED—STATES AND TERRITORIES.	FINE Light.	FINE Heavy.
Missouri, Ill., S. E. Iowa, etc.	21 @21½	16 @19
Kansas and Nebraska	18 @19	13 @16
Texas, Ark. and Indian Territory, 8 to 12 mo	21 @21½	15 @18
Texas, Ark. and Indian Territory, 4 to 6 mo	19 @20	13 @13
Colorado, Utah, N. Mex., etc.	20 @20	15 @16
Montana, Wyoming, etc.	18 @19	12 @14

Tub—Choice, 35c; inferior, 29@33c. Black, 3@5c off. Sacks—Texas, 3-℔ tare, 10c; regular long sks, 3½-℔ tare, 15c. Burry, cotted, etc.—slightly 3@5c off; moderately, 5@6c off. Hard, burry, etc.—13½c ℘ ℔ for Southern to 16c Missouri.

Miscellaneous Markets.

Roots—Ginseng, $2.50@2.75; seneca, 27@29c; snake, 15c; blood, 2c; mayapple, 2½c; golden seal, 16@18c; Angelica, 5c; pink, 13c; black, 5c; wahoo root bark, 10c, and bark of tree, 6c; blue flag, 5c; bitter sweet bark, 6c.

Moss—We quote: Machine picked—XXXX, 7@7½c; XXX, 6½@6¾c; XX, 5½@5¾c; X, 4½@4¾c; rough black, 4½@5c; brown, 4@4½c; gray and brown mixed, 3½@3¾c; gray, 3c.

Scrap Iron, Etc.—Wrought, 70c; heavy cast, 40c; plow, 40c; stove plate, 30c; malleable and burnt, 25c. Brass—Heavy, 8c; light, 6c; copper, 8c; lead, 3½c; zinc, 2½@2¾c; pewter, 8c.

Rags, Etc.—Country-mixed rags, 70@80c; paper, 25c; old rubber, 2½@3c; old rope, $1.25@2.25.

Bones—We quote ℘ ton: Strictly bleached, clean and dry, $17; half bleached, clean and dry, $15@16; mixed bones, clean and dry, $13@14; junk bones, clean and dry, $11@12; half-green slaughter-house, $8@9.

Honey—We quote: Comb at 12@15c; fancy white clover, 15@20c; inferior less; strained and extracted at 7@9c in cans and 5½@6c in bbls.

Sorghum—Quotable at 27@30c ℘ gallon, as to quality.

Broomcorn—We quote: Common at 2½@3c; medium at 3½@4c; prime at 4@4½c; choice at 5@5½c; damaged and crooked half price.

Hops—Firm. We quote: Pacific Coast, 36c; choice Washington, 34@35; choice New York, 35@36c; imported, 65c.

Cooperstuffs—Shaved hoop, slack work flour barrels, country shaved, $3.50@4; cooper-shaved, $5.50; half bbls, $3@3.50; patent, $6.75@7.25. For tight work—Pork barrels, oak, $6.50@7; hickory, $7.50. Lard tierces, oak, $8.50@9.50; hickory, $12. Staves—Flour barrels, No. 1, $7; culls, $4; beer kegs, $18; sawed and listed pork barrls, $18@19; lard tierces, $22@24. Flour barrel headings, 6½c ℘ set.

Cooperage—Flour bbls: hickory hoops, 32½@33½c; patent hoops, 29c; half-bbls, 38c; molasses bbls, 22c; meal bbls, 26½c; pork bbls, 95c; half-bbls, 80c; lard tcs at $1.05 E track; half tcs, 95c; kegs, 37½@40c.

Sacks—We quote: Burlaps—2 bu, 5⅝c; 2½-bu, 6c; 2½-bu, 6½c; 3-bu, 6⅞c; 4-bu, 7½c; 5-bu, 8c; 6-bu, 8½c; 7-bu, 9c. Cotton—Seamless, 13@22c. Flour—98-lb, 7@8c; 200-lb, 11@23c. Wool—20@23c ℘ sack.

Empty Barrels—Black, 45c; lard oil, 60c; linseed oil, 60c; whisky, iron hoop, 65@75c; wood do 40@45c; coal oil, $1; lard tcs, 25c; molasses, 20c.

Salt—We quote domestic at 95c East side and $1 this side ℘ bbl.

Hemp—Nominal. Missouri undressed, $84@100.

Baling Stuffs—Quote: Iron cotton ties, $1.35@1.40; hemp twine in job lots, 10c. Bagging—1¾-℔, 6½c; 1⅞-℔, 8½c; 2-℔, 6½c; 2¼-℔, 6¾c.

White Beans—Sales of country range from $1 ℘ bu for weevily to $1.85 for choice small navy. From store, Eastern hand-picked medium sells at $2.25@2.30, and peas and navy at $2.30@2.35 ℘ bu.

Dried Green Peas—Quote from store: Green at $1.05@1.07½; scotch at $1.10@1.12½ per bu.

Pop Corn—We quote: White rice at 2c; old white at 1@1½c; old mixed and new at ½@1c per lb.

Nuts—Pecans quiet; quotable at 10c ℘ ℔ for Western and Territory, to 11½c for Texas. Peanuts steady; quote farmers' stock, free from dirt at 2 for red and 2½c ℘ ℔ for white; there is a percentage off as to quantity of dirt among receipts.

Commercial Notes.

It looks like a desperate effort was being made to bull grain.

Kansas City receipts to-day were 44 cars wheat, 156 corn, 16 oats.

Illinois is now reporting oats in the louse and that young corn had been killed by it.

Weather clear and pleasant: 70 deg. at 12 o'clock. Local forecast: Fair; stationary temperature.

An elevator and grain shipping concern at Gainesville, Tex., write that they will harvest in that section by June 15 and expect to be ready to ship new wheat shortly afterwards.

Europe has already taken 200,000 bales more than their entire purchases of last year, says a cotton dealer, and is well supplied, and we still have an excess over last year of 400,000 bales in visible stocks, with an admitted large excess in the invisible supply.

It is now beyond doubt, says Dornbusch April 18, that the harvest in France will be late, and it appears to be unanimously conceded by French agriculturists that this year's wheat crop will show a deficit, according to the most reliable estimates, of 55,000,000 bu.

In France the spring sowings are now far advanced, and will be almost terminated about the 20th to 25th inst. Nearly three-fourths of the wheat crop in northern, northwestern and central France are usually sown in the spring, and the damage done to the winter wheat may not prove so serious as anticipated. Fair weather would alter the agricultural situation materially.

There were no deliveries of corn or oats to-day, but over 400,000 bu wheat was put out by the United Elevator Co. through Francis and Kehlor, on May contracts. About 125,000 bu stopped with Orthwein Bros., who will export and mill the wheat, considerable went back to Francis and the balance was scattered, some for account of millers.

Reports of damage by bugs continue to come in from Kansas, some saying the Hessian fly is doing the damage, and others that a "small green bug" is the deadly destroyer. As the State Entomologist, Prof. Snow, after a personal investigation in the damaged section, says the injury to wheat is the result of bad farming, these personal reports of bug damage do not receive the credence they otherwise might.

Jamestown (N. D.) letter says seeding of spring wheat is making rapid progress and will be finished during the present week. Reports from Jim River country generally are very flattering, and similar returns are in from the extreme northwest of North Dakota. In Northern Iowa, it is said, the seeding is all practically over for small grain and coming up fast and looks fine. Farmers are now fitting their corn ground with bright prospects.

The Russian Government official returns of the wheat exports for the thirteen weeks ending April 4 were 17,415,000 bu against 13,618,888 bu in 1890, 16,460,936 bu in 1889, and 12,622,232 bu in 1888.

The Northwestern Miller says: The mills again got out a big output last week. The aggregate production was 161,770 barrels, averaging 26,961 barrels daily, against 161,400 barrels the week before, 139,800 barrels for the corresponding time in 1890, and 102,930 barrels in 1889. There has been quite a let-down in the demand for flour, the weakness in wheat having had a bad effect upon the market. It is a very rare exception where a firm has sold its product of the past week. The most of the mills, however, have more or less orders ahead that they are grinding on. Prices have been reduced 25c to 40c per week.

London Daily News, April 17—In regard to the trade in South Russia, our Odessa correspondent telegraphs: Export trade is now almost at a standstill. The granaries are well nigh cleared of the old stock of wheat. A month ago there were upwards of fifty British steamers loading in this port while at present it is difficult to find cargo for half a dozen waiting vessels. The stocks in the interior are inconsiderable. From some districts the further reports of the winter wheat are a little more promising, but the most favored is now only an inch or so above ground when it should be eight or nine inches high. The Azima wheat is much compromised, in several districts about three-fourths of the crop are lost. The Colza fields have been seriously injured by night frosts. In Pondolia and the Crimea prospects are fairly good.

Official reports upon the condition of the crops in Hungary are up to the 10th inst. Left of the Danube the plants look weak and growing but slowly through unfavorable weather. Right of the Danube the seedlings have been injuriously affected by the cold weather of the past month, and in many places are very backward. A considerable portion of the rye will have to be resown, the damaged fields amount, on an average, from 35 to 40 per cent. Barley in several districts has rotted. Between the Danube and Theiss in various localities traces of the effects of the protracted winter are visible in the seedlings, their growth is backward and the plants much discolored. Rapeseed and barley are in very poor condition, and rye so bad that reploughing will be resorted to in many localities. Right of the Theiss the cold weather has had a damaging effect upon the autumn sown cereals. Wheat, however, has suffered the least, but from 25 to 40 per cent of the rye is lost. Left of the Theiss, wheat in general looks well and has grown perceptibly in the last two or three days, but rye does not show so good a stand as wheat. Between the Theiss and Maros the alternations of rain, cold and snow have had a detrimental effect upon the wheat and barley crops. In Transylvania the condition of the crops, through unpropitious weather, is beginning generally to excite some uneasiness, though here and there appearances are not altogether so discouraging.

Latest advices from Kansas were: Lawrence—Weather fine; roads drying up; promise of fine business everywhere. Wichita—Wheat fields in Southern Kansas in perfect condition; mills not running strong, and flour is out of line with wheat.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, May 1.—Wheat—Receipts, 90,000 bu; sales, 2,880,000 bu; advanced 1⅜@1¾c on stronger cables and shorts covering; fairly active; May, $1.16⅛@1.17; June, $1.15¼@1.16; July, $1.12⅞@1.13⅝; Aug., $1.08⅞@1.10¼; Sept., $1.07⅞@1.08⅞; Dec., $1.08½@1.10; May (92), $1.12@1.13. Corn—Receipts, 10,400 bu; sales, 608,000 bu; firm, 1@1¼c up, fairly active; No. 2, 81@83c; steamer mixed, 79@80c. Oats—Receipts 70,000; sales 60,000; quiet and stronger; Western, 57@70c. Beef firm and dull; extra mess, $9.50@10; family, $11.50@12.75. Pork inactive; steady; new mess, $13.75@14.50; old mess, $12@12.50; extra prime, $11.75@12.25. Lard quiet and firm; steam-rendered, 7c. Butter—Receipts 2,484 packages; firm and active; Western dairy, 13@24c; do creamery, 22@28; Elgin 27½@28c; imitation creamery 19@25c. Eggs—Receipts 4,765 packages; steady, active; Western 15½c. Sugar—Raw, quiet; nominal; fair refining 3⅛c; centrifugals 96c test 3 7-16c. Refined quiet, steady, crushed 5¼c; powdered 4 15-16c; granulated 4⅝c. Spirits turpentine—Quiet, weak, 39½@40c. Molasses—Dull, steady; New Orleans common to fancy 25@35c. Tallow steady; city ($2 for packages) 5 5-16c. Coffee—The trading in contracts was small and the position was substantially without interest. No change in prices and dull accounts from abroad. Receipts at Rio, 3,000 bags. Rio on spot was quiet and firm; No. 7, 18¾c.

CHICAGO, Ill., May 1.—The market was quiet but strong this morning. In the wheat pit strong cables and the fact that the deliveries of cash grain on May contracts went mostly into strong hands caused the market to open at 1.05⅞ an advance of ⅜ over yesterday's close. The price quickly advanced to $1.06¼, reacted to $1.06, rallied to $1.06½, weakened and at 10:55 o'clock stood at $1.06¼. The deliveries of corn on May contracts were light and there was an advance in the price of the cash article. This caused a strong tone. July opened at 63c, or ⅛c under yesterday's last price, but quickly advanced to 63⅞c, fluctuated some and at 10:55 o'clock stood at 64. Oats were strong in sympathy with wheat and corn. Opening at 46c, an advance of ⅛c over last night, the price hap appreciated to 48⅛c at 10:55 a.m. Provisions were strong, through the bidding of shorts in May. July pork opened at $13.05, which was the closing price last night, and sold up to $13.22½ on the call.

11:15 a. m.—Wheat—May, $1.06⅝; July, $1.06⅛; No. 2 corn—May, 67½c; July, 64c. No. 2 oats—May, 53⅞c; July, 48⅛c. Mess pork—May, $12.97½; July, $13.22½. Lard—May, 6.80c; July, 7.07½c. Short ribs, May, 6.52½c; July, 6.87½c.

1:15 p. m.—Nor 1 wheat firm; cash, $1.07½; June, $1.07¼@½; July, $1.06⅛; Aug. and Dec., $1.02⅞. No. 2 corn steady; cash, 69c; May, 67c; June, 64⅞c; July, 63⅞c sellers. No. 2 oats steady; cash, 53½c; May, 53⅞c; June, 53⅛c; July, 46⅞c. Mess pork easy; cash, $12.82½c; May, $12.82½; July, $13.10. Lard easy; cash, 6.70@6.75c; May, 6.75c; July, 7.02½c. Short ribs easy; cash, 6.20@6.30c; May, 6.25@6.27½c; July, 6.57½@6.60c. No. 2 rye steady, 84@85c. No. 2 barley nominal, 78c. No. 1 flaxseed steady, $1.18. Prime timothy seed steady $1.25@1.26.

TOLEDO, O., May 1.—Wheat higher, quiet; cash and May, $1.12½; July, $1.06⅞; Aug., $1.03⅞; Dec., $1.05. Corn quiet; cash and May, 70c; July, 66c. Oats lower; cash and May, 54½c. Cloverseed quiet; cash, $4.15.

DETROIT, May 1.—Wheat—No. 1 white, $1.10½. No. 2 red, cash and May, $1.12; July, $1.07 asked; August, $1.04 asked. Corn—No. 2 cash and May, 71c. Oats—No. 2 cash, 55½c asked; No. 2 white, 57c. Receipts—Wheat, 26,000 bu; corn, 4,800 bu; oats, 14 500 bu.

CINCINNATI, O., May 1.—Flour steady. Wheat firm, $1.12@1.14. Corn steady, 68c. Oats steady, 55c. Rye quiet, 93c. Provisions firmer. Whisky steady; sales 477 bbls.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., May 1.—Wheat unsettled; No. 2 spring on track, cash, $1.08; July, $1.01½; No. 1 Northern, $1.13. Corn steady, on track, 61½c. Corn higher; No. 2 white, on track, 56@56½c.

WILMINGTON, N. C., May 1.—Turpentine steady, 35½c.

BUFFALO, N. Y., May 1.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, nominal; No. 1 Northern, $1.17; No. 2 red, $1.17@1.18. Corn—No. 2, 78c. Receipts—Wheat, 450,000 bu; corn, 110,000 bu. Shipments—Wheat, 200,000 bu; corn, 90,000 bu.

Settling Day.

LONDON, May 1.—This is the regular semi-annual settling day at the Bank of England and is therefore a holiday in the Stock Exchange. The Stock Exchange will also be closed to-morrow, it having on account of to-day being a holiday adjourned from yesterday to Monday.

LIVERPOOL, May 1.—Beerbohm—Cargoes off coast wheat steadier; maize nothing offering; cargoes on passage and for shipment, wheat steadier. Mark Lane, English and foreign wheat quiet, but steady; spot quotations good; No. 2 club California wheat, 402 lbs ex-ship, 39s. Weather in England showery. Liverpool wheat, spot at opening firmer. American red Western winter wheat, average price per cental, 8s 8d.

LIVERPOOL, 12:30 p. m.—Wheat firm; demand improving; holders offer sparingly; California No. 1, 8s 7½@8s 8d; yesterday, 8s 7½d; Kansas winter hard, 8s 8d@8s 9d.

LIVERPOOL, May 1.—Close—Pork and lard are in poor demand; prices unchanged. Wheat—Demand fair; Kansas winter hard, 8s 9½d, steady. Corn—Demand fair for spot and good for futures; spot and June, 6s, firm; May, 6s 1½d, firm; July, 5s 11½d, firm.

LIVE STOCK COMMISSION.

E. T. WHEELER. C. JAMES. J. S. MCKINNON.

WHEELER, JAMES & CO.,

Live Stock Commission Merchants.

2-7 Union Stock Yards, St. Louis.

J. W. OVERSTREET. J. A. MCNEILEY.

OVERSTREET & McNEILEY,

Commission salesmen and forwarding agents for all kinds of LIVE STOCK.

Office: Nos. 1 and 2 Union Stock Yards, St. Louis, Mo.

2-7 Cash advances made on consignments.

HULL, STEELE & CO.,

Live Stock Commission Merchants.

E. B. Hull, General Manager. C. T. Steele, Bookkeeper.

Z. T. Steele, Cattle Salesman.

Chas. Wells, Hog Salesman.

2-7 Office: Rooms 7 & 8, Union Stock Yards, St. Louis.

BLAKELY SANDERS-MANN CO.,

(Formerly Blakely Sanders & Co.)

Live Stock Commission Merchants

Offices { 5 and 6, Union Stock Yards, St. Louis. 5, National Stock Yards, Ill.

Consignments Solicited 2-7

J. E. MARTIN. C. B. MARTIN.

MARTIN BROS.

DEALERS IN

Horses and Mules,

Suitable for City, Plains and Plantation Use. All orders promptly filled. Satisfaction guaranteed.

56 1436 to 1446 N. Broadway.

JOHN J. HOLT, Office. J. C. PAYNE, Cattle Salesman. HUGH M. WATSON, Hog Salesman.

HOLT, PAYNE & CO.,

Live Stock Commission Merchants.

2-7 Union Stock Yards, St. Louis, Mo.

LIVE STOCK.

Union Stock Yards.

Don N. Palmer, Manager; W. A. Ramsey, Secretary.

Weekly Review.

Cattle—Prices to-day, the regular weekly close at the Union Stock Yards are, 10c in advance of what they were at the wind-up on last Friday. This of course refers mainly to that class of cattle known as butcher steers, cows and heifers and the like. The demand every day has been even more than the trade could supply, the market being cleaned an hour or so every day after the opening. In the common range of cattle prices have been steady, and everything sold with a liberal run, about enough to keep up to the every-day demand for that class of cattle. Good cows and calves sold well at quotations, as did also dairy cows, etc. The market closed firm at yesterday's closing prices.

No.	Description.	Av.	Price.
27	Kansas heifers	724	$3 55
25	Kansas heifers	542	3 30
16	dairy cows	1,070	3 75
17	dairy cows	1,060	3 65

17 good native cows and calves $30 each.
18 good native cows and calves $30 each.
18 fair native cows and calves $27 each.
220 retail from $3 to $5.50.

Hogs—The market offered at $4.80 to $4.90 for good to choice hogs, but as the week advanced strength was gained and $5 was touched until to-day when the prevailing prices for good to choice went up to $5.10, the range being from $4.90 to $5.10 with butcher selects at $5.15, thus showing the market 10@15c higher than it was at the opening of the week. The common run of hogs was plentiful in supply, but everything sold at the reduction, 15@20c lower than the close of last week, a condition which continued to-day. The close this afternoon was steady with prospects fair for next week. The representative sales to-day were:

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price.
41	190	$4 90	48	185	$4 70
36	221	5 10	69	186	5 10
85	174	4 80	24	223	5 10
61	165	4 60	54	185	4 85
56	181	4 95	53	202	5 00
66	141	4 60	74	205	5 00
47	207	4 90	54	178	4 80
66	184	4 85	63	180	5 05

Sheep—Arrivals have been fair this week, but mostly of the common to heavy weights, but very few of the medium weight sheep coming in, for which there is a good demand from $4.50 to $6.25 for all grades.

Stock Yard Notes.

McCall, Ries & Klein, St. Albert, Mo., sent in a shipment of stock to-day.

Anderson & Westkamp, Moscow, Mo., came in with cattle and hogs.

Fountain & Green, Sturgeon, Mo., sent in cattle and hogs to-day.

J. E. Bochamp, Perinsville, Pike County, Mo., was on the market this week with a car load of mixed stock.

A. A. Jorndt, Dexter, Mo., had a car load of hogs on the market.

Brown & Packer, Salem, Ia., had a car load of cattle and calves on the market.

Porter E. Norson, Elsberry, Mo., sent in a car load of stock to-day. He is a well known stock-raiser and shipper of Lincoln County, Missouri.

S. Cox, Abor, Mo., sent in stock yesterday.

R. W. Earnheart, Batesville, Mo., sent in hogs and cattle.

J. N. Harbeson, Morley, Mo., sent in hogs.

L. Motherhead, St. Clair, Mo., came in with hogs.

L. S. Brayiter, St. Elizabeth, Mo., sent in hogs and cattle.

A. T. Smith, Villa Ridge, Mo., sent in hogs and cattle.

P. T. Sappington, Sturgeon, Mo., sent in hogs.

Emmett Forisel, Forestal, Mo., sent in hogs, cattle and sheep.

J. W. Caldwell, St. Clair, Mo., sent in hogs.

S. Walz, Berger, Mo., sent in hogs to-day.

Live Stock by Telegraph.

CHICAGO, Ill., May 1.—The Evening Journal reports: Cattle—Receipts, 9,000 head; opened strong with some sales of prime steers as high as $6.25, but at the close the general market was weak as there were fair receipts in Kansas City and Omaha which would make a fair run here on Monday. The general market was a shade lower than the top yesterday. Hogs—Receipts, 18,000 head; active, strong to 5c higher; common, $4.25@4.70; mixed and packers, $4.75@4.95; prime heavy and butchers' weights, $5@5.15; prime light, $4.90@5.05. Sheep—Receipts, 6,000 head; steady; Westerns, $5.50@6.35; Texans, $5.10@5.80; lambs, $6.50@7.25.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., May 1.—Cattle—Receipts, 3,370; shipments, 1,060; steady to weak; steers, $3.75@5.85. Hogs—Receipts, 6,670; shipments, 1,990; market opened 5c higher, closed steady; all grades, $3.45@4.85. Sheep—Receipts, 860; strong and active.

BUFFALO, N. Y., May 1.—Cattle—Nothing doing; none on sale; receipts, 61 loads through; no sale. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 7 loads through 12 sale; all sold; clipped sheep fair to best, $5.40@6; wool common to best, $6@7; clipped lambs, fair to best, $6.70@7; extra, $6.40@8. Hogs—Receipts, 88 loads through; 10 sale; quiet; mediums in best demand, $5.15@5.25; heavy and dull, $5.15@5.20.

Chicago Market Letter.

Private wire to J. P. Grier.

Influenced by the fact that the liberal deliveries of wheat this morning were taken and paid for by the shippers and also by stronger sons of cables commission hands generally had buying orders which opened the market at the call price and it closes after various spasms of weakness and strength at nearly the top. The foreign situation is certainly very strong again on poor crop prospects and like our own were probably a little oversold, while there are hints from some southwestern points that our own glowing domestic outlook may by insect life be depreciated.

Deliveries in corn and oats were light and these markets firm, the latter influenced to some extent by damage stories from Kansas and Missouri.

The deliveries in provisions were fairly liberal and market firm with only a fair-sized trade.

F. G. LOGAN & CO.

Special to J. R. Hamlin.

CHICAGO, May 1.—Wheat—There has been a marked improvement in the undertone of our wheat market to-day. Cables responded readily to our little advance of yesterday and showed an improvement in London and Liverpool. French markets were quoted very strong.

Our local bear party who have made the money on the late decline were good buyers to-day and it is claimed that they not only covered shorts, but have gone in for a little bull turn. We believe that this will be easily made, as the decline of the last two weeks has induced quite a large shortage, which would frighten easily if cables continue strong. Beyond the strength in cables there was very little news. Receipts at the eleven primary points were 455,000 bu and shipments, 325,000 bu. Clearances from the seaboard wheat and flour were trifling.

Corn has been fairly active and ranged higher under the covering of one or two rather large lines of shorts. The cash demand, although fair, was by no means urgent. We think an upward reaction possible, but advise selling July on good upturns.

Oats showed very little interest, following closely in the market fluctuations the action of corn.

Provisions, although not active, showed considerable strength. The offerings were very light, and the covering of shorts by one or two grain operators easily advanced prices. If the speculation in provisions revives, as we believe it will do, it would be very easy to accomplish a sharp advance in prices.

W. G. MCCORMICK & CO.

Coffee Market

As reported by the Hanley & Kinsella Coffee & Spice Co.:

ST. LOUIS, May 1.

	First call.	Second call.	Third Call.
May	17.75 b	17.60	17.90
June	17.75	17.55	none
July	17.55	17.30	17.30
Aug.	17.25	17.30	none
Sept.	16.95	16.90	none
Dec.	16.02	16.15	none

Fair coffee in New York, 20c.

Mail Pouch coffee in St. Louis, 25.48c.

Rio, April 30—Prices and exchange unchanged; receipts of 29th, 3,000; clearances for United States, nil; clearances for Europe, nil; stock, 58,000; market inactive; Santos receipts; holiday in Santos.

Oil and Petroleum.

CLEVELAND, May 1.—Petroleum easy; S. W. 110, 6½c; 74 gasoline, 8½c; 86 gasoline, 12c; 63 naphtha, 6½c.

FINANCIAL.

Saml. A. Gaylord. John H. Blessing.

GAYLORD, BLESSING & CO

307 OLIVE ST.

DEALERS IN HIGH-GRADE BONDS.

Suitable for Savings Banks and Trust Funds.

GEO. M. HUSTON & CO.,

Bonds and Stocks, 305 Pine St.

Monthly quotation circular mailed free. A large line of first-class securities always on hand.

FOR SALE.

$5,000 Merchant Terminal 5s.

$10,000 Dade County (Mo.) 6s.

WM. C. LITTLE, SCOTT & CO.,

Members New York Stock Exchange,

Chamber of Commerce Building, 3d and Pine sts.

Dealers in Investment Bonds, Local Stocks, Mining Stocks, etc. Commission orders in Stocks and Bonds at New York and Grain and Provisions at Chicago, either for cash or on margin, promptly executed by direct private wires from our office to those markets.

L. A. COQUARD,

INVESTMENT BROKER

124 North Third Street.

Bonds and stocks of every description bought and sold outright or on commission. Will be pleased to serve you.

New York Stock Quotations.

Corrected daily by Whitaker & Hodgman, successors to Matthews & Whitaker, bond and stock brokers, 300 North Third street, St. Louis, Mo.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 1.

STOCKS.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Atchison	34	34⅛	33	33⅞
Canada Southern	52			52
Central New Jersey	121¼	121¼	120½	120½
Chicago Gas Trust	50⅝	51⅛	50⅝	50⅝
C., C., C. & St. L.	65½	65⅞	64⅞	64⅞
Chi., R. I. & P.	80	80⅝	79	79¼
C., B. & Q.	90⅜	91⅛	89⅞	89⅞
C., M. & St. P., com	65⅛	66⅛	65¼	65⅞
C., M. & St. P., pfd	115¼	115⅞	115	115
C. & N. W., com	111¼	111¼	110¼	110¼
C. & N. W., pfd				
Cotton Oil Trust, com	27	27⅛	27	27⅛
D., L. & W.	140⅛	140⅛	139⅞	139⅞
Del. & Hudson				
Denver & Rio Grande				
East Tennessee, com				
Erie, com	22⅛	22⅛	22	22
Erie, pfd	55⅛	55⅛	55⅛	55⅛
Hocking Valley	27⅝	27⅝	24⅞	28⅛
Illinois Central				
Laclede Gas, com	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛
Laclede Gas, pfd				
Lake Erie & Western, com	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛
Lake Erie & Western, pfd	61⅛	61⅛	61⅛	61⅛
Lake Shore	112⅛	112⅛	112	112
Louisville & Nashville	82	82⅛	82⅛	81⅞
Lead Trust	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝
Michigan Central				
Missouri Pacific	73⅛	73⅛	71⅛	71⅞
M., K. & T., com				
M., K. & T., pfd				
Mobile & Ohio	40⅝			40⅝
New York & New England	41¼	41⅛	39⅞	40¼
New York Central	103⅛			103⅛
Nor'k & Western, com				
Nor'k & Western, pfd				
North American	17⅝	18⅛	17¼	17⅝
Northern Pacific, com	27⅞	25	27⅛	27⅞
Northern Pacific, pfd	73	73⅛	71⅞	71⅞
Oregon & Trans				
Oregon Nav. & Trans.				
Ohio & Mississippi, com				
Pacific Mail	39⅛	39⅛	38⅝	38⅝
Philadelphia & Reading	34⅛	34⅛	33⅛	33⅛
Richmond Terminal	18⅛	18⅛	18	18
Silver	98⅝	99	98	98⅝
Sugar Trust				
Sugar, common	89⅝	91⅛	88⅛	90⅛
Sugar Trust, pfd	92⅛	93⅛	92⅛	93⅛
St. L. & S. F., common				
St. L. & S. F., first pfd				
St. L. & S. F., second pfd				
Texas & Pacific	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛
Union Pacific	51⅝	52⅛	51⅛	51⅛
Wabash, St. L. & Pac., new	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛
Wabash, St. L. & Pac., pfd	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛
Western Union Telegraph Co	83	83	82⅛	82⅛

Wall Street.

NEW YORK, May 1, 11 a. m.—The activity and strength in the stock market last evening was carried over this morning and first prices showed gains of from ⅛ to ½ per cent over last night's figures, which was followed by further material improvements among the active shares during the hour. St. Paul and Northern Pacific preferred led in point of activity and the former in strength among the active stocks of the regular list, rising ⅞ per cent, while the gains in the remainder were confined to smaller fractions. The industrials, however, scored more decided gains, and cordage shot up 1⅛ per cent to 90⅛, and Sugar 1 per cent to 92⅛. There was a well distributed business in the leading railroad stocks, but while the trading extended to a large number of stocks there was no special animation in the rest of the list. The final dealings developed no further feature, and at 11 o'clock the market was somewhat less active, still firm to strong at about the highest prices reached.

Noon—Money is easy at 3@4 per cent. The stock market continued to exhibit both strength and activity after 11 o'clock and further fractional gains were scored. St. Paul at its best being up 1⅜ from last night's figure and Rock Island 1 per cent. Heavy engagements of gold export amounting to over $2,000,000 met the market, however, and the buying was checked and prices receded, wiping out a large proportion of the early improvement and sending a few of the more sluggish stocks below the opening prices. New England and Missouri Pacific, with a few other stocks which have been advanced lately, displayed most weakness on the decline, and the market at noon was comparatively dull and heavy at only slight fractions better than first prices.

BOSTON, Mass., May 1.—Mexican 4s, 73½@74; stock, 22½; Allouez, 3¼@4; Montana, 41½; Butte, 15½; Kearsarge, 13½@14; Osceola, 36; Santa Fe, 37⅛@37¼.

Local Bonds.

Corrected daily by James Campbell, Broker, 307 Pine street.

	When due.	Interest Payable.	Bid.	Ask.
		U. S. BONDS.		
4½ ℘ cent bonds	1891	J. S. D. & M.	101⅛	102
4 ℘ cent bonds	1907	J. A. J. & O.	121	121⅝
		ST. LOUIS CITY AND COUNTY BONDS.		
City 6-65 sterling	1907	June and Dec	99⅛	100⅛
City 4s sterling 10-20s	1902	May and Dec	100	101
City 4s sterling 10-20s	1905	June and Dec	100	101
City 5s	1900	Jan. and July	105	106
City 6s, gold	1892	Various	101	103⅛
City 6s, sterling	1898	June and Dec	110	112
City 6s, water	1899	June and Dec	111	112
City 6s, water	1891	April and Oct	100	101
City 6s, bridge approach	1892	June and Dec	102	103
County 6s, gold	1892—96	Jan. and July	105	107
County Park	1905	April and Oct	118⅛	120
		RAILWAY BONDS.		
Mo. Pac. consols	1920	May and Nov	110⅛	111
Mo. Pac. 3ds	1906	May and Nov	[illegible]	[illegible]
No. Mo. 1st m 7s	1895	Jan. and July	[illegible]	[illegible]
K. P. 1st m 6s	1895	June and Dec	[illegible]	[illegible]
K. P. 1st m 6s	1896	Feb. and Aug	[illegible]	[illegible]
K. P. D. Ex. 6s	1899	May and Nov	[illegible]	[illegible]
K. P. consols	1919	May and Nov	[illegible]	[illegible]
St. L., I. M. 1st 7s	1892	Feb. and Aug	102⅛	103⅛

CLEARING-HOUSE STATEMENT.

Clearances	$3,314,710
Balances	531,290

Gold for Europe.

NEW YORK, May 1.—Heidelbach, Ickelheimer & Co. have taken $500,000 gold for export to-morrow. Lazard Freres have ordered $1,825,000 gold coin for export. Total ordered, $2,250,000.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., May 1.—Noon—River falling, 5 feet 7 inches on falls, 7 feet 11 inches in canal. Clear and pleasant.

River Telegrams.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., May 1.—River 27 feet 2 inches and falling. No arrivals or departures. Cloudy and pleasant.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., May 1.—River 14 feet 5 inches and falling. Clear and pleasant.

CAIRO, Ill., May 1.—Departed: Alice Brown, Memphis, 5 p. m. River 25 feet 9 inches and falling. Clear and mild.

WHEELING, W. Va., May 1.—River 5.6, falling. Clear and pleasant.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 1.—River 2 feet 9 inches, stationary. Clear.

CINCINNATI, O., May 1.—River 14 feet 6 inches; falling. Cloudy; thermometer 70.

Marine.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., May 1.—Arrived: British ship Wasdale, Newcastle, New South Wales; Sailed: Steamer Elsie, Kodiak.

NEW YORK, May 1.—Arrived: Rhynland from Antwerp.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

WANTED—A girl to do general housework. 3435 Chestnut st.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. 1311 N. Broadway.

WANTED—Good coatmakers, steady work and good pay, in Missouri and Indiana. [illegible]

WANTED—First-class dressmaker who can cut and fit well. Call at 3906 Lindell av.

WANTED—Boy. 24 S. 3d st., 2d floor.

WANTED—Girl for general housework and [illegible] two in family. Apply at 1612 Cora pl.

FINE Poultry and eggs; white Leghorns, [illegible]; golden Wyandotte, $2.50 per 13. Fan. Agcy., 318 Market.

2923 CHESTNUT ST.—Second and third story front and back rooms, with board.

EAT YOUR LUNCH
AT THE
DELICATESSEN.
COMMERCIAL HOTEL
and Restaurant. 415 Chestnut st.

CITY NEWS.

Dr. E. C. Chase,
Corner of 9th and Olive streets. Set of teeth, $8.

PRIVATE matters skillfully treated and medicines furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer, 814 Pine st.

A ST. LOUIS ENTERPRISE.

Return of Jean F. Webb, From the Kansas Salt Mines.

Mr. Jean F. Webb, the Vice-President and General Manager of the Lyons Rock Salt Co., returned to the city this morning from the company's mines, which are situated in the town of Lyons, the county seat of Rice County, Kan., and the junction of the Missouri Pacific, Santa Fe and 'Frisco roads. Mr. Webb brought back with him several beautiful specimens of rock salt. The Lyons salt mines were opened with St. Louis capital and the machinery for operating the mine is now being made, for the most part, in this city. The general offices of the company are to be removed here next month and the company reorganized under the laws of Missouri. The officers of the company are also St. Louisans, Alfred Bevis being the President, Mr. Webb, the Vice-President, and Charles Longstreth, the Secretary. "We commenced boring for salt last July," said Mr. Webb this morning, "and struck it the 27th of last January. We have now gone down over two hundred feet in the salt bed, and expect to stop sinking when we get about fifteen or twenty feet further. When I left yesterday morning, the men were down 1,046 feet. They had sunk a shaft 9x19 feet that deep and bored with a diamond drill considerable further. The salt bed is 286 feet thick and rests on two feet of sea shells, showing that that portion of Kansas was at one time a vast salt lake like the present Salt Lake of Utah and that the glaciers then swept down over the dried up lake, with its salt bed and left some 800 feet of alluvial soil on top of the salt. We know that the lake was a large one and that the salt bed is nearly 300 feet thick for many miles around, because twenty miles south of us and thirty miles north of us there are two salt mines similar to ours. There is salt enough in that state to last the world for millions of years. Why, we couldn't exhaust the supply under our two thousand acres of ground in 500 years by taking out 1,000 tons a day, and that is what we expect our daily output to be in a short time now. The salt is almost pure, and all we have to do to make it marketable is to crush it and grind it up. We are now putting up a five-story mill and expect to put up an electric light plant there shortly. Our shaft is divided into three compartments, two for hoisting and one for air. We have spent nearly $100,000, but will soon get our money back. It is a St. Louis enterprise in every respect, and there is no stock for sale."

The discovery of this bed of salt was made about two years ago by a company in boring for oil. Some oil was found, but the most important discovery was this bed of rock salt.

Low Prices for High-Class Work is the Medium by Which We Are Increasing Our Sales in Our Custom Department Beyond All Precedent.

We are firmly of the opinion that none of our competitors can equal our work at our prices.

We want you to know that we have this season largely added to our stock of imported woolens, making it the very choicest of selections of the best makes of foreign manufacturers.

MILLS & AVERILL,
S. E. Cor. Broadway and Pine St.

OUTWITTED THE OLD FOLKS.

An Early Morning Elopement in a Maryland Town.

CAMBRIDGE, Md., May 1.—Wm. L. Barrett, son of J. H. C. Barrett, editor of the *Dorchesterian* and Postmaster of Cambridge, and Miss Maggie C. Wherette, daughter of Benjamin Wherette, eloped this morning and succeeded in getting married. The groom is not yet 20 years old and the bride about 15. Young Barrett has been courting Miss Wherette for some time, but her parents have twice refused to consent to a marriage. They kept a close watch on their daughter, but last night she succeeded in eluding her parents. Young Barrett started for Baltimore on the boat. Instead of continuing to the city he got off at Traver's wharf, some miles down the river, below Cambridge, and late in the night drove back to town. Upon arriving at an alley in the rear of the Wherette residence he was met by Miss Wherette, who climbed over the fence. It was just 3 o'clock in the morning. They started for Easton, thirty-five miles away, and reached the brick hotel there in time for breakfast. The Rev. C. D. Harris made them man and wife. Shortly after the ceremony Col. Houghitt, a clerk of the Circuit Court, received a telegram from the parents telling him not to issue a license. The groom gave his age as 22 when he secured the license.

ARRESTED AT COUNCIL BLUFFS.

COUNCIL BLUFFS, Io., May 1.—The Chief of Police arrested at the depot to-day George McClellan and Generva Narguard. Miss Narguard is aged 13 and McClellan 35. The girl's father is a prominent lumberman at Bloomville, Wis., where McClellan was employed. The man persuaded the girl to elope with him to Colorado, to which she gladly consented. The couple were arrested on the father's warrant. McClellan's intentions are strictly honorable, and he says he will marry the girl in spite of everybody.

Get Your Boy's Pants
19c to $5. GLOBE, 703 to 713 Franklin av.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Richard Warner of Camden County, Mo., was drowned in the river at Jefferson City yesterday.

The Dearborn Milling Co. of Dearborn, Mo., made an assignment yesterday to Thos. J. Basherd. The liabilities are estimated at $12,000.

Herman Meyer, a miner at the Cashentry mine, near Santa Fe, N. M., Wednesday night, fell 100 feet down a shaft. He was instantly killed.

Davis & Bro., wholesale jewelers of Nashville, Tenn., made an assignment yesterday. The liabilities are given at $19,715 and the assets at $20,000.

The millinery establishment of Mrs. M. J. Wright at Fairbury, Ill., was closed yesterday on an execution issued by Edison, Keith & Co. of Chicago.

Cashier Percival of the Shoe & Leather National Bank of Auburn, Me., who shot himself, is recovering. It is thought his shortage will reach $100,000.

The forest fires near Bellefonte, Pa., continue to rage with unabated fury. Millions of feet of valuable timber have already been burned and saw-mills destroyed.

Albert Snooks, the bridegroom at the Louisville wedding which served a poisoned feast afterwards, died at Cincinnati, O., last night. Snooks is the seventh victim.

Lopez, Pa., had a narrow escape from being destroyed by fire Wednesday. The fire spread through the village, burning lumber piles, fences, sheds, etc. The residence portion of the town was saved with difficulty.

ANY gent wishing elegant quarters should see W. C. McCreery about the Ericsson.

The $11.45 Suits at Famous

Are strange suits to be selling at $11.45. Strange because none are worth less than $18.50. The reason you know—that needy manufacturer. Proper business suits, every one.

Men's Trousers, worth $5 and $6.50,
$3.45 at Famous.

The Boys' "Rough and Tumble" Suits

Will give more good wear to the square inch than any other suits we know of. Extra careful sewing, seams bound down with tape, 32 stitches in each button, pants seat double, leg fronts canvas lined, a waistband that yields to strains—the whole appearance "awfully nobby"—$5.50—and they're all wool! Boys of 5 to 14.

Men's $7.50 Scotch Cheviot Sack Suits,
$3.45 at Famous.

Boy's $5.00 Cassimere Short Pants Suits
$1.95 at Famous.

Shannon Tweed for the Man

With but little to spend, They're comely, honest all-wool suits that should wear as well as the average $10.00 and $12.50 suits of other folks—and the price is but $6.50. Sacks and cutaways.

Boys' $6.50 Cassimere Long Pants Suits,
$2.19 at Famous.

Famous Shoe Store.

Ladies' cloth top shoes in every worthy variety of leather, tops, toes, heels, finish. Probably the biggest line in town.

Ladies', $2.50 to $5.00.
Children's, $1.00 up.

Those low shoes that we imported from Vienna are about the prettiest for ladies' wear we've seen. Let us show you how bewitching they are.

Men's Patent Leather Dress Shoes, $4.00 to $7.50.

Famous Shoe and Clothing Co.
CLOTHING, HATS, SHOES, DRY GOODS,
CLOAKS, HABERDASHERY, ETC.
BROADWAY, CORNER MORGAN.
Open Saturday until 10 p. m.

A WELL-CONCEIVED SCHEME.

How St. Louis and New Orleans Are Working Together.

The people of New Orleans have at last been awakened to the necessity of taking action in the matter of securing a proper proportion of the subsidy for the carriage of the mails to South and Central America, and funds have been raised to place several lines of steamers in this trade. The Illinois Central will take a leading part and has agreed, if proper arrangements can be made with the Government, to place a line of steamers in operation between New Orleans and Central American ports. The Morgan line will also increase its facilities, and at least three new lines will be established, and it is contemplated to reach from twenty-three to twenty-eight ports that have never yet had direct mail communication with this country. In pursuance of the advice given by St. Louis merchants, who are fully as much, if not more, interested in the trade with the Southern continent than those of New Orleans, a schedule of mails is being prepared which will, it is believed, tend more largely to increase the trade of the United States with neighboring countries than any that have been prevented by Atlantic Coast lines. The situation of South America as regards mails is peculiar, as there is less need of establishing lines between this country and the larger cities than of reaching the smaller towns along the coast. With Vera Cruz, Rio de Janeiro, Buenos Ayres, and some of the other important cities telegraphic communication exists, and the telegraph is relied on to replace the mails to an extent of which European and North American merchants have no conception. The anomaly is thus presented of the most important cities requiring mail facilities to a much smaller extent than those which are of far less size. Almost all communication with interior and coast towns of inferior size is carried on by means of small steamers, running at regular intervals, and controlled by South American companies. As a result a few houses in the centers of commerce control this entire trade, very important indeed in the aggregate. It is this market which the St. Louis and New Orleans merchants wish to reach. They do not intend to enter into a vain competition with the telegraph at the few large ports, but to establish mail lines to all points along the coast. These places have been practically cut off from all communication except the very slowest, with the outside world, and can neither make their wants known nor ascertain what articles American merchants have for sale that might prove to be of use to them. With regular lines of steamers established all this will be changed. Mercantile houses, not content with communication by letter, will establish agencies and send commercial travelers wherever the steamers go, and St. Louis will be more largely represented than any other city. The advantages of an unbroken line of water communication are particularly important in a trade in which the articles bought and sold are bulky in proportion to their value, and this trade both the St. Louis and New Orleans merchants are striving to secure. The plan of lines of steamers touching at numerous points will, with proper support from the Government, prove of immense advantage to this city.

Don't Be Humbugged.

Don't pay $16.50 to $35 for inferior would-be-tailor-made suits, when you can buy Baltimore Merchant Tailor suits, in all the latest patterns, Prince Alberts, Cutaways and Sacks, $12.50 to $25.
GLOBE, 703 to 713 Franklin avenue.

GOODWIN A BAD LOSER.

The Gambling Actor Who Lacks the Gambler's Most Requisite Quality.

NEW YORK, May 1.—A tale of experience dearly bought underlies the simple record of a suit that came up in the City Court yesterday in an effort to collect the money on a check for $2,000, which has been long unpaid. The check was given by Nat C. Goodwin, the actor, on Dec. 21, 1889, and was made payable to L. A. Bullard at the Garfield National Bank. Bullard, it seems, had indorsed the check over to Alexander Newburger, a jeweler, formerly doing business at No. 531 Sixth avenue, in payment, it is said, for goods purchased of him.

When Mr. Newburger presented the check at the bank he found that payment had been stopped and hence the suit against Nat C. Goodwin for the recovery of the amount.

"Why, this check," said the comedian, "was given in payment of a gambling debt, which in law is uncollectable. Nevertheless, it would have been paid and taken up if the agreement made at the time had been faithfully carried out by those who held it, and, as a matter of fact it has been partly paid already, as will be shown later on."

HOTEL PERSONALS.

C. F. Cochran, St. Joseph; F. E. Bennett, Evansville, Ind.; E. T. Herndon, Cherry Valley, and J. R. Whitman, Nashville, are at the Laclede.

F. C. Copeland, New York; N. B. Tichenor, Indianapolis; J. F. Brown, Philadelphia, and G. M. Goodwin, Nashville, Tenn., are at the Lindell.

J. E. Lomier, Hannibal, M. L. Jones, Mexico; H. M. Jones, Kansas City, and George Hanford, Louisville, are at the Hotel Rozier.

J. D. McCune, Topeka; H. H. Harding, Carthage; Victor Stolle, New York; Frank Trumbull, Denver, and A. P. Williams, Jefferson City, are at the Southern.

SPANISH COURT CREAM gives that nutrition to the skin which winds and sun destroy. 50c a jar, at all druggists and dry goods.

"ICE-COLD" THOUGHTS
—FOR—
Warm Weather.

Do You Need a Refrigerator?

THE "SIBERIA"

Is made of HARDWOOD throughout.
Is CHARCOAL-PACKED and AIR-TIGHT.
Is FREE from MOISTURE and ODOR.
Is kept COOL WITH LESS ICE than any other.
Has perfect CIRCULATION of PURE AIR.
Is as CHEAP as a COMMON BOX.

SIMMONS HARDWARE CO.

BUY YOUR SUITS AT THE GLOBE TO-DAY and TO-MORROW.

We Sell Baltimore Merchant Tailor Suits
$12.50 to $25.00.

The finest Clay Worsteds, Wide Wales, Silk Mixtures, Corkscrews, etc., in Prince Alberts, Sacks and Cutaways. None like them seen elsewhere for less than double the money.

Confirmation Suits, $3.50 to $15.

Made of Finest Corkscrews, Clay Worsteds, Silk Mixtures, Wide Wales, Thibets, etc.

Children's Suits, $1.45 to $10. Nobbiest Jersey and Kilt Suits, $2.50 to $6.50. PANTS—Largest Variety, 75c to $7.50. MEN'S $3.50 CALF SHOES, $2.50. LADIES' $3 Dongola Shoes, $2. Latest $3 DERBYS, $2. $1.50 Fine Puffed Bosom WHITE SHIRTS, 95c.

FREE—BASE BALL OUTFITS WITH BOYS' SUITS.

GLOBE SHOE AND CLOTHING CO., 703-705 707-709 711-713 FRANKLIN AVENUE.

Open evenings until 9; Saturdays until 11. Telephone 2840.
Mail orders promptly and carefully filled. Send for Illustrated Catalogue.

THE CONFECTIONERS' CONVENTION.

Delegates Will Arrive Tuesday and Meet at the Southern Hotel.

Next Tuesday morning about 150 delegates, representing as many prominent candy and confectionery establishments in the United States, will meet in the Southern Hotel parlors. It will be the eighth annual convention of the National Confectioners' Association, and it will be attended by representatives from nearly all the Eastern States and Canada. The association was formed eight years ago, principally to put a stop to the adulteration of candies which were at that time made with mineral colors and earth. How well the association has succeeded in stopping the dangerous practice is shown by the reports in which it is stated that for years no adulteration of any harmful kind has been discovered, though there is a standing reward offered by the association for a conviction. The association does not discuss business matters, the markets or the labor question, but it has succeeded by its weighty influence in reducing freight rates. It is a social organization which meets once a year, at which its members have a general good time and become acquainted. The delegates who attend the convention, which will be in session Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday of next week, will have reason to remember their visit to St. Louis, as an elaborate programme for their entertainment has been arranged by Mr. O. H. Peckham, chairman of the Entertainment Committee. Tuesday morning a business meeting will be held, followed by a drive to Forest Park in the afternoon. Wednesday morning the convention will meet, elect officers, select the next place of meeting and adjourn. An elaborate banquet will be spread in the evening. Thursday will be spent on the river and in visiting the Anheuser-Busch brewery.

News of the Theaters.

The Liliputians are playing a most successful second engagement at the Olympic. Franz Ebert's cuteness makes the audience roar and the other members of the company with the attractive features of the "Pupil in Magic" render the entertainment most pleasing. The bill will be changed to "The Burgomaster" for to-morrow's matinee and evening performances.

"A Barrel of Money," the new comedy drama at Pope's, is giving satisfaction to the audiences at that house. Its realistic features and its comedy receive full appreciation.

"Yours truly, John L. Sullivan," has knocked out his old opponent, John Barleycorn, and, with the exception of a huskiness in his melodramatic voice, is in his usual acting form again. His intense seriousness make his work a superb burlesque and the audiences at Havlin's appreciate it.

The varied programme given by the Sheridan & Flynn Co. is pleasing the houses at the Standard.

The return of "The Crystal Slipper" will reopen the Grand with a blaze of gorgeousness next week, and the popularity of the attraction promises to make the engagement notable. Monday night cannot fail to be a brilliant event, as Treasurer Walters' friends will be out in force for his benefit.

For the only time this season the opportunity to see "Blue Jeans" will be afforded the St. Louis public at the Olympic for one week beginning Sunday next. "Blue Jeans" is an extraordinarily successful play and ran for nearly six months of this season at the Fourteenth Street Theater, New York. It has just finished successful weeks in Boston and Philadelphia, where its metropolitan triumph was repeated. The same cast, scenery and effects employed in New York, Boston and Philadelphia will be brought to St. Louis. The attractions of "Blue Jeans," it is said, do not lie altogether in the story of love and intrigue, the humor and pathos it carries, but the interest is quickened and held as much by the novelties of its realism. There are live pigeons in a genuine barn, real smoke from a brick chimney, the appearance of a village band with an expert drum major, a live bullock, subsequently brought on roasted for the barbecue, domestic and farm scenes of the most realistic character, and the great sawmill episode.

The sale of seats for the Juch opera festival which opened Tuesday assures a brilliant success for the popular prima donna and her company. The demand has been brisk. The repertoire is a splendid one and a thoroughly capable organization is promised.

Among the bookings for next week are "Aunt Bridget's Baby" at Pope's and Riley & Wood's Big Specialty Show at the Standard.

Schnaider's Garden will be opened for the summer season on Sunday next, when Postlewaite's Military Band will give a grand concert, and Erban and Arnold will perform some wonderful feats of strength. The opera season at the garden will begin on June 1.

AUCTION sale at Hazelwood, Saturday, May 2, at 2:30 p. m. Train leaves Union Depot at 1:30 p. m. Our agent will supply you with tickets at depot. Everyone welcome.

Clay School Concert.

The children of the Clay School will give a grand concert in North St. Louis Turner Hall, Twentieth and Salisbury streets, this evening, for the benefit of the school library. There are among the pupils a number of young artists who will display their genius this evening in a well-arranged programme. There will be a violin solo by Harry L. Rogers, a Highland fling by Irene Jennings, sketches by the Rodermund family, a recitation by Henry Henrickson, a drill by twenty-four girls, a vocal solo by Maude Wade, calisthenics by twenty-four girls and an operetta, "Red Riding Hood," by six pupils.

Buy Your Pants at the Globe.

You can get good ones from $1.25 to $2.50. Finest Baltimore Merchant Tailor Pants, $3 to $7.50. GLOBE, 703 to 713 Franklin avenue.

A Burning Umbrella.

An amusing conflagration took place on Olive street yesterday at about 2:30 in the afternoon. A gentleman was walking along Olive between Twenty-second and Twenty-third when his umbrella caught fire, blazed up, and the flames could not be extinguished until the umbrella was burned to a crisp, leaving the frame exposed. Nobody seemed able to explain how the umbrella caught fire, but it must have been from a lighted cigar or cigarette thrown from a window.

Struck With a Rock.

An unknown colored boy about 17 years old used a rock in a fight with Albert Sueten at Grand and Belle avenues at 9:30 o'clock last evening inflicting on Sueten's head a severe scalp wound. He then ran and made good his escape before his identity could be ascertained. Sueten was sent to his home at 2827 Mills street.

DIRECTLY OPP. POST-OFFICE.

Make No Mistake.

Don't indulge in expensive luxuries when you receive the same value for one-half the money. Don't be misled into buying ready-made Clothing when you can get merchant tailor made garments for the same figures. Look over our price current carefully, then pay us a visit and you will be convinced.

$10 for a merchant tailor made suit made up for $25.
$12 for a merchant tailor made suit made up for $30.
$15 for a merchant tailor made suit made up for $35.
$20 for a merchant tailor made suit made up for $45.
$25 for a merchant tailor made suit made up for $55.

Why do you pay from $8 to $15 for a pair of Pantaloons when you can get the very identical patterns from $2.50 to $7.50, and a perfect fit guaranteed? This is worthy of investigation.

Misfit Clothing Parlors 808 OLIVE ST.

808—OLIVE St.—808

Open evenings until 9, Saturdays till 11.
All alterations to perfect a fit made free of charge.
Mail orders promptly attended to.

DIRECTLY OPP. POST-OFFICE.

Crossman's Specific Mixture.

With this remedy persons can cure themselves without the least exposure, change of diet, or change in application to business. The medicine contains nothing that is of the least injury to the constitution. Ask your druggist for it. Price $1 a bottle.

HUMPHREY'S.
ST. LOUIS, MO., May 1, 1891.
The indications for St. Louis to-day are fair; stationary temperature.

Special Sale To-Day

In our Boys' Clothing Department. 200 Boys' Knee-Pant Suits, sizes 4 to 14 years, in fancy Cassimeres and Cheviots, really worth $4.50 and $5, now $2.75. Also, 300 Boys' Knee-Pant Suits, sizes 4 to 14 years, in fancy Cheviots, Cassimeres and Worsteds, at $5.00. They are worth a good deal more, but to make things interesting we're letting them go for $5.

FREE—To every purchaser of a Boy's Suit, Spring Top Coat, Reefer, or half dozen Shirt Waists, a regulation Base Ball Bat and a first-class Ball. Special display of Boys' Clothing to-day in our corner Broadway window.

F. W. HUMPHREY & CO
Broadway and Pine.

Swope's ELASTIC HEEL

Makes walking easy and noiseless; relieves all strain on the muscles. Once worn they become indispensable; they can be put on any shoe at a cost of 75c for Men's and 50c for Ladies' Footwear.

THE ENGINEER AND SWITCHMAN'S PUZZLE,

The most ingenious, amusing and instructive puzzle of the times, given away with every purchase at 311 N. BROADWAY.

$25.00 IN GOLD

Will be awarded July 4, 1891, for the first correct written solution. If you want the puzzle and are supplied with footwear, 25c will buy one. Country orders will require 5c extra for postage.

☞ Swope's Illustrated Catalogue free to Country Customers.

Our Method

Of adjusting Glasses and Frames is admitted by prominent physicians and oculists as simply perfect.

The new and genuine all aluminum eye glass frames that will neither break, rust nor tarnish can only be had of

A. S. Aloe & Co.
Scientific Opticians,
415 North Broadway.

ASK Your Grocer FOR THIS BRAND

SWEET AND TENDER. NOT DRY AND SALTY.

GIVE THEM A TRIAL.

OUR HAMS and BREAKFAST BACON are selected and cured in this city with the greatest care and attention, and we guarantee them to give satisfaction. If your grocer does not keep OUR BRAND OF HAMS notify us, and we will give you the address of one that does. SEE THAT THE ABOVE BRAND IS ON THE HAM.

COX & GORDON,
Telephone 2209. 1019 South Third St.

DR PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

MPHREY'S.
ST. LOUIS, MO., May 1, 1891.
ications for St. Louis to-day are fair;
emperature.

Special Sale To-Day

ur Boys' Clothing Department. 200 Boys' Knee-Suits, sizes 4 to 14 years, ancy Cassimeres and iots, really worth $4.50 5, now $2.75. Also, Boys' Knee-Pant Suits, 4 to 14 years, in fancy iots, Cassimeres and steds, at $5.00. They orth a good deal more, o make things interest-e're letting them go for

REE—To every purchas- a Boy's Suit, Spring Coat, Reefer, or half n Shirt Waists, a regula-Base Ball Bat and a first-Ball. Special display of ' Clothing to-day in our r Broadway window.

HUMPHREY & CO
Broadway and Pine.

e's

C HEEL

all strain on the muscles. can be put on any shoe at Footwear.

CHMAN'S PUZZLE,
ve puzzle of the times, given
N. BROADWAY.
GOLD
orrect written solution. If footwear, 25c will buy one. stage.
y Customers.

K
ocer
FOR THIS BRAND
ET
ER.
TY.

E THEM A TRIAL.

HAMS and BREAKFAST BACON are and cured in this city with the great- and attention, and we guarantee give satisfaction. If your grocer keep OUR BRAND OF HAMS notify e will give you the address of one es. SEE THAT THE ABOVE BRAND HE HAM.

COX & GORDON,
one 2209. 1019 South Third St.

by the Rodermund family, a recita-Henry Henrickson, a drill by twenty-is, a vocal solo by Maude Wade, ics by twenty-four girls and an , "Red Riding Hood," by six pupils.

y Your Pants at the Globe.
an get good ones from $1.25 to $2.50. altimore Merchant Tailor Pants, $3 to GLOBE, 708 to 713 Franklin avenue.

A Burning Umbrella.
using conflagration took place on treet yesterday at about 2:30 in the n. A gentleman was walking along etween Twenty-second and Twenty-hen his umbrella caught fire, blazed the flames could not be extinguished e umbrella was burned to a crisp, the frame exposed. Nobody seemed xplain how the umbrella caught fire, ust have been from a lighted cigar or e thrown from a window.

Struck With a Rock.
known colored boy about 17 years old rock in a fight with Albert Sueten at nd Belle avenues at 9:30 o'clock last inflicting on Sueten's head a severe ound. He then ran and made good pe before his identity could be ascer- Sueten was sent to his home at 2627 reet.

E'S
aking
owder.
Years the Standard.

THE POST-DISPATCH—PAGES 9 AND 10.

ST. LOUIS, FRIDAY EVENING, MAY 1, 1891.

RISE AND EXPLAIN.

Rate-Cutting Roads Called Upon to Show Cause for Their Action.

THEIR DEFENSE BEFORE THE TRUNK LINE TRAFFIC MANAGERS.

Threats Made of What Will Be Done if the Low Rates Are Not Withdrawn by the Canadian Pacific and Affiliated Lines—Proceedings of Yesterday's Meeting—The Railways.

NEW YORK, May 1.—The trunk line traffic managers met at the Trunk Line Commissioners' office in the New Jersey Central Railroad Building, this city, yesterday, to consider the recent cut in freight rates between New York and St. Paul via the West Shore, Canadian Pacific, Soo and affiliated lines.

There were present at the meeting J. F. Goddard, Chairman of the Joint Committee of the Western Freight Association, who presided. The Western Freight Association was represented by Commissioner J. W. Midgeley. The interests of the Central Traffic Association and the Vanderbilt roads not otherwise represented, were looked after by Commissioner Geo. R. Blanchard. Other delegates were: Nathan Guilford and E. Clare, Jr., for the New York Central, J. W. Musson and Percy R. Todd for the West Shore, General Freight Agent W. H. Joyce and F. H. Kingsbury for the Pennsylvania Railroad, General Manager Childs and General Freight Agent J. C. Anderson for the New York, Ontario & Western Railroad, Second Vice-President Valliant and General Freight Agent Pomeroy for the Erie, Traffic Manager D. A. Hegeman and General Western Freight Agent A. Fall for the Lackawanna and General Manager Gordon for the Great Northern Co. Great secrecy was observed during the meeting. After it was over Chairman Goddard disappeared down a shabbily constructed back stairway and left a clerk to give out the information, which was meager.

The chairman first called upon the rate-cutting lines to explain themselves. They both claimed that the Canadian Pacific was entitled to the differential, not the Ontario & Western, and the fact that the West Shore took the place of the Ontario & Western in the "Soo" line should make no difference to the other roads.

"But the Trunk Line Association never granted the Canadian Pacific a differential," said the Lackawanna representative, "nor did it give the 'Soo' as such, a differential. It does not recognize the 'Soo.' It simply granted the Ontario & Western a 10-cent differential and authorized it to make use of it by either Ogdensburg or Suspension Bridge. No other trunk line was allowed the privilege and the association did not recognize the Canadian Pacific, which is not a party to the trunk line agreement."

"But the Canadian Pacific has not simply taken the 10 cent differential," suggested a Lake line man. "It took 23 cents worth. What justification has it for doing that?"

"We met the Canada Atlantic fast freight line," said General Traffic Manager Olds of the Canadian Pacific.

"The Canada Atlantic 'takes' the 23 cent rates; they are not authorized by the Association, and that company is not bound by the rules," said the Lake man.

The West Shore and Canadian Pacific officers had nothing to say to these arguments, except that the former claimed not to know that the tariff has been issued, and that the West Shore does not pro-rate, but receives its regular share of the rate. All present smiled, and these threats followed:

Second Vice-President Valliant of the Erie: "If the West Shore does not withdraw that tariff the Erie will meet it with an all-rail rate of $1.07 via Chicago, New York and St. Paul."

Traffic Manager Hegeman of the Lackawanna: "And we shall do the same. We will make a $1.07 rate in connection with the Grand Trunk via Manitowoc to Chicago."

General Manager Gordon of the Northern: "I am ready to go in with our trunk line connections and cut the rates square in two."

Commissioner Midgley of the West (freight association): "The Chicago lines say they will not stand such a cut for a moment by the West Shore, and if necessary they will even up on the $1.07 rate if they lose by it."

The new "Soo" line officials were confused by the breeze that had been raised, and they backed down without defence. Mr. Olds said that he would leave the tariff to the disposition of the West Shore, and Traffic Manager Musson of that company said, in withdrawing it, that he did not want to provoke trouble. Mr. Olds made this remark: "The Lake lines make an average run, day in and day out, of fifteen miles an hour, and there is no expense for repairing the road bed. The railroads don't average nearly as well as that, and we think that we are entitled to some allowance in rates to make up for it."

So the matter was laid on the shelf and the managers forgot to impose a penalty for violating the agreement. The West Shore has already sent out three through cars with cut rate freight to St. Paul, and it has the privilege of sending ten more during the next ten days. After that the through cars will no doubt continue to run in accordance with the Vanderbilts Canadian Pacific Alliance.

THE WESTERN MARYLAND.

BALTIMORE, Md., May 1.—The city finance commissioners, Mayor Davidson and Messrs. Pratt and Spence, have had a meeting to take into consideration the affairs of the Western Maryland Railroad Co. In conversation Mr. Spence said the commissioners were agreed that if a suitable price can be obtained on proper conditions made it will be better for the city to part with the Western Maryland. In reference to the suggestion that some persons think that the Pennsylvania Railroad Co. is backing Messrs. Davis and Hambleton Mr. Spence said he had no evidence of anything of that kind nor did he believe that the rumor had any foundation in fact. That no proposition from the West Virginia Central looking to the acquirement of the Western Maryland, either by lease or purchase, was submitted, nor will there be any. But it is reasonably certain that Mr. Henry G. Davis, President of the West Virginia Central, along with Mr. John Hambleton and other members of the directory of that organization and perhaps other capitalists from Baltimore and elsewhere will at an early day organize a company with sufficient capital to build a railroad on the present terminus of the Piedmont & Cumberland Railroad (an extension of the West Virginia Central at Cumberland to Cherry Run, W. Va., a distance of sixty-eight miles and to which the Western Maryland Railroad is being extended from Williamsport.)

AROUND THE WORLD.

WINNIPEG, Manitoba, May 1.—The around-the-world excursionists reached Winnipeg last night at 10:30, having made the trip from the Pacific coast (half way across the continent) in 52 hours and 20 minutes, or, deducting the time spent in viewing the gorgeous mountain scenery, in exactly 49 hours, this time being 20½ hours faster than the usual time made. When the President, Mr. Van Horne, who accompanied the party, stepped on the platform round after round of cheers went up from the immense crowd assembled and he was warmly congratulated on the success of his enterprise. The party expressed themselves delighted with the trip. It is expected they will reach Montreal, which is really their destination, in about 40 hours.

Progress.

It is very important in this age of vast material progress that a remedy be pleasing to the taste and to the eye, easily taken, acceptable to the stomach and healthy in its nature and effects. Possessing these qualities, Syrup of Figs is the one perfect laxative and most gentle diuretic known.

MAIL DELIVERY IN BOLIVIA.

Postmaster Harlow Receives a Copy of the Postal Regulations of That Country.

Maj. Harlow received this morning a copy of a curious publication which is issued from Berne, Switzerland, by the International Bureau of the Universal Postal Union. It is called "L'Union Postale," and it is printed in three languages, the same matter appearing in three columns of the page in French, German and English, "L'Union Postale" contains some very interesting information concerning the manner in which mails are handled and delivered in Bolivia, where, in consequence of the entrance of Bolivia into the Postal Union, new and improved methods have been adopted and new postal regulations have been enacted. One of the regulations governing contractors strikes one as amusing, knowing that it applies to what is supposed to be an improved postal system. It is that he has to keep at least ten "steady and faultless mules" in readiness for the conveyance of mails and of travellers, and he must also keep postilions ready to start on a moment's notice. The contractor cannot refuse to supply travelers with transportation without some very good reason, and on the road he must provide them with food, forage and lodging. The contractors are exempt from arrest except for crimes punishable corporally, and every one attacking or assaulting them is subject to arrest. Moreover, if they are attacked it is the duty of every officer and employe of the Government to go to their assistance, and any one failing to do so fails at the hazard of expulsion from the public service. The post animals and forage are not subject to confiscation even in time of war, and the contractors themselves are exempt from military service.

In a country intersected by a high mountains, rapid rivers and deserts, with a very incomplete system of roads, and where mail must be conveyed exclusively along the highroads, the mail guard is an important member of the postal staff. In Bolivia mail guards have to furnish security for the faithful and conscientious performance of their duties to an amount not exceeding 1,000 bolivianos (about $1,000). They enjoy the privilege of being exempt from service in the National Guards, and from the performance of duties encumbent upon the members of the commune. While in the discharge of their duty they are further exempted from the payment of toll. On their trips they wear a badge bearing the word "Post," and are allowed to make use of firearms in case they should be attacked on the road.

The average speed prescribed for mail is 40 minutes per old Spanish legua or league. On his trips the Bolivian mail guard is preceded by a postilian who acts as guide, and must always keep within sight of the guard, "a necessary precaution in order to prevent the latter from losing his way."

In order to obtain the greatest possible speed in the delivery of mail the guards are not permitted to stop more than two hours at a station. That gives even the garrulous Bolivian time enough to tell all the news the mail does not contain, flirt with the "Pride of the Village" besides.

There are one or two points about the management of offices which are interesting if not amusing. The managers of sub-offices and postal agencies are guaranteed no salary, but receive in compensation for their services the net revenue of their offices. Where no postmaster is appointed the Mayor of the village is required to serve in that capacity. If there is a deficit the Government only deals with the postmaster. He must make it good and then if the responsibility for it rests with the cashier or some other officer, the postmaster may recover from him. In that department the Director-General of Ports is supreme and there is no appeal from his decision.

Don't Believe It Until You See It.

The Globe is offering 50 styles Suits for boys up to 18 years at $2.50, $3.50, $5 and $7.50. Finest Baltimore Merchant Tailor Suits, $1 to $15. GLOBE, 708 to 713 Franklin avenue.

He Could Not Appear.

Michael McNamara failed to answer when the case against him on the docket of the Court of Criminal Correction was called today. His attorneys, Messrs. Martin and Bass, announced that the defendant had been kicked in the abdomen by a mule and was unable to appear. On the strength of the father's representation that "he would have Micky in court Tuesday dead or alive," Judge Claiborne laid over the action until the 5th inst. McNamara is but a mere boy, but bears the reputation of being an expert and exceedingly troublesome sneak thief. He has spent some time in the House of Refuge and is now under sentence of three months in the Work-house for petit larceny. The present action is one for the theft of some chickens.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

The Trades.

WANTED—Position by licensed engineer. Add. E 84, this office. 38

WANTED—Sit. as fireman or assistant engineer; 7 years experience. Add. H. K., 13 S. 8th st. 38

Coachmen.

WANTED—Situation by a young man of good habits as coachman or teamster; can furnish reference. Address S 83, this office. 39

Boys.

WANTED—A boy of 17 would like a job of any kind; best of ref. Ad. E 83, this office. 42

WANTED—A sit. by a boy to finish plumbing trade; has had good experience. 3701 Bernard st. 42

HELP WANTED—MALE.

Book-keepers.

WANTED—A reliable man with references to straighten set of books. Add. F 84, this office.

Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—Four first-class newspaper solicitors, on the road and city; will pay good wages to the right parties; position permanent; bring reference. Jas. Plunkett, manager, 210-212 N. 3d st., 4th floor.

WANTED—Salesmen on salary or commission to handle the new patent chemical ink erasing pencil; the greatest selling novelty ever produced; erases ink thoroughly in two seconds; no abrasion of paper; 200 to 500 per cent profit; one agent's sales amounted to $620 in six days; another $32 in two hours. We want one energetic general agent for each state and territory. For terms and full particulars, add. the Monroe Eraser Mfg. Co., La Crosse, Wis.

HAYWARD'S
Business and Shorthand College. 618 and 620 Olive st. Day and night; all branches taught. 54

Cooks.

WANTED—Man for second cook, with references, at Mitchell's, 314 N. Broadway. 56

Laborers

WANTED—50 teams on 21st and Washington av. John A. Lynch. 59

WANTED—50 teams on 22d and Washington av.; 2 months' work. John A. Lynch. 59

WANTED—Teams to haul 200 loads of cinders, corner of Union and Maple av. John Duyan.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

The Trades.

WANTED—A good barber. Apply at 622 Morgan st. 58

WANTED—First-class stock fitter. Hufnagel Shoe Co. 58

WANTED—Blacksmith by J. Koenigstein, East St. Louis. 58

WANTED—Hands to sew on pants. F. W. Humphrey & Co. 58

WANTED—Tailor at 2933 Olive st.; steady work; good wages paid. 58

WANTED—A first-class bushelman; call early. F. W. Humphrey Co. 58

WANTED—Good paper-hangers at J. L. Isaacs Wall Paper Co., 1210 Olive st. 58

WANTED—Barber; steady employment; to start work Monday, at 416 Market st. 58

WANTED—Good carriage trimmer. Embree-McLean Carriage Co., 1817 Olive st. 58

WANTED—Macadam breakers at Barton street and S. Broadway. Allen & Veiths, contractors. 58

WANTED—5 paperhangers at once at A. E. Miller's, 2019 East Grand av.; men taken to and from job. 58

WANTED—Carpenters—Two first-class mechanics; contract work. Benton st. and Glasgow av. Call at once. 58

WANTED—A man who understands how to work on drop press and who also understands tinning and galvanizing at 223 S. 2d st. 58

Boys.

WANTED—A good boy to feed a press. J. A. Pracht & Co., 720 Olive st. 61

WANTED—Two boys to set up ten pins at St. Louis Turner Hall, 1508 Chouteau av. 61

WANTED—A boy to work about the house, 15 or 16 years old. Chas. Rebman, 29th and Olive. 61

WANTED—A boy 14 to 15 years old to work in drug store. Inquire s. e. cor. Jefferson av. and Benton st. 61

WANTED—Boy to work around house and take care of horse and cow; no deadbeats need apply. Call 3031 Washington av. 61

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A steady man to work on vise and a boy to learn silverplating. 916 Locust st. 62

WANTED—Steady man, with reference, to do general work about house. Hotel Belvedere. 62

WANTED—A man to carry banner. Apply to Hilt's One-Price Shoe House, 604 Franklin av.

WANTED—A young man, with references, in a meat shop, to deliver and care for horses. 2756 Lafayette av. 62

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Teachers, Companions, Etc.

WANTED—Elderly widow lady of good social standing contemplates taking a trip through the Northern or Western States, and should like to chaperone a party of young ladies or school girls; best of reference given. Address G 84, this office. 77

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—By a first-class dressmaker, engagements. 2708 Wash st. 46

Housekeepers.

WANTED—Situation as housekeeper by a respectable widow. 2607 Morgan st. 47

WANTED—Situation at house cleaning by the day or washing by the day. Call or write for one week. R. A. Smith, 720 N. 16th st. 47

General Housework.

STOVE REPAIRS!
For every stove or range made in the United States to be had at A. G. Brauer's, 219 Locust st. 48

Cooks Etc.

WANTED—A situation by a first-class cook in some nice family in city or country; best of ref. Address K 84, this office. 49

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

General Housework.

WANTED—Good girl for general housework. 4321 Bell av. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework. 1307 Hickory st. 66

WANTED—A good German girl for general housework at 3524 Laclede av. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework; small family. 3113 Brantner place. 66

WANTED—A girl for general housework; small family. Apply at 3116 Lucas av. 66

WANTED—A girl for general housework; good wages to good girl. 2628 S. 12th st. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework; small family and no washing. 2716 Franklin av. 66

WANTED—Girl for general work without washing; one who can sleep at home. 2906 Gamble st. 66

WANTED—A middle-aged woman to do general housework; no washing. Apply at 2103 Pine st. 66

WANTED—A woman for general housework; must be good plain cook; no washing. 1411 Washington av. 66

WANTED—A girl, 14 or 15 years old, to assist in general housework; small family. 3890 Washington av. 66

WANTED—A girl to do general housework; no washing or ironing; must be good cook; reference required. Apply 4189 Washington av. 66

Laundresses.

WANTED—A first-class washer and ironer at 2808 Caroline st. 67

WANTED—A first-class laundress at Hotel Noble, 1400 N. Broadway. 67

WANTED—A good starcher and shirt finisher. Broadway Steam Laundry, 2359 S. Broadway.

WANTED—Experienced starchers at Excelsior Laundry, at once. Apply at 606 Olive st. or 1923 Park av. 67

Cooks Etc.

WANTED—Cook immediately. 2821 Olive st. 68

WANTED—Woman to cook and assist with housework; no objection to a child. 1431 Pendleton av. 68

WANTED—Two girls well recommended, one to cook, wash and iron, and the other to do housework. Apply 4523 Pine st. 68

WANTED—Strong German girl to cook and do housework; small family; no washing; No. 1 wages paid. 1325 S. 13th st. 68

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—Good waistmaker; good pay. Mrs. Washburn, 3043 Franklin av. 69

WANTED—Good sewing machine hand and one to learn dressmaking. 1109 Morgan st. 69

WANTED—Three first-class waist-makers, four dress-makers and apprentice girl immediately. 3003 Easton av. 69

WANTED—Girls; first-class finishers and tackers on custom pants; good wages and steady work. Apply C. Leonard, 815 N. 6th st. 69

WANTED—Experienced operators and hand sewers on cloaks; steady work and good pay for good hands. Call at 817 N. 7th st., second floor. 69

Nurses.

WANTED—Girl to nurse and do light housework. 2739 Lafayette av. 70

WANTED—Young German girl as nurse in small family. 2635 Chestnut st. 70

WANTED—A neat young girl for nursing and upstairs work. 2631 Chestnut st. 70

WANTED—An experienced nurse; good wages to a neat, intelligent girl; reference required. 2818 Dickson st. 70

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Pantry girl at Hotel Beers. 71

WANTED—White girl at 1124 Pine st. 71

WANTED—Female dishwasher. 518 Pine. 71

WANTED—Chambermaids at Hurst's Hotel. 71

WANTED—20 girls at pottery, 22d and Wash sts. 71

WANTED—Good woman dish-washer. 412 N. 11th st. 71

WANTED—Two first-class hotel waitresses at 1201 St. Ange av. 71

WANTED—Two first-class chambermaids. Apply 1201 St. Ange av. 71

WANTED—Scrub women and chambermaids at the St. James Hotel. 71

WANTED—A woman to wash and clean. 1432 2d Carondelet av. 71

WANTED—A dining-room girl at restaurant, 1317½ Franklin av. 71

WANTED—A good steady woman as dishwasher. Apply 1201 St. Ange av. 71

WANTED—Woman to wash dishes at George Milford's, 109 and 111 N. 6th st. 71

WANTED—A girl to wait on table in restaurant and help with general housework. 1313 N. Broadway. 71

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

BATHS—Miss Grace Wright, 902 Pine st., gives sea salt and sulphur baths; massage treatment; alcohol and bay rum rubbings. 74

BATHS—1417 Pine st., Mrs. Brooks, genuine massage and magnetic treatment; alcohol, bay rum, oil rubbings; plain sea salt medicated baths; new and skillful operators in attendance. 74

CALL for the doctor at Pope's Pharmacy, 9th and Olive; treats all dis.; charges only for medicines.

DR. ANNIE NEWLAND, ladies' physician and midwife; treats diseases of women as a specialty; ladies in trouble call or write. 1913 Market st.; ladies boarded during confinement. 74

HIGHEST price paid for cast-off clothing. Call or address N. Jacobs, 313 Locust st. 74

HIGHEST price paid for gents' cast-off clothing; call or send postal. M. B. Cohn, 111 S. 6th st. 74

MRS. WUNDERLE, 810 Wash st., tells past, present and future; ladies, 50c; gents, $1. 74

MME. LEOHN tells fortunes by burning fluid; satisfaction guaranteed. 1525 Morgan st. 74

MRS. DR. SILVA gives steam, vapor, massage, electric baths; nerve treatment. 1322 Market st.

MRS. DR. ARTHUR, ladies' physician, receives ladies in confinement; first-class ac. at reasonable terms; ladies in trouble call at 2603 Wash st. 74

MRS. DOCTRESS DOSSEN, ladies' physician. All communications strictly confidential. Ladies in trouble call at 1332 Chouteau av., St. Louis, Mo. 74

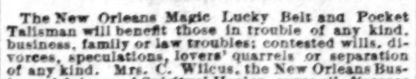
MISS GRACE BERNARD'S Turkish Bath Parlors, 2114½ N. 8th st., bet. Pine and Olive. Massage treatment by exp'd operators. Open 9 a.m. till 11 p.m.

MRS. A. COLE, 1124 Pine st., gives all kinds of baths, magnetic and electric treatment, bay rum and alcohol rubbings included; professional attendance; lady operators. 74

MME. RIENER, ladies' physician and midwife; regular graduate of two colleges; female diseases a specialty; ladies received in the house during confinement; charges reasonable. 1504 Clark av. 74

MRS. A. BURGER, M. D., receives ladies during confinement; first-class accommodations at reasonable terms. Ladies in trouble call at 2300 S. 12th st. Take yellow cars at Union Depot going south. 74

1,000 BUSINESS CARDS, $1, H. B. Crole & Co., printers, 813 Locust st. Send for estimates.



MRS. C. WILCUS
N. O. MAGIC LUCKY BELT.

The New Orleans Magic Lucky Belt and Pocket Talisman will benefit those in trouble of any kind, business, family or law troubles; contested wills, divorces, speculations, lovers' quarrels or separation of any kind. Mrs. C. Wilcus, the New Orleans Business Adviser and Spiritual Healer, cures all diseases by faith cure. She also tells past, present and future, and gives advice when in trouble of any kind in German or English and also by letter for those living outside of the city. Those believing themselves conjured or bewitched, or any evil influence surrounding them done by your enemies, false friend, or relatives, should give her a call for her advice will benefit you; uses no cards. Charges $1 and upwards. Belts and talismans sold on easy monthly payments. Those claiming to be her agents or relatives are frauds. Orders received at the office only; Send 2-cent stamp for book containing price and testimonials of belt. Letters with stamps promptly answered. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. Office in Dr. R. Janes' Building, No. 1400 Olive st.; entrance on Olive, St. Louis, Mo. Mention this paper. 74

WANTED—AGENTS.

A CHANCE in a life time for active ladies and gentlemen to secure a very pleasant and profitable business. Address with 2-cent stamp, Consolidated Shoe Co., Salem, Mass. 73

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

WANTED—A 2d-hand safety bicycle, one in good condition. Address, giving particulars, Box 49, Ironton, Mo. 26

BOARD AND LODGING WANTED.

WANTED—When you come down to advertise to-morrow, see us; we can send you boarders and roomers. Ellsworth, 904 Olive st., Room 29. 20

WANTED—By young lady, room and board, where use of fine piano and instructions will be taken as part payment for board. Address, at once, L 84, this office 20

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

WANTED—2 rooms, neatly fur., by family of 3; state price and location. Add. D 84, this office.

WANTED—A small 4 or 5 room detached house, between Grand av., Jefferson av., Chouteau av. and Arsenal st.; state particulars. Address M 83, this office. 21

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—To buy a 5 or 6-room dwelling-house; must be near a street railroad; will pay $200 cash and $25 per month; state price and location. Address D 83, this office. 22

FURNISHED HOUSES WANTED.

WANTED—For the summer, a furnished house of ten rooms within twenty miles of St. Louis. Address J. A. Dillon, this office.

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Bakery; cause sickness. Address W 83, this office. 4

FOR SALE—Cheap if sold this week, confectionary and ice cream parlor; established cigar trade. 520 S. 7th st. 4

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WANTED—$5,000 additional capital in a well established nursery business South. For particulars address H 84, this office. 2

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A red morocco order book. Finder will please return to Geo. Adams, 704 N. 4th st. 30

LOST—Thursday evening, pair of gold eyeglasses on 6th and Morgan sts. Return to 708 N. 8th st., and receive reward. 30

LOST—Lady's gold watch and chain, with name engraved—Lena Muller. A liberal reward will be given to the person who returns same to Henry Muller, 2520 Bismarck st. 30

LOST—A ladies' gold watch and chain, with name engraved on case, "Lena Mueller." A liberal reward will be paid to the person who returns same to Hy. Mueller, 2520 Bismark st. 30

STRAYED—Black pony, mare, 12½ hands high, star on forehead and shod all round. Liberal reward if returned to Matt Ryan, 3501 Shenandoah. 30

WANTED—PARTNERS.

WANTED—Partner in good-paying photo gallery. Add. B 84, this office. 23

WANTED—Partner in an established manufacturing business; capital required, $8,000 to $10,000. Add. P 82, this office. 23

WANTED—Partner with $1,000 cash in established paying business; experience not necessary. Address C 84, this office. 23

THEATRICAL.

GENTLEMAN of dramatic ability desiring to join a really first-class dramatic club, will please call at the club room of the Murdock Club, No. 509 Fagin building, Friday and Saturday, May 1 and 2, from 4 to 6 p. m.; ladies having exceptionally fine dramatic ability will honor us by calling during same hours. 75

MUSICAL.

APRIL 15TH I will move to my new store, southwest cor. 10th and Olive sts. Reduced prices on all pianos at old stand till removal. J. A. Kieselhorst, 1111 Olive st. 27

FOR SALE—A good Steinway & Sons square piano, very cheap. 1108 Chouteau av. 27

MONEY WANTED

WANTED—To-morrow, $300 for 1 year at 10 per cent; good security given. Address T 83, this office. 25

INFORMATION WANTED.

A FRIEND would like to know the address of Miss Hallie P., formerly of Louisville, Ky. Address M 84, this office.

One Hundred and Thirty Carriers
And Ninety-four Helpers—total 224 men—are required to deliver the POST-DISPATCH to its patrons in St Louis every evening.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

10 TARGEE ST.—Between 14th and 15th on Market, nicely furnished rooms. 13

120 N. 16TH ST.—Two unfurnished rooms for rent, suitable for washer woman. 13

208 S. LEFFINGWELL AV.—Nicely furnished front room, second-story, with bath; $10 per month. 13

416 N. LEFFINGWELL AV.—Very desirable suite of cool rooms; every convenience; will rent separate. 13

622½ OLIVE ST.—Three good rooms for permanent gentlemen; gas and water. 13

1013 WASHINGTON AV.—Nice furnished rooms at $6 and $10 per month; will rent by week. 13

1123 N. COMPTON AV.—Comfortable furnished rooms with all conveniences for light housekeeping; hall, gas and bath; rent cheap to good tenant. 13

1403 PINE ST.—Neatly furnished rooms. 13

1503 PINE ST.—Nicely furnished front room for one or two gents. 13

1605 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely furnished rooms, including second-story front. 13

1720 OLIVE ST.—Neat 2d-story front room and back parlor; furnished; well ventilated; new building. 13

1806 OLIVE ST.—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping; also, hall bedroom. 13

2008 OLIVE ST.—Elegant furnished 2d-story front room, with gas and bath. 13

2122 OLIVE ST.—Handsomely fur. front and back room; private family; reference required.

2124 OLIVE ST.—Large, handsomely furnished front rooms in private family; reference required. 13

2126 OLIVE ST.—One front room and one single handsomely furnished, in private family.

2647 LAFAYETTE AV.—Two furnished or unfurnished rooms. 13

2700 MORGAN ST.—Large, well furnished room; $8 per mo. 13

2710 LOCUST ST.—Nicely furnished rooms, including 2d-story front; ref. 13

2807 MORGAN ST.—One or two 2d-story front rooms; southern exposure; furnished or unfurnished; by Wednesday. 13

2921 PINE ST.—Elegant rooms; newly furnished. 13

3125 THOMAS ST.—4 nice rooms, with water; $16 per month. 13

3534 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished rooms; gas, bath, hot and cold water. 13

3725 EVANS AV.—Suite of 4 unfurnished rooms, detached house; southern exposure; $18.

4266 PAGE AV.—4 beautifully furnished rooms on second floor, also double parlors for light housekeeping. 13

FOR RENT—2 furnished rooms, 1 suitable for 2 parties, and the other for 1. Inquire at 2610 Franklin av. 13

FOR RENT for the summer—4 or 6 rooms, 2d and 3d floors, furnished; kitchen, dining-room, parlor, bed-room, bath, pantry, etc., on 2d floor; two bedrooms, bath on 3d floor; 14th and Washington av. Add. P 83, this office. 13

HOTEL BARNUM—6th st. and Washington av.—Nice rooms at low rates by the month. 13

WANTED—Young lady room-mate; with board; $2.50 per week. Address A 84, this office. 13

BOARDING.

823 FRANKLIN AV.—Very pleasant furnished front room, with board for two gents or man and wife, at very reasonable price. 18

1009 GARRISON AV.—A large and pleasant second-story front room, nicely furnished, with good board; also, a handsome third-story room. Terms reasonable. 18

1813 WASH ST.—Pleasant back room, suitable for gents or couple, with board; also other rooms. 18

2000 MORGAN ST.—Fine furnished room with board; with bath-room. 18

2712 WALNUT ST.—Nicely fur. 2d-story rooms, with or without board; party owning their home. 18

2946 EASTON AV.—Nicely fur. rooms; first-class board for gentlemen; terms reasonable. 18

3030 LUCAS AV.—Nicely furnished suite of rooms; also 2d-story back; southern exp., with first-class board and attention. 18

3418 WASHINGTON AV.—Elegantly furnished rooms, with or without first-class board; refs. ex. 18

FOR RENT—FLATS.

622½ OLIVE ST.—Two-room flat, furnished, 4th floor; cheap for couple of moderate means.

2513 GLASGOW AV.—4-room flat, 1st floor, water, gas and bath; $18. 83

BELL AV., 3915-17-19A—New 6-room attractive flats, bath, hot and cold water; elegant location.
CHAS. C. NICHOLLS,
83 713 Chestnut st.

FOR RENT—3627A Laclede av., that desirable 6-room flat (new); hall, gas, bath and all modern conveniences. Apply to L. V. CARTAN & CO.,
83 811 Chestnut st.

SUBURBAN PROPERTY FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A nice 6-room suburban cottage, large yard, stable and detached garden; convenient to two lines of cars. Apply 620 N. 3d st. 16

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

2308 EUGENIA ST.—9-room house for rent; very desirable. Inquire at 2312 Eugenia st. 14

2813 SHERIDAN AV.—6 rooms, hall, gas, bath, etc., $22. D. J. HAYDEN & CO.,
14 807 Pine st.

BELL AV., 3408—Modern 8-room house; bath, furnace; all conveniences.
CHAS. C. NICHOLLS,
14 713 Chestnut st.

FOR RENT—Eight-room, stone front residence; 1837 Chouteau av.; inquire at 1835. 14

FOR RENT.

Splendid 9-room house on Bell and Sarah sts., nicely decorated and with every convenience; hot and cold water, electric bells, speaking tubes, good furnace, back and front yards green and nice.
STEWART-JONES REAL ESTATE CO.,
14 813 Chestnut st.

TO LET—FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

501 N. 7TH ST.—Corner St. Charles, under Hotel Brunswick; been restaurant 12 years.
17 CHAS. H. BAILEY, 304 N. 7th st.

FOR RENT—4 rooms for business or sleeping, No. 9 N. 8th st. PHIL CHEW & CO.,
17 9 N. 8th st.

FOR RENT—A lot 50x125 ft., with stable for 14 horses; a large shed and office on front of lot; suitable for coal yard. At 22d and Scott av. 17

FURNISHED HOUSES FOR RENT.

1628 PINE ST.—Furnished house of 8 rooms for $35, water included. 15

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—An Automatic sewing-machine. 2328½ Walnut st. 5

FOR SALE—Nice office railing; cheap. Chas. Kuhn, 521 Pine st. 5

FOR SALE—One desk and four office-chairs. R. 520, 404 Market st. 5

FOR SALE—3 fancy counters at one-fourth price. 929 N. 16th st., C. Krafft. 5

FOR a fine parlor, dining-room, bed-room or kitchen clock go to Dunn's Loan Office. 5

AT private sale the contents of 6-room house recently furnished in the West End. K 83, this office. 5

SEWING MACHINES from $7 to $15, all in perfect order, at Dunn's Loan Office, 912 Franklin av. 5

SEE THE NEW PULLEY!

Wood rim, iron hub and arms; every one a "split pulley." N. O. Nelson Mfg. Co., 8th and St. Charles st. 5

FURNITURE AT AUCTION.

Tremendous sale of the entire outfit of the Bristol Hotel, to be sold Saturday, May 2, at 10 o'clock, at Selkirk's, 204 and 206 N. Sixth st.
This is beyond question the largest lot of furniture ever sold in one sale in this city. Everything in the house-furnishing line represented. Don't fail to attend. 5

THE best makes of Ice Chests, Refrigerators, Vapor Stoves, Cast and Steel Ranges, at lowest cash prices.
CONDON BROS.,
11th and Market sts.

SECOND-HAND ENGINE,

12x20, best make, good as new; can be seen this week in use; cheap if sold before removal. N. O. Nelson Mfg. Co. 5

CITY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—310x167, southwest corner Finney av. and King's highway; $35.
50x109 on Pine st., with improvements; bargain.
8 PHIL CHEW & CO., No. 9 N. 8th st.

FOR SALE.

Bell and Leonard avs., a choice corner; the best piece of property in St. Louis for builders or speculators; the finest renting property in Rock Church parish; splendid lot for flats; will sell in lots to suit.
C. R. H. DAVIS & CO.,
8 820 Chestnut st.

18 1-2 ACRES
JUST WEST OF FOREST PARK!

This is one of the most desirable acre tracts now offered, all high grade above the street, and can be purchased at a low figure if secured before the 1st of May.

FRANK OBEAR,
8 Rooms 47-49, Turner Building.

100x360 FEET

On north side Magnolia av., opposite the eastern Magnolia av. entrance to Tower Grove Park. This is a snap; terms no object; price $50.
McLARAN R. E. & I. CO.,
722 Pine St.

FOR LEASE.

FOR LEASE—A vacant piece of ground in rear of No. 9 N. 8th st.; suitable for stable or carpenter shop. PHIL CHEW & CO., 9 N. 8th st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON PERSONAL PROP'TY

A GENTLEMAN wishing to invest some surplus funds will loan $25 and upwards on household furniture and other security; parties wishing advances will be treated fairly, and can secure loans on satisfactory terms. Call at 1017 Morgan st. 31

BROLASKI & VOORHIS, 111 N. 8th st., make liberal loans and terms on good securities, on furniture, pianos, warehouse receipts, building association books, insurance policies, horses and vehicles, real estate, etc.; see us for low rates. 111 N. 8th st.

MONEY loaned on clothing, diamonds, watches, chains, guns, revolvers, trunks, musical instruments, etc., at Dunn's Loan Office, 912 Franklin av.

LOANS on furniture in residence, city real estate and all good securities; fair and reasonable terms. Porter & Williams, room 2, 904 Olive st. 31

MONEY loaned on furniture without removal, any amount; lowest rate. John C. King, 814 Morgan.

SMALL loans on real estate, building association stock and personal property of all kinds negotiated at low rates and favorable terms, at 1011 Chestnut st. 31

MONEY CAN BE BORROWED

On personal or real estate security, in sums to suit; money will be loaned on any kind of security, good for amounts wanted. Hanford Loan Co., room 5, Pope building, 9th and Olive sts. 31

MUTUAL LOAN CO., 216 N. 8TH ST., Near Olive.

Money loaned at reduced rates on furniture and other personal property. No removal necessary. Business confidential. No commission or charge for papers. Borrowers will receive the best terms and be treated right. Loans can be paid off part at a time and save interest. Do not fail to see us before making a loan.

FURNITURE LOANS.

$25 and upwards to loan on furniture at residence without removal; lowest rates; business strictly confidential. C. F. Betts, 1003 Pine st. 31

St. Louis Mortgage Co., 720 1-2 Pine St.,

Loan money on furniture; you can keep possession of your property and pay off the loan in installments at your convenience; no commission charged; all business confidential; we guarantee the lowest terms on these loans, and parties wishing temporary accommodation will find it to their advantage to apply to us. If you have a loan elsewhere and wish it carried at a reasonable rate give us a call. 31

Missouri Mortgage Loan Co.
WE ARE THE PEOPLE'S BANK.

We loan you money on your household goods, pianos, organs, horses, mules, carriages, wagons or any other good security at lower rates than any other chattel mortgage company in the city. If you owe some one who is charging you too high a rate come to us and we will help you lower it, as we can and will loan money at lower rates than anybody. We are the people.

619 Pine St., 2d Floor.

DO YOU WANT MONEY

Advanced on Furniture, Pianos, Horses and Wagons?

If so, call at once and get our rates, which are positively the lowest on any sum from $1 to $10,000. Loans made without publicity or removal of property and carried as long as desired. Part payments taken and costs reduced in proportion. If you have bought furniture or a piano on time and can't meet payments, we will pay it for you. No charges taken out in advance; borrower gets full amount of loan

LARGE LOANS AT SPECIAL LOW RATES.
EAGLE LOAN CO., 714 PINE ST.
O. O. VOELKER, Mgr., 2d Floor.

IF YOU WANT MONEY

Loaned on Furniture, Pianos, Horses, Wagons, Etc., without Removal or Publicity,

Then call and get our rates, which are the very lowest on any sum from $10 to $10,000. We will carry your loan as long as desired. Part payments taken and costs reduced in proportion. If you bought furniture or piano on time and can't meet payments we will pay it for you; no charges taken out in advance; borrowers get full amount of loan.

LARGE LOANS AT SPECIAL RATES.
GERMAN-AMERICAN LOAN CO.,
515 Pine st., 2d Floor.
F. W. PETERS, Manager.

STORAGE.

STORAGE—Regular storage house for Furniture, Pianos, Vehicles, Trunks, Boxes, etc.; safe, reliable, clean rooms; get our rates; careful moving, packing, shipping, etc.; estimates free; money loaned. ☞ Consign goods to our care. Telephone 1,422. R. U. Leonori, Jr., & Co., 1104-1106 Olive.

Having Purchased the Large 5-story Building,
1723 and 1725 Morgan St.,
and fitted up the same throughout with moth-proof lined and cedar rooms, we take pleasure in announcing to our patrons and the public our unsurpassed facilities for

STORING FINE FURNITURE

and household goods. Large padded vans and ordinary furniture cars for hire by load or contract.
Fidelity Storage, Packing & Moving Co.,
1723 and 1725 Morgan St.
Branch office—1003 Pine st. Telephone Nos.—2890 and 4101.

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

For Sale.

FOR SALE—Standard fillies and brood mares. Wm. N. Tivy, 620 N. 3d st. 12

FOR SALE—A first-class buggy and harness at 3112 Brantner place; but little used. 12

FOR SALE—A pair of matched horses, carriage team, afraid of nothing; also an elegant single driver. W. B. McFarlane, Union Stock Yards. 12

FOR SALE—At auction—No limit, light livery; nine buggies, seven sets single harness, three phaetons, two road wagons, eleven horses, five ponies, Monday, May 4, 10 a. m. Wm. Pohlman, 1101 to 1105 N. Broadway. 12

PARTIES wishing to exchange or purchase a vehicle or harness of any kind will save time and money by giving us a call. 1110 N. Broadway. 12

ALL SORTS.

GAS burners put on gasoline stoves to burn gas; stoves exchanged. C. Shaw, 1417 Franklin av. 32

REMOVED.
Dr. D. L. Jocelyn

And Colton Dental Association, who introduced gas in St. Louis for extraction of teeth, have moved to 919 Olive st.; gas free. 32

YOUR advertisement in the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH will be read by everybody

IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE

FOR SALE—New 8-room house, west of Grand av.; hard-wood finish; lot 30x120; price, $6,000.
JAS. M. CARPENTER & CO.,
7 108 N. 8th st.

FOR SALE.

A very nice house in the West End, 1473 Stewart place; house has 8 rooms, electric bells, speaking tubes, electric lights, is heated by hot water; has all modern improvements; lot 100x125 feet, with splendid shade of maple trees, nice green front and back yards; stable for 2 horses, 2 carriages, granitoid floor, coachman's room and every convenience; will be sold on terms to suit the buyer.
STEWART-JONES REAL ESTATE CO.,
7 813 Chestnut st.

4230A EVANS AV.

Terms easy and price way down. Six room stock brick with reception hall, bath, hot and cold water, electric bells and tubes, porch across front of house, closets, stable and sheds, lot 27x153; 1 block from cable, 3 blocks from electric line. We will take you to see this bargain any time you desire. If you cannot call send postal card.
GEO. N. TRUESDALE & CO.,
7 1107 Chestnut st.

4433 Berlin Av., Olive St. Cars 1 Block.

$3,600, new 7-room frame house, $200 cash, balance any reasonable terms.

5505 and 5509 Easton Av.

2 new 7-room detached brick residences, bath, sanitary plumbing, slate roofs, cemented basements; price $4,000 each; terms, $200 cash, balance easy payments.

$1,800, New 5-Room Frame,

In same block as above described bricks, fronting Florence av., city water, all conveniences; $200 cash, balance any reasonable terms. Houses open every day. A. C. HART, 606 Chestnut st.

FOR SALE ON PACE AV.

New house, 8 rooms, bath, etc.; finished laundry.
CHAS. H. PECK, JR.,
Telephone 768. 1002 Chestnut st.

FOR SALE—NEW RESIDENCES.

Elegant new detached houses; 7 rooms and reception hall; neighborhood restricted for residences only; Harper st., between Grand and Thompson avs., Citizens' Cable or Mound City Electric roads.
C. H. PECK, JR.,
Telephone 768. 1002 Chestnut st.

WESTERN UNION BUILDING & LOAN ASSOCIATIONS

Allow 6 per cent for money paid in advance on shares or loaned direct. MILO T. BOGARD,
110 N. 9th st. Secretary.

$1,600, Near Easton Av.

150 feet north of Easton, on Florence av., new 4-room frame house, city water, sewers, sidewalk, all conveniences; $200 cash, balance any reasonable terms. House open every day. A. C. HART,
7 606 Chestnut st.

FOR SALE—1025 LEONARD AV.

Stone-front house, 6 rooms, bath, etc.; lot 25x122.6. CHAS. H. PECK, JR.,
7 1002 Chestnut st.

$50 CASH WILL BUY

And $17.50 per month, well built 4-room house in beautiful suburbs; porch, trees, cistern, high elevation, lot 50x150, quick transit to the city; use rent money to buy above.

Chas. C. Nicholls,
Phone 885. 713 Chestnut st.

6% REAL ESTATE BUILDING & LOAN ASS'N NO. 2.

Capital, $2,400,000.

Pays 6 per cent semi-annual interest on all sums from $50 and upwards, on notes and paid up certificates secured by first deeds of trust amounting to $100,000. Any sum or all of your money can be drawn upon 30 days' notice with interest to date. So bring your idle money at once. We want $50,000 at 6 per cent. For further information call on or write to
WM. ZINK, Secy., 714 Pine st.

BUY A HOME
With Rent Money.

One of those nice 2-story 6-room bricks, with bath room, sewer, water and granitoid walks made, on Market st. electric line, near Shaw's Garden. Look at them. Open daily until sold; our Mr. Alexander will show property to those desiring to invest. Look at No. 4218 Blaine av.

McLARAN R. E. & I. CO.,
722 Pine.

BARGAIN--Delmar Av.

Corner lot, 150x150, splendidly located near rapid transit cars; streets, sidewalks, etc. Owner will sell cheap if sold in next few days. Bargain in this for some builder or Speculator.

Belle av., 50 feet west of Pendleton, 36.9x147.6; bargain.

Page and Newstead avs., northwest corner, 50x153.

Easton and Cozzens avs.—West of Grand av., 188 feet on Easton av., 158 feet on Cozzens av.—two fronts.

$70 per foot will buy near Lafayette Park splendid 50x206. Adjoins an elegant residence.

Von Versen av., 50x185, Hamilton pl; cheap.

Laclede av., 50x200, West Royle av.

RESIDENCES.

Euclid av., north of Easton av., splendid 12-room house, stable; lot 125x411; want to sell quick.

Morgan st., near Pendleton av., 6-room brick, stable, furnace; hot and cold water; lot 30x150; lawn, etc.

West Cabanne pl.—A gem; new modern 12-room house; reception hall, bath, hot and cold water; all conveniences; lot 100x217; owner leaving city; wants to sell.

4268 W. Belle pl., well built 10-room house; hot and cold water; two baths; finished laundry; lot 77x135.

BENTON STATION.

Splendid 9-room house; bath, finished laundry, trees; lot 100x165. Non-resident owner offers bargain.

CHAS. C. NICHOLLS,
Phone 885. 713 CHESTNUT ST.

☞ SEE ☜
ADVERTISEMENT
—IN—
Sunday Papers
—OF—
TYLER PLACE
AUCTION SALE,
MAY 11, :-: 10 a. m.

SUBURBAN PROPERTY FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—6-room cottage in the prettiest part of Webster; 17 shade trees; large lot; $2,000; easy terms. J. H. Maldoon, 319 N. 3d st. 9

TUXEDO STATION.

A nice 4-room cottage on monthly payments.
GEO. N. TRUESDALE & CO.,
9 1107 Chestnut st.

FOR SALE.

Houses and Lots at Old Orchard, Selma, Shadyside and Webster Groves.
Greenwood & Co.,
421 Olive St.

COMES FROM INDIA.

Rev. Nevagan Shesbodir of Bombay to Be Dr. Niccolls' Guest.

REV. FRANK IRWIN ACCEPTS A CALL TO A COTE BRILLIANTE CHURCH.

Rev. G. W. Moore's Remarkable Work in Carondelet—Installation of Officers by the Young Men's Sodality—Rev. Barrow's Strange Resignation—Dr. Carradines' Revival — General Religious News.

Rev. Dr. Samuel J. Niccolls is expecting the arrival of a very interesting visitor either this evening or to-morrow in Rev. Nevagan Shesbodir of the Bombay (India) Presbytery. Rev. Shesbodir is a full-blooded Brahmin and is one of the leading intellectual lights of British India. He is accompanied by his son, Paul Yeshamtrea Shesbodir, and they are on the way across the country to New York from San Francisco, from the former of which places they will sail for Edinburgh, Scotland, where they go to be in attenance upon the session of the General Assembly of Scotland. This is the third visit to this country by the Rev. Shesbodir, his first appearance being at World's Evangelical Conference in New York nine years ago, where he astounded those present by delivering one of the most brilliant addresses made upon the floor. His favorable opinions formed of the coutry while on this vist caused him to come again, and this time he made stops at different places, preaching from the pulpits of acquaintances he had formed at the Evangelical conferences. Everywhere he was greeted by refined and appreciative audiences.

Rev. Shesbodir is described as having an imposing appearance. He is not tall, but gives the impression of having great strength. His English is said to be perfect, and his expression polished. In India he has control, direction and charge of the instruction of a colony or "family" of 2,000 people, he having a fine farm of 300 acres of fine land in the center of the colony. His control over these people is absolute—social, spiritual and judicial, and it is said that he rules with much wisdom. He is venerated and respected by his people, all of whom know him as "father." His name is a synonym of goodness the country over. He is one of the trusted officers of the British Government, while nominally ruling according to old-time Indian custom.

He arrived in San Francisco April 15 from Hyderabad, and was welcomed by people who still remembered him.

Dr. Niccolls hopes that he can induce him to remain over Sunday, and if this is accomplished, he will preach the evening sermon in the Second Presbyterian Church.

Dr. Stimson's Address.

The closing address in the course given during the winter under the auspices of the Pilgrim Church Young Men's Club was delivered last evening by Rev. H. A. Stimson on "Elements of Success." The speaker gave many illustrations of the influence of character upon success in business, drawn from his own experience in a New York wholesale house, previous to his entering the ministry, and from observation since that time, which he declared had convinced him that most men who fail do so because of extravagance or some defect in moral character. The address was given the closest attention and hearty applause, and at the close numerous questions, suggested by the speaker's remarks, were asked by the young men present.

The club has adjourned until fall, when it purposes to take up the plan of work which has proven so satisfactory during its first season.

First Christian Church's New Pastor.

Rev. Dr. J. F. Parsons, who recently received and accepted a call to the First Christian Church, will preach his first sermon Sunday. Dr. Parsons is an Indiana man, and for some time has been acting in capacity of an evangelist, but has had pastorates in several of the leading churches of his denomination in the country. He is 46 years old, married, and has two bright children. It was during a visit paid to this city recently that the congregation of the First Church became acquainted with Dr. Parsons, the meeting resulting in a friendship which terminated in a call to the pastorate. The church over which he will preside is the largest congregation of the Christian denomination in the city.

Sodality Installation.

The Young Men's Sodality (College Church) will install the following officers with extensive ceremonies Sunday: Prefect, C. J. Kehoe; First Assistant, W. J. McGrade; Second Assistant, W. P. Lightholder; Secretary, E. I. McCann; Assistant Secretary, L. R. Slevin; Treasurer, M. J. Waldron; Assistant Treasurer, T. M. Heaney; Librarian, S. E. Grote. Consultors—Geo. T. Dickson, W. J. Kinsella, John S. Griffin, T. A. Logue, W. J. Corcoran, J. C. Dorst, A. J. Butler, A. B. Murphy, David Hennessy, T. F. Colfer, Peter A. Casey, Hugh Donnelly. Marshals—F. J. McDonough, Jas. J. Miller. Standard Bearers—Michael McHugh, F. P. Collins. Regulators—Jos. Woodruff, J. A. McPeake. Sacristans—John B. Heany, Chas. P. Carroll, Jr. Medal Bearers—B. P. Pickel, R. A. Crabb.

Rev. Barrows' Resignation.

Considerable gossip has been created in Christian denominational circles by the sudden and unexplained resignation of Rev. G. H. Barrows, in charge of the Christian Mission in East St. Louis, who left immediately after the acceptance of his resignation for Indiana. Just what caused this sudden action has not developed, as Rev. Barrows took charge of this field for the express purpose of building up a congregation, and at the same time a church house, it being the design to secure a foothold in East St. Louis. The only explanation he gave his friends in this city was that he could not "agree with the congregation." In what connection this meant he did not explain before taking his departure. The work on the new building continues.

Revival at Centenary.

Rev. Dr. B. Carradine is conducting a very successful revival at Centenary Church, Sixteenth and Pine streets, several conversions having taken place already. Rev. Uptegraff, a revivalist from Ohio, is expected to arrive within the next few days to take charge of the meeting.

Last evening the church was crowded, a large number of penitents being at the altar, while several additions to the church were noted. These special services will continue as long as such great interest is manifested.

Pastor for Cote Brilliante.

Sunday Rev. Frank J. Irwin, recently licensed by the Presbytery to preach, will take charge of Cote Brilliante Presbyterian Church for the summer. Rev. Irwin is a young man who only recently graduated from McCormick Theological Seminary of Chicago, but has already shown by his lectures and sermons to be possessed of more than ordinary ability. He takes hold of his first charge with a determination to be successful, and his many friends expect success.

Quick Organization.

Rev. G. W. Moore, pastor of the Carondelet M. E. Church, South, went to Beckville last week to hold revival services, and if possible stir up the Methodists of that suburb. He makes the following peculiar report of his success: Monday evening he had an audience of twenty; Tuesday there was forty-three present; Thursday more than 200 came out to hear him; Friday there were fourteen additions to the church; Sunday seventeen more became members of the church, a Sunday-school was organized with 102 scholars. Preparations are being made to purchase a lot, and it is hoped to build a church during the summer. This was certainly quick work.

The Archiepiscopal Home.

Work on the Archbishop's home on Grand avenue, is progressing nicely, the foundation being almost complete. The contractor is under bond to complete the work by Oct. 1. When completed this building will be the only one in St. Louis of that peculiar style—which is of a design used especially for Catholic dignitaries. The building will be occupied before the celebration of the golden jubilee of the Archbishop.

Religious Notes.

Rev. W. H. Williams of the *Central Baptist* will lecture to the students of the college at La Grange Sunday morning, dedicating a Baptist Church at the same place in the evening.

Dr. Rhodes of St. Mark's Lutheran Church will preach on "The Ever Present Christ." In the evening his subject will be "Unfounded Fears."

Rev. F. T. Shores has gone to Southeast Missouri to hold revival meetings, filling engagements at several of the towns before his return.

Rev. Dr. Messick of Cook Avenue M. E. Church South raised the full amount he pledged toward the building of Marvin Chapel, $2,500, at one collection. In fact he received some $200 more than he called for.

Rev. Dr. T. M. Finney, presiding elder of the Methodist Episcopal Church South, left yesterday to attend the meeting of the Board of Missions at Wilmington, N. C. Rev. Dr. M. B. Chapman will fill his appointments.

Dr. J. H. Garrison of the *Christian Evangelist* will dedicate a new church at Hannibal, Mo., next Sunday.

Rev. Father Kern of St. Leo's will sail for Europe on the steamer Umbria to-morrow.

Rev. Father Shields, it is expected, will arrive home from his European trip next week. It is thought that he will be made assistant to Father Sheahan at St. Kevin's.

Mt. Carmel Catholic Church will hold a May festival on the 18th. It is thought that this event will clear the parish of debt.

At Shaare Emeth Temple, corner of Seventeenth and Pine streets, there will be regular services on Sunday morning, May 3, at 11 o'clock. The subject of the lecture to be delivered by Dr. Sale is, "The Messianic Ideal."

L. Junker, McKeesport, Pa.; C. B. Miller, Marshalltown, Io.; Ed Angell, Little Rock, and D. J. Halcomb, Sedalia, Mo., are at Hursts.

Mr. Thatcher G. Conont, late secretary of the Redmond-Cleary Commission Co., was buried yesterday from the First Congregational Church, of which he had been an active member for nearly thirty years and an office-holder more than half of that time. The choir of the church sang favorite hymns of the deceased, and Rev. Dr. Palmer, the acting pastor, spoke in warmest terms of Mr. Conont's excellent character and eminently faithful Christian work in the church.

FREE spread at great auction sale at Hazelwood. See our ad., page 6. Don't fail to come.

ST. LOUIS AND CUBA.

Importance of the Spanish Treaty to St. Louis Flour Millers.

The flour millers of St. Louis are watching with great interest the negotiations in progress with the Kingdom of Spain in reference to the trade with Cuba and the other West India islands under Spanish rule. The rough draft of the treaty provides for the admission into the Spanish West Indies of American flour free of duty, or in other words, the removal of the practically prohibitory import tax now imposed on American flour. For many years Cuba was one of the best foreign markets for the product of the St. Louis flour mills. This city held a practical monopoly of this trade, as the brands of flour manufactured here are more suitable for the purposes of the Cubans than those ground in any other city. Minneapolis made a strong bid in the markets of the West Indies, but was obliged to give up the contest, as the St. Louis flour was universally preferred, and for a long time this city held undisputed possession of the trade with West Indies. The enactment of laws imposing taxes amounting to more than $5 a barrel on flour imported from foreign countries, of course closed this market, and the sales, which had increased to nearly eight hundred thousand barrels a year, almost entirely ceased. Last autumn a treaty was proposed by which, in return for certain concessions made to the Spanish colonies, the West Indian markets were to be opened to American flour. This provision of the treaty has caused the jealousy of the rivals of St. Louis, and influences have been brought to bear to obtain its omission from the treaty. The flour millers of this city are not inclined to allow this important avenue of trade to remain closed any longer than is necessary, and have taken steps to place the matter in its true light before the authorities at Washington. It is estimated that with free entry into Cuba and the other West India islands the flour trade of this city will be increased at least 1,200,000 barrels annually. So popular is the output of the St. Louis mills that in spite of the heavy duty levied at the port of entry the shipments to Cuba are still quite considerable, St. Louis sending to the islands the only flour received from non-Spanish countries. With an open market the trade will be far larger than it ever was before. This city is deeply interested in the Spanish treaty, and the farmers who raise wheat in the tributary country almost as much so. As soon as arrangements can be made a full statement of the advantages to be gained will be sent to Washington and strong Congressional influence brought to bear to secure the adoption of the treaty. In this connection the flour millers of St. Louis will co-operate with the New Orleans Board of Trade in securing a proper proportion of the mail subsidy for steamship lines plying between New Orleans and Central and South American ports. At present St. Louis flour millers are at a great, almost a hopeless, disadvantage in the South American markets, as the steamers leave only from Atlantic ports, and flour sent by the lake route can be much more cheaply handled than that sent by rail. With steamers from New Orleans to Southern ports St. Louis flour, will from the shorter route, enjoy an advantage almost equal to its present disadvantages. A plan that is proposed, and which meets with much favor, is to have the mail lines so arranged as to include a large number of the smaller ports. Expedition in delivery of mails is considered as of less importance than to reach points hitherto untouched and the trade of which, while not large in single instances, can be made very important in the aggregate. Scores of ports between New Orleans and Rio Janeiro have no direct communication either with the United States or with Europe, and it is these points that it is considered highly desirable to reach.

CRUSHED ROSES for the teeth, a luxurious preparation for 25c a bottle.

Indications.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 1.—The storm central over Lake Superior has moved east to the St. Lawrence Valley. The clearing condition has moved from the Pacific to North Montana and stretched in a ridge southeast to Florida.

Rain has fallen in the Ohio Valley. The temperature has risen east of line from St. Lawrence Valley to Texas except a slight fall in Florida and has generally fallen elsewhere.

For Arkansas clearing, slightly cooler, winds becoming northwesterly.

For Illinois fair, cooler with frost to-night, northwesterly winds.

For Missouri and Kansas clearing, cooler, with a light frost, variable winds.

Cautionary signals are displayed on Lake Huron and Lake Erie.

The rivers will fall.

MAY FIGHT SLAVIN.

What Sullivan Said to the Australian in Their Talk.

WHEN HIS PRESENT ENGAGEMENT EXPIRES JOHN WILL CONSIDER SLAVIN.

Mimi Wins the One Thousand Guineas—St. Louis Takes the Closing Game From Louisville—California Horses Lower Two World's Records—Racing on Various Tracks—Sporting Notes.

Information received from New York states that the *Herald* of that city publishes this morning a special telegram from St. Louis stating that John L. Sullivan had said that he was prepared to enter into negotiations with Slavin for a fight. The champion was not receiving visitors when a call was made by a POST-DISPATCH representative at the Southern Hotel at noon to-day, John L. having been out late last night. Jack Barnit, his manager, was seen, however, and denied most emphatically the information contained in the telegram published in the New York *Herald*.

"You can say," remarked Mr. Barnit, "that it is a —— lie. That is the most emphatic way of denying the story, which can be proved utterly false. Mr. Sullivan has stated time after time that he is under a contract which absolutely prohibits him from fighting, and I cannot understand why they cannot let him alone."

"What do you think of Slavin being introduced in New York as the champion of the world?"

"Oh, you cannot stop people from having themselves introduced as champions if they are inclined to do it; though as Mr. Slavin has not whipped anybody in this country for the world's championship I do not see how he can claim the title. There have been statements published about Slavin challenging Sullivan when they met here, but I do not think that they emanated from Mr. Slavin, who seems to be a very nice sort of man. As a matter of fact Mr. Slavin did not go to Cincinnati or come to St. Louis for the purpose of interviewing Mr. Sullivan as has been claimed. He was at both places endeavoring to arrange for the tour he intends making and merely made a friendly call on Mr. Sullivan. Mr. Slavin said he called on Mr. Sullivan as the champion of the world, and said he recognized him as the greatest man living, and had always greatly admired him. He said he knew that Mr. Sullivan had retired from the ring and did not intend to challenge him, but would issue a challenge to those men who were in the business. Mr. Sullivan said that he could not possibly fight for at least eighteen months, and that the younger men could do the fighting in the meantime. At the expiration of his contracts if Slavin still had championship ambitions and had as good a reputation as a pugilist as at present, Mr. Sullivan said he would probably give him a chance."

FITZSIMMONS AND THE BLACK PEARL.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., May 1.—Fitzsimmons' agent signed a contract yesterday for a four-round contest between the New Zealander and the Black Pearl to-night at the Washington Rink. This is to be for blood, four-ounce gloves to be used.

THE TURF.

GRAVESEND RACE TRACK, May 1.—Yesterday morning was the finest of the season to move horses. No wind and no dust. The Hough horses were the first to show, and Burlington received his first "steadier." In his preparation he trotted a mile and cantered two, and breezed a quarter through the stretch. Then he was walked a few minutes, and went out to do a mile. He started off at a very fast clip, but was taken back, and the quarter was done in :26½. The pace was increased in the next quarter, and the half was run in :52¾. He then rated the last half and finished the mile in 1:45¼ well within himself, and was not extended any part of the distance. He was as fresh as paint when he pulled up. The others of the stable only worked at a stiff gallop. LaTosca ran with a great deal of vim, snatching for the bit and acting as if she could fly.

The "boys" about the track were comparing notes when Reporter appeared. No one would ever think he is a rogue, as no horse ever acted as cleverly as he does now. He cantered three miles, galloped the last half and then was turned about to do a mile. He was in hand the entire distance, and if he acts as well on the day of the Brooklyn Handicap will be with them the whole distance, as he did his mile in 1:45, flat. Now that mile was a knockout for the "boys." It is hard to tell which worked the easier, Burlington or Reporter, but it is as good work as ever was done at this time of the year.

Void is doing very well, and did a quarter in :25. He will be a hard horse to beat.

Blue Rock is very good, five-eighths in 1:05 very easy being his work.

Prince Royal worked right after him and surely is a grand horse in looks, action and disposition, and is as clever on the track as can be. He went a mile and a quarter, and it was done easily in 2:16. He is in the best possible condition, a little big, but with another move in 2:12, very near winning time but only stiff work for him, he will be ready.

Eon is getting 2-minute work with an occasional mile in 1:55.

Bolero worked nicely. He does not swing his head, as he did on Sunday, and is such a good feeling horse that a few days let-up in his work makes him feel as if he owned the track. He was to work a half in :56, but galloped it in :52. This is excellent work, and I think, as some of the other trainers here do, that he is the 3-year-old of the year. All the 2-year-olds are at work once more, having recovered from the "grip," as the stable boys call it.

M. F. Dwyer had his lot out later. The great Kingston went a mile in 1:49 and is right and improves every day.

Potomac did his mile in the same notch. One of the papers had it that he was lame and "leg-sore," whatever that may mean, but he is all right. A slight touch of cracked heels is all that ails him.

Baldwin's horses are here. Los Angeles was worked slowly. Clio is fast. Short races will be his hold with big weight up.

Wm. L. Scott and J. F. McDonald's horses from Cape Charles, Va., will be here next week.

At Sheepshead Bay the stables are fast filling up. Albert Cooper has the Hearst string ready to go to the races. Tournament looks fit now, having done several miles in about 1:47. Rhono looks well. Yosemite is much tucked up and is not as big as when he was racing last fall. King Thomas has a severe case of cracked heels, but looks fit to race to-morrow.

The 2-year-old by Forrester, dam Canvas, is the best in the Eastern division, and can run a half in better than :49. He is a chestnut and looks every inch a race horse.

The horses from California arrived this morning and are in the finest possible shape, having been worked all winter. Billy Donathan has charge and says that some of them are "hot rags." Vernon, by Cheviot, dam Nellie Collier, the dam of Yosemite, is a chestnut and looks very good and can run fast, his attendant said a half in 50 seconds. Osric by chestnut Abby W. will pass in any company. He has bone, and Donathan says speed and plenty of it. Now that is all that is required in one horse. Gonzales is another Cheviot that is good looking and should race. He has been highly tried. They all look well and feel good after such a severe journey, being ten days on the cars.

"Joe" Clark and Marcus Daly inspected the entire Hearst stable to-day. L. J. Rose's horses are in New Orleans, pinkeye having developed on the road.

A HIGH-PRICED COLT.

DUBUQUE, Io., May 1.—John E. Owens of Parkersburg purchased of L. D. Stout the chestnut colt Elion, 5 weeks old, by Nutwood, out of Alpha, 2:23½, paying $7,500. This is said to be the highest price ever paid for so young a colt.

THE ONE THOUSAND GUINEAS.

LONDON, May 1.—This was the fourth and last day of the New Market first spring meeting. The race of the day which attracted the most interest was for the 1,000 guineas stake, for 3-year-old fillies, one mile and eleven yards. It was won by Mr. Noel Fenwick's filly Mimi. Mr. Daniel Cooper's filly Melody (late Cantyle) was second, and Mr. Douglas Baird's filly Siphonia third. There were twelve starters.

The 1,000 guineas holds the same relative position on the British turf for 3-year-old fillies that the 2,000 guineas does for 3-year-old colts, and it is considered a good race in which to get a line on the candidates for the Epsom Oaks, the classic event of the English racing world for fillies of that age. The Oaks is run just after the Derby, the same as the 1,000 guineas follow the 2,000 guineas.

RUNNING AT GUTTENBURG.

NEW YORK, May 1.—The EVENING WORLD handicap was the feature of the Guttenburg races yesterday. Badge, the favorite, won handily by a length from Sparling, who beat Kenwood for the place. Father Daly gave the talent a surprise in the fourth race, which Charley Post, an 8 to 1 shot, won under a pull from Meriden, a 2 to 5 favorite. George Walbaum, the President of the Hudson County Racing Association, and the two managers of the Paris Mutual Machines at the Guttenburg Track prevented a raid by going to Judge Knapp's office in the morning and giving bond for their appearance. Bergen was sent down for a week for his riding of Jay Qu El, and it is averred that it was merely spite work on the part of Caldwell, who has been very hard on Bergen ever since their quarrel and has made things very disagreeable for the boy.

First race, six furlongs—Nubian 100, Lambley, first; Wyndham 112, Taral, second; Pokino 102, J. Barrett, third. Time, 1:17.

Second race, six and one-half furlongs—Perlid 103, Flynn, first; War Duke 103, Doane, second; Sir George 102, H. Anderson, third. Time, 1:23.

Third race, five furlongs—Joe 111, Hamilton, first; Jay Qu El 114, Martin, second; Defendant 120, Bergen, third. Time, 1:12½.

Fourth race, half mile—Charley Post 107, Lambley, first; Meriden 115, Hamilton, second; Salisbury 104, Stoval, third. Time, :48¼.

Fifth race, one mile—Badge 116, Flynn, first; Sparling 110, Taral, second; Kenwood 109, Hamilton, third. Time, 1:42½.

Sixth race, seven furlongs—Whitenose 106, Lambley, first; Forest King 112½, Taral, second; Chapman 110, Hamilton, third. Time, 1:29½.

WASHINGTON RACES.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 1.—The races at the Bennings track yesterday resulted as follows:

First race, three-fourths of a mile—Madstone, first; Kitty T., second; Belisarius, third. Time, 1:15¼.

Second race, five-eighths mile—Costa Rica, first; Benjamin, second; Silence, third. Time, 1:04¾.

Third race, five-eighths of a mile—Mucilage, first; Van Buren, second; Exclusion, third. Time, 1:03.

Fourth race, eleven-sixteenths of a mile—Isaac Lewis, first; Lotion, second; Sam Wood, third. Time, 1:50½.

Fifth race, four and one-half furlongs—Laughing Water, first; Verbena, second; Stiletto, third. Time, :56.

Sixth race, one and one-half miles, hurdles—Hercules, first; Libero, second; Gray Gown, third. Time, 2:52½.

NASHVILLE MEETING.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., May 1.—R. Williams again rode two winners at the track here yesterday. Bankrupt won the Merchants' & Traders' Produce Exchange Stakes Handicap, and Huron showed himself to be a splendid 2-year-old by winning the Broodmares' Sweepstakes, half a mile, with ease in :50¼ and he had 123 pounds up.

First race, selling, seven furlongs—Sulcross won; Lemoine H., second; Red Sign, third. Time, 1:29¾.

Second race, six furlongs—Linlithgow won; Bonnie Byrd, second; Milt Young, third. Time, 1:15½.

Third race, Merchants' & Traders' Produce Exchange Handicap, mile and seventy yards—Bankrupt won; Carter B., second; Brandolette, third. Time, 1:46.

Fourth race, Broodmare Sweepstakes for 2-year-olds, half a mile—Huron won; Tom Paxton, second; Addie, third. Time, :50¼.

Fifth race, selling, for 2-year-olds, nine sixteenths of a mile—Henry Jenkins won; Maggie Lebus, second; Niantic, third. Time, :57¼.

LEXINGTON RESULTS.

LEXINGTON, Ky., May 1.—In the second race here yesterday Balgowan and Tom Rogers, two prominent Kentucky Derby candidates were beaten by both Dollikins and Glockner, but neither of them is believed to be keyed up as yet for a race. Byron McClelland's speedy filly On-the-Lea had an easy victory in the Nantura stakes for 2-year-olds, worth $2,735 to the winner. This filly won a race over this track last summer as a yearling.

First race, selling, seven-eighths of a mile—Jubilee won, Portlaw, second; Laura Doxey, third. Time, 1:28¼.

Second race, handicap, one and one-eighth miles—Dollikins won, Glockner, second; Tom Rogers, third. Time, 1:56.

Third race, six furlongs—Phantom won, Lady Unde, second; Little Scissors, third. Time, 1:15¾.

Fourth race, Nantura stakes for 2-years old fillies, half a mile—On-the-Lea won, Chaperone, second; Lord Dudley, third. Time, :50½c.

Fifth race, for 2-year old colt, nine-sixteenths of a mile—Uncle Frank won, Settle Up, second; Missal, third. Time, 1:58¼.

RECORD BREAKING AT 'FRISCO.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., May 1.—The races here yesterday resulted as follows:

Three-year-olds, one mile—Ferry won; John Treat, second. Time, 1:41¾.

One and one-sixteenth miles, handicap, 3-year-olds and upwards—Applause won; Initiation, second. Time, 1:47¾.

Handicap for 2-year-olds, five furlongs—Pescador won; Top Gallants, second. Time, 1:04¼.

Handicap, one and three-fourths of a mile, all ages—Won by Hot Spur in 3:00¾, breaking the record by a quarter of a second. The other three horses ran a dead heat for second place in 3:01.

Match race, thirteen-sixteenths of a mile—Rinfax beat Geraldine in 1:20¼, lowering the world's record one and quarter seconds.

THE WHEEL.

Last night's mass meeting of the cyclists of this city, which was called to discuss the holding of an illuminated parade during May was but poorly attended. The report of the Finance Committee was submitted by Chairman Robert and was adopted. It provided for an expenditure of $500, and as but a quarter of that sum had been subscribed it was deemed best to abandon the parade until some time in the fall. The Pike County tour was then taken up and immediately the meeting became enthusiastic. A careful count showed that fully two-thirds of the riders present would attend, thus insuring the success of the tour. Letters were read from Jacksonville, Quincy, Hannibal and other towns, and a written report from the Pike County road superintendent, stating that all the roads, particularly the nine mile stretch from Dover to Louisiana, over which the road race is to be held, were in the very pink of condition. The fifty tickets needed to procure a special car were not disposed of last night, and cyclists who have not secured transportation should purchase tickets at No. 112 North Fourth street. Should the requisite number be reached by to-night a special car will be added. All cyclists are advised to take along a change of underclothing to avoid catching cold, and to securely place their League ticket in their wallet. Wheels must be at the Union Depot by 8 p. m., May 2, so as to allow ample time to properly place them in the baggage car. Among the participants will be: Capt. Tidd, J. H. Borgess, R. and J. Hurck, C. W. Andrews, W. R. Wright, E. P. Collins, H. Harmon, Robt. Hahn, J. W. Bowman, J. C. Stockett, Edw. Grath, G. Y. Bast, W. Daughaday, M. C. Johnson, Willi Brown, P. Kramer, W. P. Loth, Fred Maixner and D. Trowbridge of the Missouri Bicycle Club, Capt. Milford, Lieuts. Wolzendorf and Ratty, E. N. Sanders, W. J. Cox, W. M. Weaver, Cal Rosborough, A. J. Emery, Geo. Wilder, W. P. Laing, A. L. Jordon, A. G. Harding, Eli Silverburg, O. L. Rule, Geo. E. Tivy, W. M. Rosborough, R. H. Laing, Albert Loewen and J. H. Pomarede of the Cycling Club. Capt. Knight has the names of twenty unattached wheelmen who will attend. Bowling Green cyclists have left nothing undone to entertain the tourists in fine style. J. C. Irwin of Louisiana and the Chief Consul of Missouri will act as pacemakers.

YESTERDAY'S GAME.

Louisville presented Boone and Cook as a battery at Sportsman's Park, yesterday afternoon, in the closing game of their present series with the Browns. Boone was batted out of the box in one inning and Doran substituted. He did well until the seventh inning, when St. Louis secured six runs off him. An attempt was made to return Boone to the box, but Comiskey objected and Doran had to finish the game. The final score was 10 to 4 in favor of the Browns. Stivetts and Boyle were in the points for St. Louis, and the former pitched an excellent game. Comiskey retired after the seventh inning, Boyle going to first and Munyan going behind the bat. Fuller had an off day and piled up three errors, but Eagan at second did great work, having three put-outs, six assists and no errors. He also made two hits, while Jack Boyle led the side with three hits. Beard's third base work was the best feature of the visitors' work. Base hits: St. Louis, 12; Louisville, 5. Errors: St. Louis, 4; Louisville, 6.

At Cincinnati: Cincinnati, 15; Columbus, 6. Base hits—Cincinnati, 13; Columbus, 9. Errors—Cincinnati, 3; Columbus, 6. Batteries—Cincinnati, Crane, Spogel and Vaughn; Columbus, Gastright and Dowse.

At Baltimore: Baltimore, 19; Washington, 8. Base hits—Baltimore, 15; Washington, 12. Errors—Baltimore, 4; Washington, 9. Batteries—Baltimore, Madden, McMahon, Townsend and Robinson; Washington, Bakely and McGuire.

At Philadelphia: Boston, 13; Athletics, 7. Base hits—Boston, 19; Athletics, 12. Errors—Boston, 5; Athletics, 5. Batteries—Boston, Daly and Murphy; Athletics, Chamberlain, Callehan and Milligan.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At New York: Brooklyn, 8; New York, 2. Base hits—Brooklyn, 11; New York, 10. Errors—Brooklyn, 3; New York, 3. Batteries—Brooklyn, Lovett and Kinslow; New York, Sharrot, J. Ewing and Clarke.

At Philadelphia: Philadelphia, 13; Boston, 9. Base hits—Philadelphia, 13; Boston, 12. Errors—Philadelphia, 1; Boston, 5. Batteries—Philadelphia, Thornton, Gleason and Clements; Boston, Nichols and Ganzel.

At Pittsburg: Pittsburg, 4; Cleveland, 3. Base hits—Pittsburg, 12; Cleveland, 6. Errors—Pittsburg, 2; Cleveland, 2. Batteries—Pittsburg, King, Staley and Mack; Cleveland, Viau and Zimmer.

At Cincinnati: Chicago, 7; Cincinnati, 4. Base hits—Chicago, 9; Cincinnati, 7. Errors—Chicago, 7; Cincinnati, 5. Batteries—Chicago, Hutchinson and Kittridge; Cincinnati, Mullane and Harrington.

WESTERN ASSOCIATION.

At Kansas City: Kansas City, 12; Milwaukee, 9.
At Omaha: Minneapolis, 6; Omaha, 3.
At Lincoln: Sioux City, 9; Lincoln, 7.
At Denver: Denver, 5; St. Paul 4.

THE CHAMPIONSHIP RACE.

ASSOCIATION.	P.	W.	L.	Pc.	LEAGUE.	P.	W.	L.	Pc.
Baltimore	16	12	4	.750	Boston	8	6	2	.750
Louisville	20	13	7	.650	Cleveland	8	5	3	.625
Boston	17	10	7	.588	Chicago	8	5	3	.625
St. Louis	19	11	8	.579	Philadelphia	8	5	3	.625
Cincinnati	20	8	12	.400	Pittsburg	8	4	4	.500
Athletics	16	6	10	.375	New York	8	3	5	.375
Columbus	19	7	12	.368	Cincinnati	8	2	6	.250
Washington	15	4	11	.267	Brooklyn	8	2	6	.250

THE OAR.

TORONTO, Ontario, May 1.—Oarsman O'Connor, in an interview, said he would rather have his race with Stansbury on Toronto Bay, but Seattle had made a good bid, and there the contest would likely take place. Seattle had offered $5,000 for it. If Toronto would offer $6,000 he would be pleased to row here. He has not the least doubt that the race will take place somewhere.

Hanlon is coming to the front again. He weighs 195 pounds—more than ever before—and is in good condition. Since Stansbury has decided to come to America Hanlon thinks he would regain the championship of the world if he rowed for it in America.

SPORTING NOTES.

Frank C. Ives has challenged George F. Slosson for a match game at 14-inch balk line, 600 points up, for $500 a side.

The annual field day of the S. A. A. A. will be held at Sportsman's Park to-morrow, commencing at 9 a. m.

Jim Pallet and Jim Scanlin will play a game of pool for a purse of $50 at Pallet's new pool and billiard rooms, 1635 Franklin avenue, Saturday, May 2.

$1,000 Reward.

As some of our customers informed us that certain Broadway clothing merchants, who advertise heavily, cannot show a good many things that they advertise, we offer the above reward to anyone who can prove we don't sell as we advertise.

GLOBE, 703 to 713 Franklin avenue.

STEBBINS' SWEETHEART.

She Forgives Him for Robbing Her and Dismisses Prosecution.

Richard Stebbins took advantage of a woman's confiding nature and saved himself from a trip over the road to the penitentiary. This morning when the case of fraud against him was called in the Court of Criminal Correction Prosecuting Attorney Dierkes announced that he would be compelled to dismiss the action for want of prosecution.

There is a story in the case. Richard Stebbins is a coachman and six months ago was employed in a West End livery stable. There he met Lizzie Haun, a domestic in the family at 3628 Olive street, and the two were soon on the most sociable terms. Then Richard disappeared. He took with him, however, a gold watch of the value of $35 which Lizzie had given him to take to the jeweler's for repairs. Soon after the girl received a letter post marked at Chicago in which the faithless Richard announced that he had gone never to return.

A week ago Detectives Fitzgerald and Frese located Stebbins in the stables of the St. Louis Transfer Co., where he was employed in the capacity of a driver. On his person was a pawn ticket for the missing watch which was recovered. A warrant charging the prisoner with fraud was then sworn out. It now appears that Stebbins has operated on the girl's feelings to such an extent that she refused to appear against him, informing Prosecuting Attorney Dierkes that she and Stebbins had settled all their old time differences and were again on good terms. The girl will be compelled, however, to pay the costs of the court before she can again recover possession of her watch.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething softens the gums and allays all pain. 25c.

Deaths.

The following burial certificates were issued by the Health Department for the twenty-four hours ending at 3 p. m. to-day:

Anna Roderick, 60 years, 1916 Coleman street; influenza.
George Pohl, 27 years, 213 Marion street; nephritis.
John Maloney, 22 years, City Hospital; consumption.
Alexander Novak, 34 years, Poor-house; gangrene of lung.
Martin O'Neil, 70 years, 1935 Division street; bronchitis.
Juliet Brownell, 31 years, Pius Hospital; septicemia.
William Linehan, 39 years, Poor-house, pneumonia.
Christian Meitweide, 74 years, 6424 North Broadway; heart failure.
Albert D. Amelung, 1 year, 1826 North Eighteenth street; cerebral meningitis.
Frieda H. Hannemann, 25 years, 2300 Menard street; bronchitis.
William F. Campbell, 32 years, 2421 South Twelfth street; tuberculosis.
Samuel Mullner, 2 years, 808 Wash street; bronchitis.
Elizabeth Townsend, 63 years, 2816 North Nineteenth street; exhaustion.
James M. Kershaw, 70 years, 1016 North Leonard avenue; cerebral congestion.
Anna Wells, 35 years, 504 South Third street; metro-peritonitis.
Eva Baxter, 1 year, 311 Lafayette street; bronchitis.
Margret Joannas, 3 years, 1321 Sarsfield place; inflammation of bowels.
Hermann Zohn, 49 years, 824 Buchanan street; bronchitis.
Adelina Miller, 8 months, 917 Russell avenue; la grippe.
Helen M. Ahrens, 52 years, 4112 Gratiot street; abscess of lungs.
Noah Schnall, 22 years, 403 South Nineteenth street; consumption.
Marie G. Tyler, 7 months, 523 South Ewing avenue; capillary bronchitis.
James Harris, 21 years, rear 2122 Morgan street; consumption.
John Luepp, 27 years; found in Mississippi River.
William Reeg, 46 years, 2827 Lyon street; softening of brain.
William Blandin Ware, 10 years, 2032 O'Fallon street; pneumonia.
Tony Cantagaro, 3 years, rear 817 North Eighth street; measles.
Augustina Rubino, 1 year, rear 928 North Seventh street; pneumonia.
Fred Schmidt, 6 years, 1256 South Broadway; diphtheria.
Gatano Rosso, 7 months, rear 1104 North Tenth street; gastro enteritis.
Savatore Rosso, 2 years, rear 1104 North Tenth street; diphtheria.
Meta Angermuller, 2 years, 1316 Geyer avenue; diphtheria.
Infant of J. A. and Ella Thompson, 3 days, 3328 Washington avenue; congenital debility.
Francisca Bynatten, 2004 Withnell avenue; paralysis of heart.
Genevieve Baker, 10 months, 3035 Lambdin avenue; capillary bronchitis.

THE Ericsson Apartment House, 2608 Locust street, is an ideal home for bachelors.

A SAVIOUR OF HER SEX.

When pain becomes a constant companion; when there is no repose for the sufferer, by day or night; when life itself seems to be a calamity; and when all this is reversed by a woman, whose only ambition is to do good to others, has she not won the above title?

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S Vegetable Compound

cures all those peculiar weaknesses and ailments of women, all organic diseases of the Uterus or Womb, and Ovarian Troubles, Bearing-down Sensations, Weak Back, Debility, Nervous Prostration, etc. Every Druggist sells it as a standard article, or sent by mail, in form of Pills or Lozenges, on receipt of $1.00.

Send two 2-cent stamps for Mrs. Pinkham's beautiful 88-page illustrated book, entitled "GUIDE TO HEALTH AND ETIQUETTE." It contains a volume of valuable information. It has saved lives, and may save yours.

Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co., Lynn, Mass.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETINGS.

AMERICAN EXCHANGE BANK, St. Louis, April 17, 1891—Annual meeting stockholders—The annual meeting of the stockholders of this bank will be held at its banking-house, n. e. cor. 3d and Pine sts., in the city of St. Louis, Mo., on Monday, May 4, 1891, for the election of thirteen directors to serve for the ensuing year. The polls will be opened from 9 o'clock a. m. to 12 m.

PETER NICHOLSON, President.
WALKER HILL, Cashier.

NOTICE—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Goodfellow Park Land & Improvement Co. for the election of directors and for the transaction of other business, will be held at the office of the company, 821 Pine st., St. Louis, Mo., on Tuesday, May 5, 1891, at 9 o'clock a. m.

BESTOR G. BROWN, Secretary.

NOTICE—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the St. Louis, Council Bluffs & Omaha Railroad Co. for the election of directors and the transaction of other business, will be held at the office of the Wabash Railroad Co., in St. Louis, Mo., on Wednesday, the 6th day of May, 1891, at 9 o'clock a. m.

JAMES F. HOW, Secretary.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.—A meeting of the stockholders of the Fidelity Building & Loan Association, No. 1, will be held at the offices of the association, room 8, 509 Olive st., Wednesday, May 6, 1891, to consider the following propositions: To increase the capital stock of the association from $300,000, its present authorized capital, to $600,000; to repeal the by-laws now in force and adopt new by-laws in lieu thereof; to change the name of the association from "Fidelity Building & Loan Association, No. 1," to "Western Union Building & Loan Association, No. 6;" and for the transaction of such other business as may properly be brought before the meeting. The meeting will convene at 9 o'clock a. m. By order of the President.

N. OSCAR GRAY, President.
JAMES L. HOPKINS, Secretary.
St. Louis, April 24, 1891.

SPECIAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS.—A special meeting of the stockholders of the St. Louis & San Francisco Railway Co. is hereby called to be held at the general office of the company, Roe building, corner Broadway and Pine street, in the city of St. Louis, Mo., at 9 o'clock a. m., on Thursday, May 7, 1891, for the purpose of considering and acting upon a proposed increase of the bonded indebtedness of the company by the issue of not exceeding fifty million dollars ($50,000,000) of consolidated mortgage 4 per cent bonds, to retire the present outstanding bonded indebtedness of the company, for the funding of its floating debt, and to provide money for the further completion, equipment and repair of its railroad, and for such other purposes as may be lawful.

By order of the Board of Directors.
A. MANVEL, President.
H. W. GARDINER, Secretary.
St. Louis, March 5, 1891.

ELECTION NOTICES.

AN ELECTION for seven members of the Board of Managers of the Public Library will be held at the Library, Tuesday, May 5, 1891, from 10 a. m. to 8 p. m.

J. C. LEARNED, Pres.
F. M. CRUNDEN, Sec.

NORTH St. Louis Social Turner Hall Building Association.—The annual meeting of the stockholders is hereby called for Wednesday, May 6, 1891, 8 p. m. at the association office, corner 13th and Monroe streets, for the election of six directors, and such other business as may properly be put before them.

CHAS. G. STIFEL, President.
DOM DELABAR, Secretary.
St. Louis, May 1, 1891.

STRICTURES

With all their bad consequences, such as strangury, nervous excitement, nervous debility, unnatural discharges, weakness and final loss of manhood, quickly cured by simple, safe and easy methods.

For a full description of our treatment address DR. GEO. C. PITZER, 1110 Chambers st., St. Louis, Mo.

DOCUTA SANDALWOOD CAPSULES are the best and only capsules prescribed by regular physicians as a safe and sure cure in seven days, whether inherited or acquired. $1.50 per box. All druggists

TO WEAK MEN Suffering from the effects of youthful errors early decay, wasting weakness, lost manhood, etc., I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home cure, FREE of charge. A splendid medical work; should be read by every man who is nervous and debilitated. Address, Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn.

MRS. WILSON

782 S. Division St., Buffalo, N.Y., writes: "I am willing to go before thousands and praise Nerve Beans. They cured me of female weakness after doctoring 15 years. I am strong as ever." $1 box. Sold at Frost & Ruf's, 7th and Olive; Fernow's, Broadway, cor. Market; Wolff-Wilson Drug Co., 6th, cor. Washington Ave.

A Prosecuting Witness Dying.

When the case of Michael McDonald was called this morning in the Court of Criminal Correction Prosecuting Attorney Dierkes asked for a continuance until May 28, announcing that the prosecuting witness in the action, John Kennedy, was in a dying condition at his home in the rear of 1006 North Sixth street.

The charge against McDonald is one of assault with intent to kill. On the night of April 13 he became involved in a drunken dispute in front of 1403 North Sixth street and stabbed Kennedy in the abdomen, inflicting an ugly wound. He was at that time arrested by Officer Flynn of the Third District, and the following day furnished bond for his appearance and was released.

Kennedy has been sinking slowly since the night of the assault, and when called upon by Officer Flynn last evening was in an unconscious condition.

DO YOU

Use S. S. S., when you need a tonic. If you do not, you should. It is the safest and best Blood medicine made. It is purely vegetable, containing no poison of any kind, and can be taken safely by the most delicate child. Yet it cures all blood troubles, from an ordinary face pimple to the worst form of contagious Blood Taint.

For Old People.

My mother who is a very old lady, was physically broken down. The use of Swift's Specific (S. S. S.) has entirely restored her health.

R. B. DILWORTH,
Greenville, S. C.

BOOKS ON BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES FREE.
The Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Trains Running Into Union Depot—St. Louis Time.
*Except Sundays; †Daily; ‖Except Saturday; ‡Except Monday; ¶Monday.

BURLINGTON ROUTE.

Burlington Route.

Through trains to Kansas City, St. Joseph, Denver, St. Paul and Minneapolis. Pullman Sleepers on all trains and Free Chair Cars on all Westbound trains.

BURLINGTON ROUTE—C., B. & Q. R. R.	Depart.	Arrive.
Rock Island, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Peoria, La Crosse and Dubuque Express	† 8:35 am	† 5:50 pm
Rock Island, Bushnell, Galesburg and Peoria Express	‖ 8:20 pm	‡ 6:50 am

The 8:20 p. m. train is daily except Saturday, and the 6:50 arrives daily except Monday.

BURLINGTON ROUTE—ST. L., K. & N. W. R. R.		
Minneapolis, St. Paul, Spirit Lake, Cedar Rapids Express	* 9:20 am	* 5:40 pm
Kansas City, St. Joseph, Denver Lincoln, Omaha and Deadwood Express	† 8:25 am	† 7:15 pm
Denver, Lincoln, Omaha, St. Joe, Kansas City and California Express	† 8:15 pm	† 7:20 am
Hannibal, Quincy, Keokuk Ft. Madison and Burlington Ex.	† 8:45 pm	† 6:50 am

CAIRO SHORT LINE, ST. L., A. & T. H. R. R. CO.		
New Orleans Fast Mail and Texas Express	†8:30 am	†6:50 pm
St. Louis and New Orleans Limited and Florida Fast Line	†8:30 pm	†6:50 pm
Memphis & Cairo Fast Line	†8:30 pm	†7:20 am
Cairo & Paducah Express	†8:30 am	*1:45 pm
Sparta, Chester, Murphysboro & Carbondale Accom'dation	*4:25 pm	*1:45 pm
Grand Tower & Cape Girardeau Express	*8:30 am	*1:45 pm

ST. LOUIS & HANNIBAL RAILROAD.		
Mail and Express	* 8:30 am	* 11:55 am
Mail and Express	* 5:00 pm	* 6:30 pm

JACKSONVILLE SOUTHEASTERN LINE.		
Chicago and Peoria Mail	* 7:45 am	* 8:00 pm
Jacksonville Accommodation	* 5:25 pm	*10:35 am
Chicago and Peoria Express	† 7:45 pm	† 7:35 am
Springfield Mail	7:45 am	8:00 pm

CLEVELAND, CINCINNATI, CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS RAILWAY—"BIG FOUR ROUTE." Only line landing passengers in Grand Central Depot, New York, via Lake Shore Railway. No change of cars.

Day Express	† 7:15 am	† 5:45 pm
Southwestern Limited	† 8:05 am	† 6:30 pm
Alton Express, Daily	10:40 am	7:55 am
Mattoon Accommodation	* 4:20 pm	*10:30 am
Southwestern Express	7:15 pm	7:50 am
Alton Express, Daily	5:55 pm	1:30 pm

Ticket office, corner 5th and Chestnut sts.

CHICAGO, ALTON & ST. LOUIS RAILROAD.		
Kansas City Mail	† 8:45 am	† 6:40 pm
Chicago Express Mail	* 8:15 am	* 7:35 pm
Alton Express	*10:00 am	* 8:00 am
Through Chicago Express	† 4:40 pm	†10:40 am
Jacksonville Accommodation	* 5:50 pm	*10:40 am
Chicago Lightning Express	† 8:15 pm	† 7:30 am
Kansas City Vestibuled Limited	† 8:40 pm	† 7:00 am
Godfrey & Alton Accom		* 1:30 pm

OHIO & MISSISSIPPI RAILWAY. 10 hours to Cin. & Lou. 4 solid trains. Sleepers to Cin., Lou., Wash., Balt., Phil. and New York.

Cincinnati & Louisville Accom.	* 6:40 am	† 7:15 pm
Cin'ti, Louisville, Wash., Balt., Phila. and New York	† 8:00 am	† 6:25 pm
Cincinnati Express	† 7:00 pm	† 6:40 am
Cincinnati, Louisville, Wash., Balt., Phila. and New York	† 8:00 pm	† 7:45 am
Salem Accommodation	* 5:15 pm	* 8:25 am

ST. LOUIS, ALTON & SPRINGFIELD R. R. (Bluff Line, via Big 4).

Grafton and Elsah Express	*10:40 am	* 5:45 pm
Jerseyville, Springfield & Grafton Express	* 4:20 pm	* 1:20 pm

MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY.		
Fast Mail	† 3:00 am	
Creve Cœur Lake Passenger	* 6:00 am	* 8:10 am
Oak Hill Passenger	* 6:20 am	* 6:35 am
Kirkwood Passenger	* 6:45 am	* 6:30 am
Kirkwood Pass. (Sunday only)	7:30 am	
Local Express	† 7:55 am	† 6:25 pm
Kirkwood Passenger	* 8:00 am	* 7:25 am
Oak Hill Passenger	* 8:05 am	* 7:45 am
Kansas City, Omaha, Lincoln, Southern Kansas & Gal. Exp.	† 9:00 am	† 6:45 pm
Creve Cœur Passenger	* 9:30 am	†12:40 pm
Kirkwood Passenger	* 9:50 am	* 8:40 am
Oak Hill Passenger	†10:00 am	†10:30 am
Kirkwood Passenger	*11:50 am	* 9:50 am
Oak Hill Passenger	*11:55 am	*11:55 am
Kirkwood Pass. (Sunday only)	1:00 pm	2:50 pm
Oak Hill Pass. (Sunday only)	1:15 pm	
Oak Hill Passenger	† 3:00 pm	† 1:00 pm
Kirkwood Passenger	* 3:15 pm	*12:35 pm
Kirkwood Passenger	* 4:20 pm	* 1:50 pm
Creve Cœur Passenger	* 4:25 pm	† 7:00 am
Oak Hill Passenger	* 4:45 pm	* 5:35 pm
Washington Passenger	* 5:25 pm	* 8:00 pm
Kirkwood Passenger	* 5:50 pm	* 5:10 pm
Oak Hill Passenger	* 6:15 pm	* 6:55 pm
Kirkwood Passenger	* 6:30 pm	* 5:55 pm
Kansas City, St. Joseph, Omaha and Wichita Fast Line	† 8:20 pm	† 6:55 pm
Kirkwood Passenger	* 8:45 pm	† 7:40 am
Kansas City, St. Joseph, Colorado & Texas Express	† 9:15 pm	† 7:30 am
Kirkwood Passenger (Sunday only)	9:45 pm	
Kirkwood Passenger	*11:30 pm	10:50 pm
Oak Hill Passenger	†11:35 pm	† 7:45 am

ST. LOUIS, IRON MOUNTAIN & SOUTHERN.		
Columbus Accommodation	† 7:55 am	† 6:45 pm
Little Rock, Hot Springs, Dallas and Fort Worth Express	† 9:25 am	† 5:45 pm
Memphis & Hot Springs Express, daily	8:20 pm	7:30 am
Texas Special to Dallas, Fort Worth, Gal., San Antonio, Laredo and City of Mexico Fast Line	† 8:10 pm	† 7:30 am
Little Rock, Hot Springs, Dallas, Fort Worth		
El Paso and California Express	† 9:20 pm	† 6:20 am

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD (Chicago Line.)		
Chicago Fast Line	† 8:10 am	
Chicago Local Express	* 8:40 am	* 7:00 pm
Chicago Night Express	† 8:00 pm	* 7:00 am

MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS RAILWAY.		
Dallas, Ft. Worth, Houston, Galveston Express	† 9:00 am	† 6:25 pm
Dallas, Ft. Worth, Austin and San Antonio Express	† 9:15 pm	† 6:40 am

ST. LOUIS, KANSAS CITY & COLORADO R. R.		
Creve Cœur Accommodation	† 6:00 a m	† 8:20 a m
Creve Cœur Accommodation	† 8:50 a m	
Creve Cœur Accommodation		† 7:10 p m
Union Express	† 4:50 p m	†11:00 a m
From Grand Avenue—Union Accommodation	* 5:15 a m	* 6:00 p m

TOLEDO, ST. LOUIS & KANSAS CITY R. R.		
Fast Mail	*7:35 a m	7:32 p m
Charleston Express	*4:55 p m	10:30 a m

VANDALIA LINE		
Trains No. 20 and No. 21, daily	8:10 am	7:40 pm
Day Express, daily	8:40 am	7:00 pm
Indianapolis Accom., exc. Sun.	11:25 am	5:00 pm
N. Y., Balt. & Wash. Exp., daily	8:00 pm	7:00 am
Chicago Fast Line (Daily)	8:10 am	
Chicago Local, exc. Sunday	8:40 am	7:00 pm
Chicago Night Express, daily	8:00 pm	7:00 am
Cincin. Day Express, daily	8:10 am	7:00 pm
Cincinnati Night Express, daily	7:30 pm	7:00 am
Effingham Acom., daily	5:30 pm	7:55 am

WABASH RAILROAD.		
LINES EAST OF THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER.		
Chicago & Peoria Express	* 7:05 am	* 7:25 pm
Chicago & Peoria Fast Express	† 7:55 am	* 6:15 pm
New York Fast Express	† 7:55 am	† 6:15 pm
Decatur & Jacksonville Accom	* 4:45 pm	*10:35 am
New York & Boston Fast Exp.	† 6:55 pm	† 7:45 am
Chicago Night Express	† 8:10 pm	† 7:25 am
LINES WEST OF THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER.		
Through Mail and Express	† 8:30 am	† 6:15 pm
Kansas City, St. Joe & Ottumwa Fast Line	* 9:00 am	* 6:30 pm
Montgomery Accommodation	* 5:00 pm	*11:55 am
Omaha, Des Moines & St. Paul Express	† 8:25 pm	* 7:30 am
Kansas City, St. Joseph, Denver & Salt Lake Short Line	† 8:35 pm	† 7:00 am
Ferguson Accommodation	* 7:30 am	* 7:15 am
Ferguson Accommodation	* 1:00 pm	* 8:25 am
Ferguson Accommodation	* 4:00 pm	* 3:50 pm
Ferguson Accommodation	* 6:30 pm	* 5:35 pm
Ferguson theater train (Thursday only)	11:15 pm	7:50 pm
Ferguson Acc. (Sunday only)	1:00 pm	10:20 am
Ferguson Acc. (Sunday only)	4:00 pm	3:00 pm
FROM VINE STREET STATION.		
Ferguson Accommodation	* 6:50 am	* 6:45 am
Bridgeton Accommodation	* 8:50 am	* 8:45 am
Ferguson Accommodation	*10:45 am	*10:40 am
Bridgeton Accommodation	* 4:15 pm	* 1:40 pm
St. Charles Accommodation	* 5:40 pm	* 8:00 am
Ferguson Accommodation	* 6:20 pm	* 6:10 am
Ferguson theater train (Wednesdays and Fridays only)	11:15 pm	7:50 pm
Ferguson Acc. (Sunday only)	8:55 am	8:45 am
Ferguson Acc. (Sunday only)	1:30 pm	10:25 am
Ferguson Acc. (Sunday only)	2:45 pm	2:30 pm
Ferguson Acc. (Sunday only)	5:45 pm	5:35 pm

ST. LOUIS, ARKANSAS & TEXAS RAILWAY.		
Arkansas & Texas Express	†8:20 p m	7:40 a m
Jonesboro Accommodation	*7:55 a m	6:45 p m

LOUISVILLE, EVANSVILLE & ST. LOUIS "AIR LINE."	Depart.	Arrive.
Louisville Day Express	†8:20 a m	†6:45 p m
Louisville Night Fast Line	†8:25 p m	†7:40 a m
ILLINOIS & ST. LOUIS DIVISION.		
Belleville Accommodation (b)	* 8:25 a m	* 7:55 a m
Belleville Accommodation	*11:00 a m	*10:30 a m
Belleville Accommodation	* 2:50 p m	* 2:00 p m
Belleville Accommodation (b)	* 5:35 p m	* 5:10 p m

On Sundays trains marked (b) will run thirty minutes later.

MOBILE & OHIO RAILROAD.		
New Orleans Express	† 8:35 pm	† 7:00 am
Mobile & Florida Express	† 8:35 pm	† 7:00 am
Cairo & Jackson Express	† 7:40 am	† 7:00 pm
Murphysboro & Chester Acc'm	* 4:30 pm	*11:15 am

ST. LOUIS & SAN FRANCISCO RAILWAY.		
Windsor Spring Accom'odat'n.	* 7:00 am	* 6:45 am
Windsor Spring Accom'odat'n.	* 8:15 am	* 8:50 am
Texas & Col. Mail	† 8:25 am	† 6:30 pm
Windsor Spring Accom'odat'n.	†10:45 am	†10:30 am
Windsor Spring Accom'odat'n.	* 1:30 pm	* 1:40 pm
Windsor Spring Accom'odat'n.	* 4:05 pm	* 4:05 pm
Pacific Accommodation	* 5:25 pm	* 7:50 am
Windsor Spring Accom'odat'n.	* 6:30 pm	* 6:00 pm
Col. & Cal. Express	† 8:25 pm	† 6:30 am

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD.		
Mt. Vernon Accommodation		* 9:10 a m
Southern Fast Mail	† 7:50 a m	† 7:45 p m
Mt. Vernon Accommodation	* 5:00 p m	
Belleville Accommodation	*10:45 a m	* 1:50 p m
Southern Fast Line	† 7:55 p m	† 7:45 a m